

Hubungan ekspresi reseptor progesteron dengan derajat penyakit dan respons radiasi pada meningioma: Telaah sistematis = Correlation of progesterone receptor expression with tumor grade and radiation response in meningioma: A systematic review

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Abstrak

Peran reseptor progesteron pada meningioma masih diperdebatkan. Namun ekspresi reseptor ini cenderung memberikan prognosis yang baik bagi pasien. Berbagai studi telah dilakukan untuk mengidentifikasi faktor prognosis yang mempengaruhi luaran meningioma. Telaah sistematis ini mengevaluasi berbagai studi yang menilai hubungan ekspresi reseptor progesteron terhadap derajat meningioma, serta luaran klinis berupa rekurensi, recurrence free survival (RFS), progression free survival (PFS), local control (LC), dan overall survival (OS) pada pasien meningioma. Berdasarkan hasil telaah sistematis ini, ekspresi reseptor progesteron mempunyai hubungan terbalik dengan peningkatan derajat meningioma. Ekspresi reseptor progesteron positif juga memberikan luaran yang lebih baik pada pasien pasca operasi. Studi mengenai respons radiasi terkait reseptor progesteron masih sangat jarang.

.....The role of progesterone receptors in meningiomas is still debatable. However, the expression of these receptors tends to provide a good prognosis. Various studies have been conducted to identify progesterone receptors as a prognostic factors. This systematic review evaluates various studies assessing relation of progesterone receptor expression to the grade of meningioma and clinical outcomes in the form of recurrence, recurrence free survival (RFS), progression free survival (PFS), local control (LC), and overall survival (OS). Based on the results of this systematic review, progesterone receptor expression has an inverse relation with an increased grade. Positive progesterone receptor expression also have a better outcome in postoperative patients. Studies of the radiation response associated with progesterone receptors are rare.