

## Pengaruh pariwisata terhadap ketimpangan pendapatan masyarakat Provinsi Nusa Tenggara Barat tahun 2007-2012 = Tourism effect to income inequality in West Nusa Tenggara 2007-2012

Dwita Hidayati, author

Deskripsi Lengkap: <https://lib.ui.ac.id/detail?id=20403478&lokasi=lokal>

---

### Abstrak

[<b>ABSTRAK</b><br>

Tesis ini bertujuan untuk mengidentifikasi pengaruh perkembangan pariwisata terhadap ketimpangan pendapatan penduduk di 10 Kabupaten/Kota yang ada di NTB pada kurun waktu 2007 - 2012. Metode penelitian yang digunakan untuk menjawab tujuan tersebut adalah regresi data panel dengan pendekatan fixed effect.

<br><br>

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa perkembangan pariwisata (SHTour) tidak berpengaruh secara signifikan terhadap ketimpangan pendapatan penduduk Kabupaten/kota di NTB, ceteris paribus. Adapun variabel yang berpengaruh terhadap ketimpangan pendapatan adalah jumlah penduduk tingkat Pendidikan tinggi (Pend\_tinggi) dan rata-rata lama belajar, dengan hubungan negatif terhadap ketimpangan pendapatan penduduk Kabupaten/kota di NTB, ceteris paribus.

Variabel pendapatan per kapita juga berpengaruh signifikan dan memiliki hubungan positif terhadap ketimpangan pendapatan penduduk Kabupaten/kota di NTB, ceteris paribus.

<br><br>

Untuk menekan ketimpangan pendapatan penduduk melalui sektor pariwisata pemerintah daerah perlu mengurangi kebocoran ekspor dan impor di sektor pariwisata antara lain melalui peningkatan kapasitas masyarakat lokal serta kualitas dan kuantitas produk lokal agar dapat bersaing di pasar lokal, regional, dan global.

<hr>

<b>ABSTRACT</b><br>

This thesis aims to identify the effects of tourism development to income inequality in 10 cities in NTB during 2007-2012. Research methods used in this study is panel data regression with fixed effect approach.

<br><br>

The results showed that development of tourism didn't significantly affect to income inequality at cities in West Nusa Tenggara. Variables that significantly influence income inequality is high education level of population and year of school population. Its has negative correlation to income inequality, ceteris paribus. Income per capita is the other significant variable that affect income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara, ceteris paribus.

<br><br>

In order to reduce population income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara through tourism development, local government and other stakeholders should reduce import and export leakages by increasing the capacity of local community, also increasing quality and quantity of local product to be competitive at local, regional, and international market,;This thesis aims to identify the effects of tourism development to income

inequality in 10 cities in NTB during 2007-2012. Research methods used in this study is panel data regression with fixed effect approach. The results showed that development of tourism didn't significantly affect to income inequality at cities in West Nusa Tenggara. Variables that significantly influence income inequality is high education level of population and year of school population. Its has negative correlation to income inequality, ceteris paribus. Income per capita is the other significant variable that affect income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara, ceteris paribus.

In order to reduce population income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara through tourism development, local government and other stakeholders should reduce import and export leakages by increasing the capacity of local community, also increasing quality and quantity of local product to be competitive at local, regional, and international market,;This thesis aims to identify the effects of tourism development to income

inequality in 10 cities in NTB during 2007-2012. Research methods used in this study is panel data regression with fixed effect approach. The results showed that development of tourism didn't significantly affect to income inequality at cities in West Nusa Tenggara. Variables that significantly influence income inequality is high education level of population and year of school population. Its has negative correlation to income inequality, ceteris paribus. Income per capita is the other significant variable that affect income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara, ceteris paribus.

In order to reduce population income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara through tourism development, local government and other stakeholders should reduce import and export leakages by increasing the capacity of local community, also increasing quality and quantity of local product to be competitive at local, regional, and international market,;This thesis aims to identify the effects of tourism development to income

inequality in 10 cities in NTB during 2007-2012. Research methods used in this study is panel data regression with fixed effect approach. The results showed that development of tourism didn't significantly affect to income inequality at cities in West Nusa Tenggara. Variables that significantly influence income inequality is high education level of population and year of school population. Its has negative correlation to income inequality, ceteris paribus. Income per capita is the other significant variable that affect income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara,

ceteris paribus.

In order to reduce population income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara through tourism development, local government and other stakeholders should reduce import and export leakages by increasing the capacity of local community, also increasing quality and quantity of local product to be competitive at local, regional, and international market., This thesis aims to identify the effects of tourism development to income

inequality in 10 cities in NTB during 2007-2012. Research methods used in this study is panel data regression with fixed effect approach. The results showed that development of tourism didn't significantly affect to income inequality at cities in West Nusa Tenggara. Variables that significantly influence income inequality is high education level of population and year of school population. Its has negative correlation to income inequality, ceteris paribus. Income per capita is the other significant variable that affect income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara, ceteris paribus.

In order to reduce population income inequality in Cities in West Nusa Tenggara through tourism development, local government and other stakeholders should reduce import and export leakages by increasing the capacity of local community, also increasing quality and quantity of local product to be competitive at local, regional, and international market,]