

Analisis faktor determinan yang mempengaruhi disparitas pendapatan antar provinsi di kawasan timur Indonesia = Analysis of determining factors that influence income inequality between provinces in eastern Indonesia

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Abstrak

Perkembangan perekonomian di Indonesia menunjukkan adanya ketimpangan pembangunan antar daerah, seperti antara wilayah KBI dengan KTI maupun di dalam wilayah KTI sendiri. Peranan investasi pada pertumbuhan ekonomi sangat besar. Investasi (akumulasi modal) sering kali terkonsentrasi pada daerah yang lebih maju, karena dipengaruhi oleh beberapa faktor yang mendasari keputusan pemilik modal.

Penelitian ini bertujuan melihat ketimpangan pendapatan di wilayah KTI dan pengaruh investasi dan faktor-faktor lainnya terhadap ketimpangan antar daerah di wilayah KTI selama periode tahun 2005-2012.

Penelitian ini menggunakan analisis indeks entropi Theil untuk melihat ketimpangan di wilayah KTI dan analisis regresi data panel terhadap 12 provinsi di KTI untuk melihat pengaruh dari investasi dan faktor-faktor lainnya terhadap ketimpangan di wilayah KTI.

Hasil temuan dari penelitian ini menemukan bahwa ketimpangan di wilayah KTI selama periode tahun 2005-2012 lebih besar diakibatkan oleh ketimpangan di dalam provinsi yaitu 48,43% dibandingkan ketimpangan antara provinsi sebesar 24,31%. Dari hasil regresi menunjukkan bahwa pendapatan asli daerah dan dana alokasi khusus berpengaruh signifikan negatif, sedangkan ekspor, tenaga kerja terdidik dan jumlah penduduk berpengaruh signifikan positif terhadap disparitas di wilayah KTI.

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Economic developments in Indonesia indicates an imbalance of economic development between regions, such as between a western region and an eastern region, and also within an eastern region. Investment have a significant impact on economic growth. Investments (capital accumulation) are often concentrated in developed regions, because it is influenced by several factors that underlie decisions of Investors.

This study has examined an income inequality in an Eastern Indonesia and an impact of investment and other factors to inequality between region in Eastern Indonesia during the period 2005-2012. This study has used a Theil entropy index to evaluate inequality in Eastern Indonesia and panel data regression analysis of a 12 provinces in Eastern Indonesia in order to find impact of investments and other factors on a regional inequality in Eastern Indonesia.

The findings of this study indicates that an inequality in Eastern Indonesia during the period 2005-2012 that an inequality within provinces is about 48.43% and is larger than an inequality between provinces that is about 36.51%. A regression analysis indicates that a local government income and a special allocation fund have a significant negative effect, while exports, educated workforces and a number of population have a significant positive effect on an inequality in Eastern Indonesia.