

Akses perempuan pekerja migran Desa Krasak Kabupaten Indramayu untuk pemenuhan hak atas informasi dalam tahap pra-penempatan = The access for women migrant workers from Krasak Village of Indramayu Regency to the right of information during pre placement phase

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Abstrak

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menjelaskan bagaimana akses keadilan dapat dijamin melalui terpenuhinya hak atas informasi bagi perempuan pekerja migran. Lebih lanjut, penelitian ini juga akan memberikan gambaran mengenai dampak dari keterbatasan akses yang dialami perempuan pekerja migran desa Krasak dan cara mereka menghadapi permasalahan yang timbul dalam tahap pra-penempatan. Penelitian mengenai pekerja migran sudah banyak ditulis, namun pengalaman perempuan pekerja migran di tahap pra-penempatan masih belum banyak dikaji. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode sosio-legal berperspektif perempuan. Peneliti melakukan studi dokumen terhadap berbagai instrumen hukum nasional dan internasional mengenai hak atas informasi perempuan pekerja migran. Berbagai peraturan hukum tersebut dianalisa secara kritisal menggunakan pendekatan teori hukum feminis yang mempertanyakan bagaimana posisi perempuan di dalam hukum, apakah hukum melindungi atau merugikan serta apakah dalam pembuatan hukum tersebut pengalaman perempuan diakomodir. Selain itu peneliti melakukan observasi, focus group discussion FGD, dan wawancara mendalam di desa Krasak. Wawancara juga dilakukan dengan pengurus SBMI, kepala desa, kepala dinas tenaga kerja, dan para pihak lain yang terkait. Peneliti juga melakukan pengamatan, utamanya untuk melihat aktivitas dan kehidupan perempuan pekerja migran desa Krasak. Data observasi, FGD dan wawancara juga dianalisa dengan menggunakan teori hukum feminis karena cerita pengalaman perempuan menjadi bahan penting dalam kajian hukum berperspektif perempuan.

ABSTRACT

This study aims to explain how access to justice can be guaranteed through the fulfillment on the right of information for women migrant workers. Furthermore, this study will also provide an overview on the impact of the limited access experienced by women migrant domestic workers in Krasak Village and how they face the problems that arise from the pre placement phase. Research on migrant workers has been widely written, but the experience of women migrant workers in the pre placement phase has not been studied deeply. This research uses socio legal method with womens perspective. Researcher conducted document studies on various national and international legal instruments on the right of information for women migrant workers. These legal instruments are critically analyzed using a feminist legal theory approach that questions how womens are being positioned within the law, whether the law protect or harm women and whether womens experienced are being accomodated in the making of the law. In addition, researcher has conducted observations, focus group discussions FGD and in depth interviews in Krasak Village. Interviews were also conducted with SBMI board members, village heads, ministry of manpower and other related parties. Researchers also made observations, primarily to see the activities and lives of

women migrant workers in Krasak village. Observational data, FGD and interviews were also analyzed using feminist legal theory because the story of womens experience became an important ingredient in womens perspective legal review.