

Analisis praktik klinik keperawatan kesehatan masyarakat perkotaan pada klien hirschsprung di Lantai III Utara RSUP Fatmawati = Analysis of urban community health nursing clinical practice in patient with hirschsprung at RSUP Fatmawati Hospital

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Abstrak

[**ABSTRAK**]

Hirschsprung merupakan kelainan konginetal yang dapat menimbulkan gangguan eliminasi feses dan membutuhkan tindakan operasi yang disertai dengan nyeri akut pada anak. Manajemen nyeri yang tepat diperlukan untuk mengatasi respon nyeri pada anak, sehingga perlu dilakukan studi yang bertujuan untuk mengetahui pengaruh terapi musik terhadap respon nyeri anak dengan studi kasus pada satu pasien dan penilaian skor nyeri anak dilakukan dengan menggunakan skala ukur nyeri FLACC. Terapi musik dilakukan selama empat hari secara stimultan dengan durasi terapi tidak kurang dari 20 menit. Hasil studi menunjukkan bahwa terjadi penurunan skor respon nyeri anak dari 5 menjadi 3. Hasil studi juga memberikan rekomendasi bahwa perlu dilakukannya studi lebih lanjut tentang hubungan pemberian terapi musik terhadap anak dengan post operasi Duhamel dengan metode yang berbeda.

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ABSTRACT

Hirschsprung disease is defined as congenital absence that causes feces elimination failure which requires surgery that characterized with acute pain among children. The appropriate pain management is required to decrease the pain, so that the study was aimed to identify effect of music therapy on post Duhamel surgery pain is required. This methodology of this study was case study on one patient and used FLACC as a pain assessment scale. Music therapy was conducted for 4 days, simultaneously, and its long duration of music therapy is not less than 20 minutes. Results showed that FLACC score decreased from 5 to 3. This study also give a recommendation that the relationship of music therapy on postoperative pain in patients with Duhamel procedure in the hospital is required for further research with a different methodology, Hirschsprung disease is defined as congenital absence that causes feces elimination failure which requires surgery that characterized with acute pain among children. The appropriate pain management is required to decrease the pain, so that the study was aimed to identify effect of music therapy on post Duhamel surgery pain is required. This methodology of this study was case study on one patient and used FLACC as a pain assessment scale. Music therapy was conducted for 4 days, simultaneously, and its long duration of music therapy is not less than 20 minutes. Results showed that FLACC score decreased from 5 to 3. This study also give a recommendation that the relationship of music therapy on postoperative pain in patients with Duhamel procedure in the hospital is required for further research with a different methodology]