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Orientasi dominasi sosial sebagai alternatif untuk melihat sikap implisit terhadap sistem sosial yang timpang: Adaptasi skala orientasi dominasi sosial 7 (SDO7 scale) / M. himawan T. Arifianto

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**Abstrak** 

## <b>ABSTRACT</b><br>

This research is an adaptation of new conceptualizations and measurements of social domination orientation (individual differences in preferences for group based hierarchy and inequality) called 80078. This SDO7S measuring instrument has two dimensions, namely dominance (800 0) and egalitarian (SDO E). SDO D is a preference for group based domination systems where groups with high status directly suppress groups with low status. SDO-E is a preference of a group based inequality system that is maintained by the relationship between ideology and social arrangements that support the existence of hierarchies in social systems. This SDOyS adaptation involved 200 participants (69% women; Mage = 21.6 years). In this measurement adaptation, two invalid items were found, item number 1 (8001) and 2 (SDOZ). Both of these items were excluded from the analysis. Reliability test results indicate that the 80078 adaptation measuring instrument is a reliable measuring tool, as well as validity testing that measures that the SDO7S adaptation measuring instrument is a valid tool in measuring social dominance orientation. The results of the confirmatory factor analysis show that the two dimensional model in social domination orientation, namely dominance (800 0) and egalitarian (SDOE) are not tit with the data. Whereas the four factor model of social dominance orientation (D pro, E Pro, and E Con) is a theoretical model that fits the data. The adaptation of the DO7S measuring instrument shows that the measurement of social dominance orientation has four factors, consisting of two dimensions and two sub dimensions in each dimension