

Analisis Penerimaan Penggunaan Sistem Informasi Manajemen Rumah Sakit Generic Open Source 2 (SIMRS GOS 2) Berdasarkan Technology Acceptance Model (TAM) Pada Tenaga Medis dan Tenaga Kesehatan di RSUD dr Doris Sylvanus Palangkaraya Tahun 2023 = Analysis of Acceptance of the Use of the Generic Open Source 2 Hospital Management Information System (HIMS GOS 2) Based on the Technology Acceptance Model (TAM) for Medical and Health Workers at RSUD dr Doris Sylvanus Palangkaraya in 2023

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Abstrak

RSUD dr Doris Sylvanus Palangkaraya melakukan implementasi SIMRS GOS 2 untuk meningkatkan efisiensi, efektifitas, dan kinerja. Penerimaan penggunaan SIMRS merupakan penentu dalam kesuksesan implementasi. Tenaga medis dan nakes merupakan pengguna SIMRS GOS 2 terbanyak di rumah sakit, sehingga dianggap perlu untuk menganalisis penerimaannya. Analisis penerimaan pengguna dilakukan berdasarkan Technology Acceptance Model (TAM) dalam penelitian kuantitatif berdesain cross sectional. Responden penelitian sebanyak 265 tenaga medis dan tenaga kesehatan RSUD dr Doris Sylvanus. Analisis dilakukan dengan uji univariat dan Structural Equation Model (SEM). Hasil penelitian didapatkan terdapat hubungan langsung yang positif dan terbukti secara statistik antara persepsi kemudahan dengan persepsi manfaat. Persepsi manfaat memiliki hubungan yang positif dengan sikap. Sikap memiliki hubungan positif dengan niat menggunakan. Niat menggunakan memiliki hubungan positif dengan penggunaan SIMRS GOS 2 secara nyata. Hubungan tidak langsung dan positif didapatkan antara persepsi manfaat dengan niat menggunakan melalui sikap. Tidak didapatkan hubungan langsung antara persepsi kemudahan dengan sikap, demikian pula antara persepsi manfaat dengan niat menggunakan SIMRS GOS 2 oleh para tenaga medis dan nakes di RSUD dr Doris Sylvanus.

.....RSUD dr Doris Sylvanus Palangkaraya implemented SIMRS GOS 2 to improve efficiency, effectiveness, and performance. Acceptance of the use of SIMRS is decisive in successful implementation. Health workers are the most users of SIMRS GOS 2 in hospitals, so it is considered necessary to analyze their acceptance. User acceptance analysis was conducted based on the Technology Acceptance Model (TAM) in crosssectional quantitative research. The respondents of the study were 265 health workers of Dr. Doris Sylvanus Hospital. The analysis was carried out with univariate tests and the Structural Equation Model (SEM). The results of the study found that there was a positive and statistically proven direct relationship between the perception of convenience and the perception of benefits. The perception of benefits has a positive relationship with attitude. Attitude has a positive relationship with intent to use. The intention to use has a positive relationship with the real use of SIMRS GOS 2. An indirect and positive relationship is obtained between the perception of benefits and the intention to use through attitude. There is no direct relationship between the perception of convenience and attitude, as well as between the perception of benefits and the intention to use SIMRS GOS 2 by health workers at Dr. Dosir Sylvanus Hospital.