

Hak waris anak angkat berdasarkan hukum perdata barat dan hukum islam (tinjauan yuridis putusan Mahkamah Agung Nomor 555K/PDT/2006) = Hereditary right of adopted child based on civil law and islamic law juridical review of supreme court ruling 555K/PDT/2006

Milanda Afratya, author

Deskripsi Lengkap: <https://lib.ui.ac.id/detail?id=20386772&lokasi=lokal>

Abstrak

[ABSTRAK

Dalam kehidupan masyarakat, banyak pasangan suami istri yang tidak dikaruniai seorang anak dalam perkawinan mereka. Oleh karena itu, mereka melakukan pengangkatan anak. Namun hingga saat ini, lembaga pengangkatan anak masih belum memiliki unifikasi peraturan, terutama dalam bidang hukum waris sebagai akibat hukumnya. Penelitian ini membahas mengenai hak mewaris dari anak angkat, baik dari segi hukum perdata barat maupun hukum Islam, dengan menggunakan metode studi pustaka. Hasil penelitian terhadap Putusan Mahkamah Agung Nomor 555K/Pdt/2006 menyimpulkan bahwa pengangkatan anak di Indonesia masih menimbulkan masalah, khususnya mengenai status hukum anak angkat serta dampaknya terhadap hak waris anak tersebut.

<hr>

ABSTRACT

In our society, many marriages are not given any child on their own. Therefore, they decide to do the adoption. Up until now, adoption as a legal institution still does not have the unification of regulations, especially in the field of inheritance law as a result of law in adoption. This research discusses about hereditary right of adopted child, based on civil law and Islamic law, using the method of literature study. The research of Supreme Court Ruling 555K/Pdt/2006 resulted in conclusion that adoption in Indonesia is still causing problems, particularly regarding the legal status of adopted child as well as the impact on the child's inheritance.;In our society, many marriages are not given any child on their own. Therefore, they decide to do the adoption. Up until now, adoption as a legal institution still does not have the unification of regulations, especially in the field of inheritance law as a result of law in adoption. This research discusses about hereditary right of adopted child, based on civil law and Islamic law, using the method of literature study. The research of Supreme Court Ruling 555K/Pdt/2006 resulted in conclusion that adoption in Indonesia is still causing problems, particularly regarding the legal status of adopted child as well as the impact on the child's inheritance., In our society, many marriages are not given any child on their own. Therefore, they decide to do the adoption. Up until now, adoption as a legal institution still

does not have the unification of regulations, especially in the field of inheritance law as a result of law in adoption. This research discusses about hereditary right of adopted child, based on civil law and Islamic law, using the method of literature study. The research of Supreme Court Ruling 555K/Pdt/2006 resulted in conclusion that adoption in Indonesia is still causing problems, particularly regarding the legal status of adopted child as well as the impact on the child's inheritance.]