

Respon dan coping ibu bersalin yang mengalami persalinan lama di
Badan Rumah Sakit Daerah Cibinong : study grounded theory = Respon
and coping mechanism mother of prolong labour at Badan Rumah Sakit
Daerah Cibinong : Study Grounded Theory / Maria Magdalena Saragi R

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Abstrak

ABSTRAK

Respon dan coping ibu bersalin yang mengalami persalinan lama pada setiap individu adalah berbeda. Tujuan mengembangkan kerangka konsep respon dan coping ibu bersalin yang mengalami persalinan lama, penelitian kualitatif, pendekatan grounded theory. Sembilan partisipan didapatkan dengan cara theoretical sampling. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan respon psikologis : syok, panik, cemas, tenang, yakin bisa melahirkan normal. Respon fisiologis : tanda-tanda vital tidak stabil, kelelahan, gangguan pola tidur, nyeri persalinan. Melakukan coping adaptif dan coping maladaptif. Faktor yang mempengaruhi : persepsi tentang persalinan lama dan dukungan sosial. Fungsi perawat maternitas meningkatkan keselamatan, kesehatan, kesejahteraan fisik dan psikososial ibu, sehingga persalinan lancar, ibu dan bayi selamat.

ABSTRACT

Respon and coping mechanism of prolong labour is different in each individual. The aim of the research is to develop conceptual framework about respon and coping of prolong labour, research qualitative, using methodology grounded theory. Nine participant were selected by theoretical sampling. The result of this study

psychological respon is shock, panic, ansietas, calm and peace of sure can normally. Physiological respon is unstable vital sign, fatigue sleep pattern trouble and pain. Mechanism of coping adaptive, maladaptive. Factors influencing is perception and social support. Function nurse of maternity improve safety, health, prosperity of and physical of psikososial mother, so birthing succes, safe baby and mother.