

Perilaku seksual remaja pekerja seks dan risiko kesehatan reproduksi mereka : Studi kasus Klinik IMS milik LSM di Daerah Khusus Ibu Kota Jakarta

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Abstrak

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menjelaskan perilaku seksual remaja pekerja seks, risiko kesehatan reproduksi mereka dan pengalamannya memanfaatkan layanan klinik milik sebuah LSM di DKI Jakarta. Pendekatan kualitatif dengan menggunakan perspektif perempuan digunakan dalam penelitian ini. Data dikumpulkan melalui wawancara mendalam, studi dokumen dan observasi.

Penelitian ini menemukan bahwa perilaku seksual informan pekerja seks menimbulkan risiko kesehatan reproduksi. Bagi remaja putri risiko itu adalah KTD, aborsi, terpapar IMS HIV-AIDS dan kekerasan seksual sedangkan bagi remaja waria adalah terpapar IMS HIV AIDS dan kekerasan seksual. Informan remaja putri maupun remaja waria mengatasi sendiri risiko kesehatan reproduksi tersebut sebelum mereka periksa di klinik. One day service yang cepat dan murah untuk pemeriksaan IMS membuat para informan ini datang ke klinik tersebut. Di samping itu, mereka dilayani dengan baik dan ramah di sana. Diperlukan penguatan kepribadian bagi remaja putri dan waria agar mereka sadar untuk meninggalkan profesi sebagai pekerja seks secepatnya karena membahayakan hidupnya di masa depan. Disamping itu negara wajib menghentikan prostitusi anak berkaitan dengan UU No 23 tahun 2002 tentang perlindungan anak.

This research aimed to describe sexual behavior of adolescent prostitution, their risk in reproductive health and their experiences in using the services offered by a clinic which belong to a non government organization in DKI Jakarta. Qualitative approach using women perspective was applied in this research. The data collection techniques were in-depth interview, documentation study, and observation.

This research revealed that sexual behavior of the informants who are adolescent prostitution causes reproductive health risk. For female informants the risks are unwanted pregnancy, abortion, sexually transmitted infection (STI) - HIV/AIDS and sexual violence. The risks for transgender adolescent informants are sexually transmitted infection (STI) - HIV/AIDS and sexual violence. Both informants, female adolescent and transgender adolescent, tried first to overcome those risks by taking antibiotics which sold out over the counter before going to the clinic. The one day service for examining STI which is quick and cheap makes informants prefer to visit that clinic. Besides, they felt that they were well treated and the health providers are friendly. It needs a personal reinforcing for female and transgender adolescent to make them realize to leave prostitution as soon as possible since it is harmful for their future life. Actually, the state is responsible to stop child prostitution based on Law No 2312002 concerning child protection.