

Fenomena arab spring, jatuhnya pemerintahan diktator = Arab spring phenomenon, down of the dictatorship government

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Abstrak

[ABSTRAK

Jurnal ini dibuat untuk mencari tahu dan menjelaskan tentang fenomena arab spring. Pada awal 2011 dunia menyaksikan perubahan situasi politik di Timur Tengah dan Afrika Utara. Di mulai dari demonstrasi di Tunisia pada rezim politik di di bawah kepemimpinan Ben Ali sebagai presiden Tunisia pada awal Januari. Peristiwa ini dengan segera menyebar ke Mesir, Yaman, dan Libya kemudian pada beberapa negara di Timur Tengah dan AfrikaUtara. Tidak adanya praktek demokrasi melanggar hak asasi manusia dan politik terror yang di lakukan oleh rezim arab ini selama beberapa dekade, berujung pada munculnya kebencian kepada pemerintahan tirani dan korup.sampai sekarang, banyak negara yang masih berusaha untuk menggulingkan rezim pemerintahan ini, sedangkan beberapa negara lain masih dalam proses transisi demokrasi

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ABSTRACT

This paper was held to find and explain about the Arab Spring phenomeeonon. The first half of 2011 the world witnessed political transformation of Middle East and North Africa. Beginning with Tunisia`s protests to the political regime under leadership of Ben Ali as Tunisa`s president in early January. This momentum soon spread out to Egypt, Yaman and Libya then to several countries in Middle East and North Africa, an utter lack of democratic practices violence of human rights and a politic of terror employed by these Arab regimes for many decades, which can cause hatred, and led to growing resentment to the corrupt and dictatorship government. Until today many countries still fight to overthrow the regimes, others are in the process of democratic transisition., This paper was held to find and explain about the Arab Spring phenomeeonon. The first half of 2011 the world witnessed political transformation of Middle East and North Africa. Beginning with Tunisia`s protests to the political regime under leadership of Ben Ali as Tunisa`s president in early January. This momentum soon spread out to Egypt, Yaman and Libya then to several countries in Middle East and North Africa, an utter lack of democratic practices violence of human rights and a politic of terror employed by these Arab regimes for many decades, which can cause hatred, and led to growing resentment to the corrupt and dictatorship government. Until today many countries still fight to overthrow the regimes, others are in the process of democratic transisition.]