Abstrak

Human rights as convened through international law and the United Nations should be universal. However, in implementation, in the interest of the state, state sovereignty, religion and culture, the universality of human rights has been restricted by the state or certain parties. Subsequently, the implementation of human rights has become relative in Indonesia. Lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender/transsexual (LGBT) issues have been protested at the local and national levels. It remains that the state has the responsibility to recognise, protect and fulfil the human rights of LGBT Indonesians. This paper will explore how LGBT human rights are implemented in Indonesian policy.