

Hubungan budaya dan pengasuhan terhadap theory of mind anak dalam masyarakat matrilineal di Sumatera Barat = The relationship between parent's culture and attitude to children's theory of mind in matrilineal societies West Sumatera

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Abstrak

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui apakah terdapat hubungan budaya dan pengasuhan terhadap perkembangan theory of mind (ToM) anak di Sumatera Barat yang memiliki sistem kekerabatan matrilineal atau garis keturunan dari Ibu. Perolehan ToM diukur dengan menggunakan theory of mind scale, budaya orang tua diukur dengan skala pengasuhan individualis-kolektvis, dan pengasuhan orang tua diukur dengan Parenting Attitude Inventory (PAI). Skala ToM diberikan pada 80 anak (35 laki-laki, 45 perempuan) dengan usia 5-6 tahun. Kuesioner budaya dan pengasuhan diberikan kepada orang tua anak. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa tidak terdapat hubungan yang signifikan dari budaya dan pengasuhan terhadap ToM. Selain itu pola perkembangan ToM anak di Sumatera Barat mengikuti pola eastern yaitu DD>KA>DB>FB>HE.

ABSTRACT

This study aims to determine whether there is a cultural and nurturing relationship to the development of the theory of mind (ToM) of children in West Sumatra who have a matrilineal kinship system or lineage from their mother. ToM acquisition is measured using the theory of mind scale, parental culture is measured by the individualist-collectivist parenting scale, and parenting is measured by the Parenting Attitude Inventory (PAI). The ToM scale was given to 80 children (35 boys, 45 girls) aged 5-6 years. Culture and parenting questionnaires were administered to the child's parents. The results showed that there was no significant relationship between culture and care for ToM. In addition, the development pattern of children's ToM in West Sumatra follows the eastern pattern, namely DD>KA>DB>FB>HE.