

Pengaruh komposisi Sr terhadap struktur kristal dan polarisasi spontan Ba_{1-x}Sr_xTiO₃ = The influence of Sr substitution on structural properties and electrical polarization of Ba_{1-x}Sr_xTiO₃

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Abstrak

Perovskite berbasis Barium Titanate (BaTiO₃) sangat menarik perhatian dalam dunia riset karena bersifat ferroelektrik dengan konstanta dielektrik yang cukup tinggi dan potensi aplikasinya sebagai material dalam multilayer kapasitor (MLCs), PTC thermistor, piezoelectric transducers, dan sebagainya. Beberapa peneliti melaporkan bahwa modifikasi terhadap basis BaTiO₃ memperlihatkan perubahan sifat struktur dan sifat listrik seperti kestabilan dan transisi struktur terhadap temperatur, kenaikan dielektrik konstan, penurunan loss dielektrik, dan sebagainya.

Pada penelitian ini, akan dipelajari pengaruh substitusi Sr pada site Ba menjadi perovskite keramik Ba_{1-x}Sr_xTiO₃ dengan nilai $x = 0; 0,2; 0,6; 0,8$. Sintesis material Ba_{1-x}Sr_xTiO₃ dilakukan dengan metode mechanosynthesis powder dan solid state reaction menggunakan BaCO₃, TiO₂, dan SrCO₃ sebagai precursor utama. Sifat struktur dikarakterisasi menggunakan X-ray Diffraction (XRD). Sifat listrik dikarakterisasi menggunakan elektrometer Keithley 6517A untuk mendapatkan parameter listrik seperti polarisasi spontan, polarisasi saturasi, dan respon terhadap medan listrik.

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Barium Titanate (BaTiO₃)-perovskite-based materials was paid attention due to they posses high dielectric constant and their application as multilayer capasitor (MLCs), PTC thermistor, piezoelectric transducers materials etc. Several researcher reported that modification in BaTiO₃ shows the changes in structural and electrical properties i.e. stability and structural transition with temperature, the increasing of dielectric constant, decreasing of dielectric loss, etc.

In this research, the influence of Sr-substitution on Basite of Ba_{1-x}Sr_xTiO₃ perovskite-ceramics with $x=0.0, 0.2, 0.6, \text{ and } 0.8$ was studied. The synthesize process have been done by mechanosynthesis powder and solid state reaction methods using BaCO₃, TiO₂ and SrCO₃ as main precursors. The structural properties was characterized by X-ray Diffraction (XRD). The electrical properties was characterized by electrometer Keithley 6517A in order to obtain the electrical parameters such as spontaneous polarization, saturation polarization, and their responses to electric field.