

Hubungan antara riwayat pemberian asi eksklusif dan perkembangan suspek terhambat pada anak usia 12 bulan di Kabupaten Musi Banyuasin tahun 2015 = The relationship between history of exclusive breastfeeding and development suspected delayed of 12 months infants in Musi Banyuasin Regency in 2015 / Nurleka Yulastri

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Abstrak

[Perkembangan anak pada periode emas sangatlah penting karena menentukan kualitas individu terutama pada 1 tahun pertama. Berdasarkan data WHO lebih dari 200 juta anak di negara berkembang berisiko perkembangan terhambat. Di Beji diketahui prevalensi perkembangan terhambat sebesar 9,7 %. ASI eksklusif merupakan faktor yang berkaitan dengan perkembangan anak. Di Musi Banyuasin prevalensi ASI eksklusif baru mencapai 56,83%. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis hubungan riwayat pemberian ASI eksklusif dengan perkembangan suspek terhambat pada anak usia 12 bulan. Di samping itu dilakukan metode kualitatif kepada 11 informan yang bertujuan menggali pemahaman ibu secara mendalam mengenai hubungan ASI eksklusif dan perkembangan anak. Penelitian ini dilakukan dengan desain cross sectional. Responden terdiri dari 320 anak usia 12 bulan yang berasal dari 19 Puskesmas di Kabupaten Musi Banyuasin. Diperoleh hasil hubungan antara riwayat pemberian ASI eksklusif dan perkembangan dengan PR adjusted 1,932 (95% CI: 0,719-5,186). Selain itu diketahui mayoritas ibu telah paham bahwa ASI eksklusif berhubungan dengan perkembangan anak, namun tradisi pemberian makan dari nenek sebagai faktor utama dalam pencapaian ASI eksklusif.;The children development in golden period is very important because determine quality of individu especially in the first year. Based on WHO data, more than 200 millions children in developing countries had developmental delay risk. In Beiji, the prevalence of developmental delay 9,7%. Exclusive breastfeeding as a factor of developmental delay. In Musi Banyuasin regency, the prevalence of exclusive breastfeeding is 56,3%. This study purposes is to analyze the relationship between history of exclusive breastfeeding and suspected delayed development among 12 months infants. Besides, we had done qualitative methode among 11 informans to mining the deeply knowing of mom about relationship of exclusive breasfeeding to infant development. This study used cross sectional design involved 320 sample (infants) at 19 Puskesmas in Musi Banyuasin Regency. The result showed that the relationship between exclusive breastfeeding and developmental delay among infants was PR adjusted 1,932 (95% CI: 0,719-5,186). Furthermore, study found that mostly moms had known that exclusive breastfeeding related to infant development, but feeding tradition from grand mothers were play as a role factor in practicing exclusive breastfeeding among mothers;The children development in golden period is very important because determine quality of individu especially in the first year. Based on WHO data, more than 200 millions children in developing countries had developmental delay risk. In Beiji, the prevalence of developmental delay 9,7%. Exclusive breastfeeding as a factor of developmental delay. In Musi Banyuasin regency, the prevalence of exclusive breastfeeding is 56,3%. This study purposes is to analyze the

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