

Analisis penerapan sistem manajemen K3 di rumah sakit RST. Dompot Dhuafa berdasarkan peraturan pemerintah Republik Indonesia nomor 50 tahun 2012 = Management system analysis of occupational health and safety in RST. Dompot Dhuafa hospital based on occupational health and safety of Indonesian Government regulation no 50 of 2012

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Abstrak

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini membahas tentang penerapan sistem manajemen K3 di Rumah Sakit RST Dompot Dhuafa berdasarkan kriteria penerapan SMK3 dalam PP No. 50 Tahun 2012. Rumah Sakit sebagai salah satu sarana pelayanan kesehatan yang memiliki potensi kecelakaan dan penyakit kerja wajib melakukan penilaian penerapan SMK3 sebagai salah satu upaya dalam meminimalisir risiko bahaya kesehatan dan penilaian terhadap capaian penerapan SMK3 di rumah sakit itu sendiri. Oleh karena itu analisis penerapan SMK3 dipandang perlu dilakukan untuk mengetahui penerapan sistem kebijakan, perencanaan, pelaksanaan, pemantauan dan evaluasi kinerja, sampai dengan peninjauan dan peningkatan kinerja K3 di Rumah Sakit RST Dompot Dhuafa. Metode penelitian yang digunakan oleh peneliti bersifat deskriptif. Pengumpulan data dalam penelitian ini dilakukan dengan observasi, telaah dokumen, dan wawancara mendalam. Analisis data yang digunakan adalah 12 elemen dengan 166 kriteria yang ada di lampiran II PP 50 Tahun 2012. Hasil akhir dari penelitian ini, menunjukkan bahwa penerapan sistem manajemen K3 di Rumah Sakit RST Dompot Dhuafa adalah baik dengan persentase 77,6%, dimana terdapat 125 kriteria yang sudah dilaksanakan, 36 kriteria masih dalam proses atau belum dilaksanakan, dan 5 kriteria lainnya dianggap tidak relevan dengan Rumah Sakit RST Dompot Dhuafa.

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ABSTRACT

This research discussed about the application of Management System Occupational Health and Safety in RST Dompot Dhuafa Hospital with assessment criteria from Indonesian Government Regulation No. 50 of 2012. Hospital as one of the health care facilities that have the highest potential for accidents and occupational diseases are required to do the assessment of implementation Management System of Occupational Health and Safety to minimize the risk of health hazards and the assessment of the achievements for management system of occupational health and safety in that hospital itself . Therefore, these analysis deemed necessary to determine the application of the system from policy, planning, implementation, monitoring and evaluation, to review and improvement of Occupational Health and Safety at Rumah Sehat Terpadu Dompot Dhuafa Hospital. The research method that used by the authors of this research is qualitative descriptive with Cross-sectional design study. Collecting data in this study conducted with a observation, document review, and in-depth interviews. And for the analysis data, the authors using 12 elements with 166 criteria in Appendix II of Indonesian Governmant Regulation No. 50 of 2012. The final results of this research, that the implementation of the management system occupational health and safety in RST Dompot Dhuafa Hospital is good with a percentage of 77.6 %. 125 criteria have been implemented, 36 criteria are still in the process or have not been implemented, and the other criteria (5 criteria) are considered

irrelevant to the RST Dompét Dhuafa Hospital.