

Peranan faktor individu dan masyarakat terhadap penggunaan metode kontrasepsi jangka panjang (MKJP) pada wanita pasangan usia subur di Indonesia : analisis multilevel analisis lanjut data RPJMN BKKBN tahun 2017 = The role of individual and community factors on the use of long-term contraceptive methods (MKJP) on women of reproductive age couples in Indonesia: multilevel analysis further analysis of RPJMN BKKBN data 2017

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Abstrak

Tesis ini membahas peranan faktor individu dan masyarakat terhadap penggunaan Metode Kontrasepsi Jangka Panjang MKJP pada wanita pasangan usia subur menurut wilayah di Indonesia tahun 2017. Desain penelitian mengikuti desain analisis lanjutan data survei RPJMN BKKBN yaitu desain studi cross-sectional. Sampel penelitian pada survei RPJMN yaitu wanita pasangan usia subur. Data dianalisis dengan analisis Multilevel Regresi Logistic.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa proporsi wanita pasangan usia subur yang menggunakan metode kontrasepsi jangka panjang tertinggi adalah di wilayah Indonesia Jawa Bali sebesar 27,2. Hasil analisis multilevel menunjukkan bahwa terdapat variasi antar provinsi penggunaan MKJP pada wanita pasangan usia subur di wilayah Indonesia Jawa Bali dan Luar Jawa Bali I sebesar 1,4 dan sebesar 1,3 di wilayah Luar Jawa Bali II. Direkomendasikan kepada BKKBN untuk melakukan program penggunaan MKJP yang memperhatikan aspek wilayah dan tidak dapat diseragamkan untuk seluruh provinsi di Indonesia.

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This thesis discussed the role of individual and community factors on the use of Long Term Contraceptive Method MKJP in women of reproductive age couple by region in Indonesia in 2017. The study design follows the advanced analysis design of RPJMN BKKBN survey data that was cross sectional design. The sample of research on RPJMN survey was women of reproductive age couple. Data were analyzed by Multilevel Logistic Regression analysis.

The results showed that the proportion of women of reproductive age couple using the longest method of contraception was highest in the area of Indonesia Java Bali was 27.2 . Multilevel analysis results showed that there are variations between provinces of MKJP used in women of reproductive age couple in the area of Indonesia Java Bali and Outside Java Bali I of 1.4 and 1.3 in the area of Outside Java Bali II. It was recommended to BKKBN to implement MKJP usage program that takes into account the area aspect and can not be uniformed for all provinces in Indonesia.