

Pemberontakan perempuan dalam novel (analisis wacana novel trilogi Rara Mendut, Genduk Duku, dan Lusi Lindri karya YB. Mangunwijaya) = Women rebellion in novel (discourse analysis of a novel trilogy Rara Mendut, Genduk Duku, and Lusi Lindri by YB.Mangunwijaya)

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Abstrak

Novel merupakan bagian dari karya sastra yang bisa menjadi sarana komunikasi dalam menyampaikan ideologi. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui konstruksi pemberontakan perempuan dalam novel trilogi Rara Mendut, Genduk Duku, dan Lusi Lindri karya YB. Mangunwijaya. Metode penelitian yang digunakan adalah analisis wacana kritis model Norman Fairclough dengan menganalisis tiga level, yaitu level mikro (analisis teks), level discourse, dan level sociocultural. Kerangka pemikiran yang digunakan dalam menganalisis makna teks feminisme adalah cultural studies dan feminisme eksistensialis dari Simone de Beauvoir.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan novel masih mengukuhkan ideologi patriarki. Untuk menjadi setara dengan laki-laki, perempuan harus melakukan peran ganda, yaitu pada wilayah domestik dan wilayah publik. Kisah dalam novel ini memiliki keterkaitan dengan posisi dan peran perempuan di era 1980-an dimana perempuan memiliki peran ganda yang dicantumkan dalam Panca Tugas Wanita (PTW). Peran ganda perempuan masih berlangsung hingga era 2000-an.

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The results showed the novelist was established patriarchal ideology. To be equal with men, women must perform the dual role of the domestic sphere and public sphere. The story in this novel are relevant to the position and role of women in the era of the 1980s, where women have multiple roles that are listed in Panca Tugas Wanita (PTW). Dual role of women has continued until the era of the 2000s.

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