

Perbandingan tingkat pengetahuan, sikap, keterampilan petugas dilatih dan belum dilatih pelayanan obstetri neonatal emergensi dasar (PONED) serta kinerja pada Puskesmas di Kabupaten Bogor = The comparison of the levels of knowledge, attitude, skills between personnel trained with basic emergency obstetric neonatal care poned and personnel without the training and performance at the health center in Bogor

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Abstrak

Puskesmas mampu PONED menyelenggarakan pelayanan obstetri dan neonatal emergensi dasar sebab komplikasi tidak dapat diramalkan sebelumnya sehingga ibu hamil harus berada sedekat mungkin dengan pelayanan emergensi dasar. Pelatihan keterampilan Pelayanan obstetri neonatal emergensi dasar dilaksanakan guna meningkatkan pengetahuan dan keterampilan petugas kesehatan yang diharapkan memberikan dampak langsung pada kualitas pelayanan kegawatdaruratan meternal dan neonatal.

Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah: mengetahui perbedaan pengetahuan, sikap dan keterampilan yang telah dilatih PONED dan belum dilatih PONED terhadap kinerja pada puskesmas di Kabupaten Bogor. Penelitian ini merupakan penelitian kuantitatif dengan desain cross sectional. Sampel penelitian adalah petugas yang sudah dilatih PONED dan belum dilatih PONED. Hasil studi menunjukkan adanya perbedaan bermakna pada variabel pengetahuan, keterampilan dan kinerja pada kelompok PONED dan non PONED; Pada kelompok PONED variabel sikap diduga yang paling dominan mempengaruhi variabel kinerja.

.....Puskesmas PONED able to carry out a basic emergency maternal neonatal service because the complication of pregnancy and labor is not always predictable before it was happened, so pregnant woman must have access nearly Basic Emergency obstetric services. Basic Emergency Obstetric Neonatal Care Training implemented in order to improve the knowledge and skills of health workers who are expected to have a direct impact on the quality of emergency care and maternal or neonatal services.

The study aims to know the difference of knowledge, attitudes and skills between the personnel experienced PONED training and the personnel with no training, and the effect of training on the performances of health centers in the municipality of Bogor. This is quantitative research with cross sectional study design. Samples are personnels who have been trained with PONED and personnel with non PONED training. The results showed significant differences on knowledge, skills and performance between those with PONED training and non PONED training. In the group with PONED training, variable of attitude has the strongest influence on the performances.