

**Prevalensi indikasi ekstraksi gigi permanen pada pasien RSKGM FKG UI periode 1 Januari 2012-31 Desember 2014 = Prevalence of permanent teeth extraction indication in the patients attending dental hospital of Universitas Indonesia periods January 1st 2012 December 31st 2014**

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Abstrak

Berdasarkan data Riset Kesehatan Dasar (Riskesdas) 2013, nilai komponen Missing-Teeth (M-T) pada DMFT Indonesia sebesar 2,9. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk memberikan gambaran distribusi dan frekuensi indikasi ekstraksi gigi permanen. Penelitian dilakukan secara deskriptif retrospektif di Rumah Sakit Kesehatan Gigi dan Mulut (RSKGM) FKG UI Salemba pada bulan Juni-Agustus 2015. Subjek berupa data sekunder dari rekam medik status kesehatan pasien RSKGMFKG UI periode 1 Januari 2012-31 Desember 2014. Indikasi ekstraksi gigi permanen yang paling banyak ditemukan adalah karies lanjut (65,9%).

.....Based on data from the 2013 Basic Health Research in Indonesia, Missing Teeth (MT) component value of DMFT Indonesia was 2,9. This study aims to describe an overview of distribution and frequency of permanent teeth extraction. A retrospective descriptive study was conducted at the RSKGM FKG UI in June to August 2015. The secondary data of patients were obtained from the medical records of the RSKGM FKG UI during the research period. The highest rank in indications of permanent teeth extracted was advanced caries (65,9%).