

Pengaruh Berlimpahnya Sumber Daya Alam terhadap Pertumbuhan Ekonomi Kasus Indonesia = The Effect of Natural Resource Abundance on Economic Growth Case of Indonesia

Stenly, author

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Abstrak

[ABSTRAK

Pengaruh berlimpahnya sumber daya alam terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi telah lama dipelajari dalam berbagai studi, di mana sebagian besar hasil dari studi-studi tersebut menunjukkan bahwa kelimpahan ini mempengaruhi secara negatif terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi. Sebagian besar studi tersebut dilakukan pada tingkat lintas negara. Tesis ini mencoba mencari tahu dampak dari kelimpahan sumber daya alam tersebut terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi pada tingkat lokal Indonesia. Dengan menggunakan data tingkat provinsi dari tahun 2004 sampai 2013 dan metode analisa data panel, tesis ini menemukan bahwa berlimpahnya sumber daya alam memiliki pengaruh negatif yang signifikan terhadap pertumbuhan ekonomi di Indonesia. Tesis ini juga mendapati bahwa pendapatan, inflasi, dan kriminal berpotensi menjadi saluran transmisi, di mana sumber daya alam di Indonesia cenderung meningkatkan pendapatan, namun menurunkan inflasi dan kriminal.

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ABSTRACT

The effect of natural resource abundance on economic growth has long been discussed in many studies and most of them show that resource abundance negatively affects growth. However, most of these studies are conducted at a cross country level. This paper tries to find out the impact of resource abundance on economic growth at a local level of Indonesia. By employing data at provincial level from 2004 until 2013 and using panel data analysis, this paper finds that in average natural resource abundance has a significant negative impact on economic growth in Indonesia. This paper also discovers that income, inflation, and crime are the possible transmission channels where natural resource of mining in Indonesia tends to increase income but lower inflation and crime. The effect of natural resource abundance on economic growth has long been discussed in many studies and most of them show that resource abundance negatively affects growth. However, most of these studies are conducted at a cross country level. This paper tries to find out the impact of resource abundance on economic growth at a local level of Indonesia. By employing data at provincial level from 2004 until 2013 and using panel data analysis, this paper finds that in average natural resource abundance has a significant negative impact on economic growth in Indonesia. This paper also discovers that income, inflation, and crime are the possible transmission channels where natural resource of mining in Indonesia tends to increase income but lower inflation and crime. The effect of natural resource abundance on economic growth has long been discussed in many studies and most of them show that resource abundance negatively affects growth. However, most of these studies are conducted at a cross country level. This paper tries to find out the impact of resource abundance on economic growth at a local level of Indonesia. By employing data at provincial level from 2004 until 2013 and using panel data analysis, this paper finds that in average natural resource abundance has a significant negative impact on economic growth in Indonesia. This

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