

Optimalisasi manajemen sekuriti fisik di Museum Nasional Indonesia Jakarta = Jakarta Indonesia National Museum physical security management optimization

Rama Pattara, author

Deskripsi Lengkap: <https://lib.ui.ac.id/detail?id=20390296&lokasi=lokal>

Abstrak

[ABSTRAK

Tesis ini membahas penyelenggaraan manajemen sekuriti fisik Museum Nasional Indonesia Jakarta sebagai upaya dalam melindungi aset negara sehingga dapat terhindar dari ancaman yang mengakibatkan kerugian. Saat ini Museum Nasional merupakan salah satu Museum yang memiliki benda koleksi peninggalan sejarah terlengkap di Indonesia. Hal ini mengakibatkan kerawanan terjadinya kerugian maupun kejahatan pencurian benda koleksi seperti yang pernah terjadi sebanyak 5 (lima) kali di Museum Nasional ini. Menyikapi permasalahan tersebut peneliti ingin mengetahui bagaimana pelaksanaan sistem manajemen keamanan sekaligus untuk mengetahui kelemahan pengelolaan Manajemen Sekuriti Museum Nasional.

Penelitian tesis ini dilatarbelakangi oleh hasil observasi peneliti terhadap penyelenggaraan sekuriti Museum Nasional Indonesia yang belum sesuai dengan beberapa literatur manajemen sekuriti fisik. Batasan tesis ini fokus pada proses manajemen sekuriti, proses sekuriti fisik dan proses upaya taktis pengamanan. Penelitian tesis ini menggunakan metoda kualitatif dengan pendekatan yuridis manajerial, serta penulisan deskriptis analitis melalui penggambaran dan penganalisaan. Teknik pengumpulan data melalui observasi, wawancara dan penelaahan beberapa dokumen. Sumber data berasal dari informan berupa data primer maupun sekunder. Tinjauan pustaka yang digunakan merupakan beberapa konsep dan dokumen yang menunjang penelitian.

Hasil penelitian menyimpulkan masih ada kekurangan dalam pengelolaan keamanan fisik, kendala dalam pengelolaan serta tidak dilaksanakannya cara manajemen yang benar, maupun kurangnya peran Polri dalam mendukung pengoptimalan Manajemen sekuriti Museum Nasional. Oleh karena itu peneliti menyarankan Pertama, pelaksanaan seminar secara berkala dan terpusat di KIK UI bagi Satpam untuk mengingatkan kembali proses manajemen Sekuriti. Kedua, perbaikan dan penambahan alat pengaman bagi personel dan fisik Museum Nasional. Ketiga, pelatihan auditor Sistem Pengamanan bagi alumni Mahasiswa KIK UI agar saat berdinias di Polda dapat memprakarsai pembentukan Tim Audit bagi Objek Vital di Indonesia.

<hr>

ABSTRACT

This thesis discusses the implementation of physical security management of

the National Museum of Indonesia, Jakarta as an effort to protect state assets so as to avoid the threat that resulted in losses. Currently the National Museum is one museum that has a collection of historical heritage objects complete in Indonesia. This resulted in the loss insecurity and crime such as theft of a collection of objects that have occurred as many as five (5) times in the National Museum. In response to these problems the researchers wanted to know how the implementation of safety management systems as well as to identify the weaknesses in the management of the National Museum of Security Management.

This thesis research is motivated by the observation of the conduct of security researcher National Museum of Indonesia that is not in accordance with some physical security management literature. Limitations of this thesis focuses on the process of security management, physical security processes and process tactical security efforts. This thesis research using qualitative methods, juridical managerial, analytical and descriptive writing through the depiction and analysis. The technique of collecting data through observation, interviews and a review of several documents. Source data comes from informants such as primary and secondary data. Literature review used a few concepts and documents that support the research.

The study concluded there are still shortcomings in the management of physical security, as well as obstacles in the management of non-performance management correct way, and the lack of police role in supporting the optimization of security management of the National Museum. Therefore, researchers suggest First, implementation and periodic seminars at KIK centralized UI for the guard to remind Security management process. Second, improvements and the addition of safety devices for physical and personnel of the National Museum. And Third, Security System auditor training for UI Alumni Student KIK while serving in the police in order to initiate the establishment of the Audit Team for Vital Objects in Indonesia, This thesis discusses the implementation of physical security management of

the National Museum of Indonesia, Jakarta as an effort to protect state assets so as to avoid the threat that resulted in losses. Currently the National Museum is one museum that has a collection of historical heritage objects complete in Indonesia. This resulted in the loss insecurity and crime such as theft of a collection of objects that have occurred as many as five (5) times in the National Museum. In response to these problems the researchers wanted to know how the implementation of safety management systems as well as to identify the weaknesses in the management of the National Museum of Security Management.

This thesis research is motivated by the observation of the conduct of security researcher National Museum of Indonesia that is not in accordance with some physical security management literature. Limitations of this thesis focuses on the process of security management, physical security processes and process tactical security efforts. This thesis research using qualitative methods, juridical managerial, analytical and descriptive writing through the depiction and analysis. The technique of collecting data through observation, interviews and a review of several documents.

Source data comes from informants such as primary and secondary data. Literature review used a few concepts and documents that support the research.

The study concluded there are still shortcomings in the management of physical security, as well as obstacles in the management of non-performance management correct way, and the lack of police role in supporting the optimization of security management of the National Museum. Therefore, researchers suggest First, implementation and periodic seminars at KIK centralized UI for the guard to remind Security management process. Second, improvements and the addition of safety devices for physical and personnel of the National Museum. And Third, Security System auditor training for UI Alumni Student KIK while serving in the police in order to initiate the establishment of the Audit Team for Vital Objects in Indonesia]