

Hubungan enuresis dengan terjadinya masalah psikologis pada anak usia 4-6 tahun di TK x Cijantung = The relation between enuresis with occurrence of psychological problems in 4-6 years old children at TK x Cijantung

Niken Anggraini Prastiwi , author

Deskripsi Lengkap: <https://lib.ui.ac.id/detail?id=20411411&lokasi=lokal>

Abstrak

[ABSTRAK
 Enuresis merupakan permasalahan yang biasa terjadi pada anak-anak di seluruh dunia. Enuresis dapat meningkatkan kerentanan anak untuk mengalami masalah psikologis. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan enuresis dengan terjadinya masalah psikologis pada anak usia prasekolah. Desain penelitian yang digunakan adalah cross-sectional. Penelitian ini melibatkan 53 anak usia prasekolah di TK X Cijantung. Data yang diperoleh dianalisis dengan menggunakan uji statistik chi-square. Pengambilan sampel dilakukan dengan teknik acak sederhana. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan persentase sebesar 64,2% untuk kejadian enuresis dan masalah psikologis pada anak usia prasekolah di TK X. Terjadinya masalah psikologis berhubungan dengan kejadian dan frekuensi enuresis pada anak. Akan tetapi, terjadinya masalah psikologis tidak berhubungan dengan usia, jenis kelamin, dan jenis enuresis anak. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian ini, diharapkan institusi sekolah dan orang tua memiliki tanggung jawab yang lebih besar dalam upaya mengurangi kejadian enuresis demi mencegah terjadinya masalah psikologis pada anak usia prasekolah ;ABSTRACT Enuresis is recognized as a common problem among children in worldwide. Enuresis can be a predisposition factor of psychological problems in preschool-aged children. This study purposed to determine the relationship between enuresis and the occurrence of psychological problems in preschool-aged children. The method in this study was cross-sectional. This study involved 53 students at TK X Cijantung, then analyzed by chi-square. The sampling technique of the study was simple random sampling. The result of this study showed 64.2% for enuresis and psychological problem percentage in preschool-aged children at TK X. The occurrence of psychological problems was related to enuresis and frequency of enuresis in preschool-aged children. However, the result of this study showed that the occurrence of psychological problems was not related to child's age, gender, and kinds of enuresis. Based on this study results, the school institution and parents should have responsibility to reduce enuresis incidence to prevent the prognosis of enuresis ;Enuresis is recognized as a common problem among children in worldwide. Enuresis can be a predisposition factor of psychological problems in preschool-aged children. This study purposed to determine the relationship between enuresis and the occurrence of psychological problems in preschool-aged children. The method in this study was cross-sectional. This study involved 53 students at TK X Cijantung, then analyzed by chi-square. The sampling technique of the study was simple random sampling. The result of this study showed 64.2% for enuresis and psychological problem percentage in preschool-aged children at TK X. The occurrence of psychological problems was related to enuresis and frequency of enuresis in preschool-aged children. However, the result of this study showed that the occurrence of psychological problems was not related to child's age, gender, and kinds of enuresis. Based on this study results, the school institution and parents should have responsibility to reduce enuresis incidence to prevent the prognosis of enuresis ;Enuresis is recognized as a common problem among children in worldwide. Enuresis can be a predisposition factor of psychological problems in preschool-aged

childrens This study purposed to determine the relationship between enuresis and the occurrence of psychological problems in preschool aged childrens The method in this study was cross sectional This study involved 53 students at TK X Cijantung then analyzed by chi square The sampling technique of the study was simple random sampling The result of this study showed 64.2 for enuresis and psychological problem percentage in preschool aged childrens at TK X The occurrence of psychological problems was related to enuresis and frequency of enuresis in preschool aged childrens However the result of this study showed that the occurrence of psychological problems was not related to child rsquo s age gender and kinds of enuresis Based on this study results the school institution and parents should have responsibility to reduce enuresis incidence to prevent the prognosis of enuresis , Enuresis is recognized as a common problem among children in worldwide Enuresis can be predisposition factor of psychological problems in preschool aged childrens This study purposed to determine the relationship between enuresis and the occurrence of psychological problems in preschool aged childrens The method in this study was cross sectional This study involved 53 students at TK X Cijantung then analyzed by chi square The sampling technique of the study was simple random sampling The result of this study showed 64.2 for enuresis and psychological problem percentage in preschool aged childrens at TK X The occurrence of psychological problems was related to enuresis and frequency of enuresis in preschool aged childrens However the result of this study showed that the occurrence of psychological problems was not related to child rsquo s age gender and kinds of enuresis Based on this study results the school institution and parents should have responsibility to reduce enuresis incidence to prevent the prognosis of enuresis]