

Analisis praktik residensi keperawatan medikal bedah dan studi kasus pemberian asuhan keperawatan pada pasien kanker pankreas dengan pendekatan model adaptasi roy = Analysis of medical surgical nursing residency practice and case study of nursing care delivery on patient with pancreatic carcinoma using roy adaptation model approach

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Abstrak

ABSTRAK
Pelaksanaan praktek klinik selama masa residensi Keperawatan Medikal Bedah peminatan Digestif bertujuan untuk mampu menampilkan peran perawat spesialis sebagai pemberi asuhan keperawatan lanjut, pendidik, advokat, konselor, kolaborator, pembaharu dan peneliti secara khusus pada keahlian Digestif. Peran pemberi asuhan keperawatan lanjut dilakukan dengan menggunakan Model Adaptasi Roy pada pasien dengan kanker pankreas dan 30 kasus pasien dengan masalah digestif lainnya. Salah satu karakteristik perawat spesialis adalah memberikan intervensi keperawatan berbasis bukti Evidence-based Nursing practice , yang dilakukan melalui penggunaan Animal Naming Test ANT untuk mengidentifikasi gangguan fungsi kognitif pada pasien sirosis hepatis yang sedang dirawat.

<hr>ABSTRACT
Animal Naming Test ANT yang diterapkan pada 16 pasien sirosis telah berhasil mengidentifikasi lebih banyak pasien yang mengalami gangguan kognitif dibandingkan dengan asesmen klinis yang sudah ada di ruang perawatan. Inovasi dalam pelayanan keperawatan yang dilakukan melalui program inovasi kelompok berupa penerapan kegiatan ERAS yakni memberikan minuman karnohidrat Maltodextrin, mobilisasi dini dan mengunyah permen, terbukti berhasil meningkatkan pemulihan perawatan pasien pembedahan sistem pencernaan.<hr />The purpose of Clinical learning practice during Medical Surgical Nursing Residency Program, with specialisation in digestive, is to facilitate the student in developing capability to perform the roles of nurse specialist as advanced nursing care provider, educator, advocation, counselor, collaborator, innovator and researcher. Advance nursing care provider role is implemented by using Roy Adaptation Model on pancreatic carcinoma patient and 30 other digestive cases. Evidence Based Nursing Practice as other character of nurse specialist practice was performed by applying animal naming test ANT to identify cognitive problem in hospitalized cirrhotic patients. It is based on the importance for nurse to recognize early cognitive dysfunction to provide better nursing care especially in latent asymptomatic hepatic encephalopathy that common happens in cirrhosis patient. ANT was tested on 16 hospitalized cirrhotic patients and succeeded in identifying more cirrhosis patient with cognitive dysfunction compared to available assessments in ward. The innovation program which was implementing ERAS activities carbohydrate loading, early mobilization and chewing gum have proven to be effective perioperative management in digestive surgery.