

Evaluasi pelaksanaan eliminasi malaria tahun 2020 Kabupaten Musi Rawas tinjauan tahun 2018 = The evaluation of implementation of malaria elimination in 2020 Musi Rawas Regency on reviews in 2018 / Iwan Joko Sulistyo

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Abstrak

ABSTRAK

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kabupaten Musi Rawas tinjauan tahun 2018
Eliminasi malaria suatu upaya untuk menghentikan penularan malaria setempat dalam satu wilayah geografis tertentu. Penanggulangan penyakit malaria dipantau dengan menggunakan indikator Annual Parasite Incidence API , untuk mengetahui suatu insidensi penyakit malaria pada suatu daerah tertentu selama satu tahun. Penurunan API bermakna bila disertai peningkatan Annual Blood Examination Rate ABER . Oleh karena itu, penurunan API yang disertai penurunan ABER belum dapat diartikan sebagai penurunan insiden malaria. Selain ABER untuk menilai API juga digunakan Slide Positivity Rate SPR untuk melihat besaran tingkat infeksi pada kelompok populasi tertentu. Angka SPR bermakna bila ABER tinggi. Depkes membuat tahapan eliminasi malaria yaitu dari tahap pemberantasan,tahap pra eliminasi, tahap eliminasi dan tahap pemeliharaan. Tahap pra eliminasi salah satu syarat yang harus terpenuhi adalah Semua unit pelayanan kesehatan mampu memeriksa kasus secara laboratorium mikroskopis dan semua penderita malaria klinis di unit pelayanan kesehatan sudah dilakukan pemeriksaan sedia andar dan SPR mencapai

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ABSTRACT

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Title The Evaluation of Implementation of Malaria Elimination in 2020 Musi Rawas Regency on Reviews in 2018
Malaria Elimination is an effort to stop local malaria transmission in a certain geographical area. The effort of malaria elimination can be monitored by using Annual Parasite Incidence API indicator. The usefulness of API is to recognize the malaria incidence in a certain area within one year. The decrease of API is more valuable if it is followed by the increase of Annual Blood Examination Rate ABER . Thus the decrease of ABER does not mean the decrease of malaria incidence. Besides ABER, Slide Positivity Rate SPR is also used to see the magnitude of infection level on a certain population. The SPR digit is more valuable if ABER is high. The Department of Health has made stages in eliminating malaria. They are preelimination, elimination, and alimination and maintenance. In pre elimination stage, one of the conditions which has to be fulfilled is all health service units have been able to examine a case microscopically and all clinical patients of malaria in a healthservice unit have sufficient blood and the SPR is 5 . The SPR target has to be accomplished due to the function to see the magnitude of infection level in a certain population. In Musi Rawas Regency from years API has a decrease 0.15 in 2016, but if it is investigated per districts. SPR has a change fluctuatively and ABER remains low. This shows there is a problem which is not solved yet in order to eliminate malaria in Musi Rawas Regency. In the implementation program of malaria elimination, evaluation is a must to implement the malaria elimination in Musi Rawas Regency in 2020 so that the obstacles of human resource of the implementation of malaria

elimination in Musi Rawas Regency reviews can be detected in 2018.Keyword evaluation,malaria elimination