

Hubungan perilaku kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu dengan karies molar permanen pertama pada anak usia 8-9 tahun = The Relationship of mother's oral behavior with first permanent molar caries in children aged 8-9 years old

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Abstrak

Ibu memiliki peran penting dalam keluarga, terutama dalam pembentukan perilaku kesehatan gigi dan mulut anaknya karena ibu merupakan pengasuh utama dalam keluarga. Molar permanen pertama rentan terhadap karies karena gigi ini merupakan gigi permanen yang pertama kali tumbuh dan banyak tidak mengetahui keberadaan gigi ini. Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk melihat hubungan perilaku kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu dengan angka karies molar permanen pertama pada anak. Disain penelitian adalah analitik deskriptif potong lintang. Variabel yang dihubungkan adalah perilaku kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu dengan angka karies molar permanen pertama. Kuisioner untuk menilai perilaku kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu melalui model Knowledge, Attitude, and Practice (KAP) dan pemeriksaan karies dilakukan secara klinis mengikuti WHO. Perilaku kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu dinilai dari pengetahuan, sikap dan tindakan kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu. Analisa statistic dengan uji komparasi Mann-Whitney dan Kruskal-Wallis, serta uji korelasi menggunakan uji korelasi Spearman. Uji komparasi antara karakteristik ibu dengan angka karies molar permanen pertama pada anak memperlihatkan ada perbedaan tidak bermakna ($p > 0,05$). Uji korelasi antara perilaku kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu dengan angka karies molar permanen pertama menunjukkan korelasi kuat ($r = 0,66$) dan bermakna ($p < 0,05$). Uji korelasi antara perilaku kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu dengan pengetahuan, sikap, dan tindakan kesehatan gigi-mulut anak yang karies dan tidak karies ditemukan korelasi kuat ($r = 0,66$) dan bermakna ($p < 0,05$). Kesimpulan tidak ada hubungan antara usia ibu, tingkat pendidikan dan status pekerjaan ibu dengan angka karies molar permanen satu anak. Ada hubungan bermakna antara perilaku kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu dengan angka karies molar permanen pertama pada anak. Ada hubungan antara perilaku kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu dengan pengetahuan, sikap, dan tindakan kesehatan gigi-mulut ibu.

.....A mother has a very important role in the family, especially in shaping the oral health behavior of the child because mother is the main caregiver in the family. First permanent molar is susceptible to caries because these teeth were the first permanent teeth that erupt and many people not knowing the location of these teeth. The objective of the study is to analyze the relation between mother's oral behaviors with the caries rate of child's first permanent molar. The study design was analytic descriptive cross-sectional. The variables to correlate were the mother's oral health behaviors with the caries rate of child's first permanent molar. The questioner to assess the oral health behavior of the mother was through Knowledge, Attitude, and Practice (KAP) survey and the caries assessment was done according to WHO. Oral health behavior of the mother was asses from oral health knowledge, attitude and practice of the mother. Statistic analysis with Mann-Whitney dan Kruskal-Wallis comparison test, as well as Spearman correlation test was used.

Comparison test between the mother's and child's characteristic with caries rate of first permanent molars showed there was no significant difference ($p > 0,05$). Correlation test between oral health behavior with caries rate of first permanent molar showed strong ($r = 0,66$) and significant ($p < 0,05$) correlation.

Correlation test between mother's oral health behavior and oral health knowledge, attitude and practice of

the mother showed strong ($r = 0,66$) and significant ($p \leq 0,05$) correlation. It can be concluded that there was a significant correlation between oral health behavior of the mother and caries rate of child's first permanent molar. It also concluded that there was no correlation between mother's age, educational level, and employment status of the mother with first permanent molar caries rate of the children. There is a significant correlation between the mother's behavior and the first permanent molar caries rate of the child. There is a correlation between oral health behavior of the mother and the oral health knowledge, attitude, and practice of the mother.