

Dinamika relasi agen dan struktur dalam reproduksi kemiskinan nelayan studi atas masyarakat nelayan di Desa Teluk Labuan Banten = dynamics and structure relation agencies in poverty reproductive fishermen on the study of society fishermen in Teluk Village Labuan Banten

Ferry Joko Juliantono, author

Deskripsi Lengkap: <https://lib.ui.ac.id/detail?id=20416138&lokasi=lokal>

Abstrak

[ABSTRAK

Disertasi ini bertujuan untuk menggambarkan dinamika yang berlangsung antara agen dan struktur dalam masyarakat nelayan di Desa Teluk, Labuan-Banten. Dengan menggunakan teori strukturasi Anthony Giddens dan dilengkapi dengan konsep pembangunan sosial berdasarkan struktur, kultur, dan proses, dalam melihat dinamika relasi yang ada antara agen dan stuktur dalam masyarakat nelayan. Pendekatan yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini adalah kualitatif dengan strategi grounded research. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa di dalam masyarakat nelayan telah terjadi perubahan dalam struktur dari dominasi kelembagaan formal menjadi dominasi kelembagaan non-formal. Kemiskinan yang ada pada struktur yang lama ternyata direproduksi oleh struktur yang baru. Penelitian ini juga menemukan kelemahan dari strukturasi Giddens yang menganggap bahwa struktur dalam versi dualitas-nya, baik sebagai hasil dan sekaligus sarana (medium) praktik sosial ternyata tidak selalu bersifat enabling atau memberdayakan. Pembangunan kelautan dan perikanan, khususnya menyangkut tentang bagaimana mengatasi kemiskinan masyarakat nelayan harus melihat pentingnya dinamika relasi yang terjadi antara agen dan struktur agar perubahan yang dilakukan oleh negara, dalam hal ini Kementerian Kelautan dan Perikanan, tidak justru melahirkan kemiskinan baru.

<hr>

ABSTRACT

This dissertation aims to describe the dynamics that take place between the agent and the structure of the fishing community in Teluk Village, Labuan, Banten. By using structuration theory of Anthony Giddens and equipped with the concept of social development based on the structure, culture, and processes, in view of the dynamics of relationships that exist between agents and structures in the fishing communities. The approach used in this study is a qualitative grounded research strategy. The results of this study indicate that in the fishing community has been a change in the structure of the formal institutional domination domination of non-formal institutions. Poverty that exist on the old structures turned out to be reproduced by the new structure. The study also found weaknesses of Giddens structuration which assume that the structure in its duality version, either as a result and at the same time means (medium) social practices were not always be enabling or empowering.

Development of marine and fisheries, particularly with regard to how to overcome poverty of fishing communities must see the importance of the dynamics of relationships that occur between agents and structures so that the changes made by the state, in this case the Ministry of Maritime Affairs and Fisheries, did not actually give birth to new poverty.;This dissertation aims to describe the dynamics that take place between the agent and

the structure of the fishing community in Teluk Village, Labuan, Banten. By using structuration theory of Anthony Giddens and equipped with the concept of social development based on the structure, culture, and processes, in view of the dynamics of relationships that exist between agents and structures in the fishing communities. The approach used in this study is a qualitative grounded research strategy. The results of this study indicate that in the fishing community has been a change in the structure of the formal institutional domination domination of non-formal institutions. Poverty that exist on the old structures turned out to be reproduced by the new structure. The study also found weaknesses of Giddens structuration which assume that the structure in its duality version, either as a result and at the same time means (medium) social practices were not always be enabling or empowering.

Development of marine and fisheries, particularly with regard to how to overcome poverty of fishing communities must see the importance of the dynamics of relationships that occur between agents and structures so that the changes made by the state, in this case the Ministry of Maritime Affairs and Fisheries, did not actually give birth to new poverty.;This dissertation aims to describe the dynamics that take place between the agent and

the structure of the fishing community in Teluk Village, Labuan, Banten. By using structuration theory of Anthony Giddens and equipped with the concept of social development based on the structure, culture, and processes, in view of the dynamics of relationships that exist between agents and structures in the fishing communities. The approach used in this study is a qualitative grounded research strategy. The results of this study indicate that in the fishing community has been a change in the structure of the formal institutional domination domination of non-formal institutions. Poverty that exist on the old structures turned out to be reproduced by the new structure. The study also found weaknesses of Giddens structuration which assume that the structure in its duality version, either as a result and at the same time means (medium) social practices were not always be enabling or empowering.

Development of marine and fisheries, particularly with regard to how to overcome poverty of fishing communities must see the importance of the dynamics of relationships that occur between agents and structures so that the changes made by the state, in this case the Ministry of Maritime Affairs and Fisheries, did not actually give birth to new poverty., This dissertation aims to describe the dynamics that take place between the agent and

the structure of the fishing community in Teluk Village, Labuan, Banten. By using structuration theory of Anthony Giddens and equipped with the concept of social

development based on the structure, culture, and processes, in view of the dynamics of relationships that exist between agents and structures in the fishing communities. The approach used in this study is a qualitative grounded research strategy. The results of this study indicate that in the fishing community has been a change in the structure of the formal institutional domination domination of non-formal institutions. Poverty that exist on the old structures turned out to be reproduced by the new structure. The study also found weaknesses of Giddens structuration which assume that the structure in its duality version, either as a result and at the same time means (medium) social practices were not always be enabling or empowering. Development of marine and fisheries, particularly with regard to how to overcome poverty of fishing communities must see the importance of the dynamics of relationships that occur between agents and structures so that the changes made by the state, in this case the Ministry of Maritime Affairs and Fisheries, did not actually give birth to new poverty.]