

Current trend of maternal health in Indonesia

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Abstrak

Latar belakang: Pencapaian Millenium Development Goals (MDGs) akan mendapat penilaian dalam tiga tahun mendatang (2015). Beberapa parameter dari bidang kesehatan ibu dievaluasi secara berkesinambungan. Tujuan makalah ini adalah untuk melaporkan pencapaian kesehatan ibu yang diperoleh Indonesia berdasarkan data Riset Kesehatan Dasar (Riskesdas) 2010.

Metode: Penggunaan data tersier dari Riskesdas terbaru (tahun 2010).

Hasil: Hasil yang didapatkan berupa data perkawinan, reproduksi, abortus, akses ibu hamil ke pelayanan kesehatan, tempat persalinan, penolong persalinan, dan masa nifas.

Kesimpulan: Informasi terbaru menyatakan adanya peningkatan pencapaian di bidang kesehatan ibu, namun tetap diperlukan upaya keras dalam mempertahankan dan meningkatkan pencapaian tersebut. Evaluasi berkesinambungan diperlukan untuk meningkatkan pencapaian ini.

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Abstract

Background: Achievement of Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) will be assessed in the next three years (2015). Several parameters in the area of maternal health are evaluated continuously. The aim of this paper is to formally summarize and report the state of maternal health in Indonesia based on the data from Basic Health Survey (Riskesdas) 2010.

Methods: This paper utilizes tertiary data obtained from the latest Riskesdas (2010).

Results: Data that is available in the report covers data about marriage, reproduction health, abortion, access to health care for pregnancies, place of labor, health care provider, as well as rate of the first postpartum period visit.

Conclusion: The latest data shows improvement in the maternal health area, nevertheless large effort in maintaining and improving the condition is still needed. Continuous evaluation is also proven to be essential in achieving the goals.