

Studi fenomenologi pengalaman keluarga dan perawat dalam deteksi dini klien psikotik fase awal (early psychosis) = Study phenomenology experience of family and nurse in early detection of psychotic initial phase (early psychosis) /

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Abstrak

ABSTRAK

Keluarga membawa klien psikotik fase awal early psychosis berobat pertama kali kepengobatan alternatif dan setelah bertahun-tahun klien baru dibawa berobat oleh keluarga ke rumah sakit, sehingga duration untreated psychosis memanjang. Perawat belum menggunakan asuhan keperawatan psikotik fase awal. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mendapatkan pemahaman yang mendalam tentang pengalaman keluarga dan perawat dalam deteksi dini klien psikotik fase awal. Desain penelitian kualitatif pendekatan fenomenologi. Partisipan penelitian berjumlah 15 orang terdiri dari 8 partisipan keluarga dan 7 partisipan perawat. Analisis data dilakukan dengan metode Colaizzi pada partisipan keluarga ditemukan 4 tema, pada perawat ditemukan 6 tema dan triangulasi data ditemukan 5 tema. Lima tema yang dihasilkan adalah etiologi psikotik fase awal, manifestasi klinik psikotik fase awal, cara merawat psikotik fase awal, dampak perawatan psikotik fase awal dan proses pengkajian psikotik fase awal. Kemampuan diperlukan dalam deteksi dini klien psikotik fase awal baik oleh keluarga dan perawat.

ABSTRACT

The family brings clients psychotic initial phase early psychosis to alternative to get first treatment, after years clients taken to treatment by the family to the hospital, so that untreated psychosis duration lengthening. Nurses have not been using approaches of nursing care early psychosis. The purpose of this study to gain a deep understanding of the experience of families and nurse in the early detection of psychotic initial phase. This research use qualitative design phenomenological approach. Participants study amounted to 15 people consisting of 8 participants families and seven participants nurse. The data analysis was conducted using Colaizzi and triangulation, the result theme is 4 for family and 6 for nurse and 5 theme getting from triangulation. Five themes result is the initial etiology of psychotic initial phase, clinical manifestations of psychotic initial phase, how to treat psychotic initial phase, the impact of the psychotic initial phase care and assesment process of psychotic initial phase. Capacity is needed in the early detection client early psychotic both of families and nurse.