

Determinan alokasi waktu bekerja perempuan menikah di Indonesia = Determinants of time allocation in the labor market among married women in Indonesia

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Abstrak

[ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan mempelajari perbedaan karakteristik perempuan menikah yang mengalokasikan waktu untuk bekerja paruh waktu maupun bekerja penuh menggunakan data Susenas 2012. Berdasarkan hasil analisis regresi logistik multinomial, diketahui bahwa karakteristik yang lebih dominan memengaruhi alokasi waktu bekerja paruh waktu perempuan menikah adalah umur, status pekerjaan suami, keberadaan anggota rumah tangga lain atau pembantu dalam rumah tangga serta preferensi perempuan dalam hal pekerjaan. Sedangkan karakteristik yang lebih dominan memengaruhi alokasi waktu bekerja penuh adalah tingkat pendidikan, daerah tempat tinggal, status pekerjaan suami, status ekonomi rumah tangga, keberadaan anggota rumah tangga lain atau pembantu serta preferensi perempuan terkait pekerjaan.

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ABSTRACT

This study examines the determinants of married women's in allocating time for work. It specifically look at the choices of being underemployed and fullyemployed using the 2012 Indonesia National Socio-Economic Survey. The results

of multinomial logistic regression analysis, show that characteristics of married

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