

Praktek Kerja di Puskesmas Kramat Jati periode 03-14 April 2023, Rasionalitas Peresepan Obat Terhadap Pasien ISPA dan Diare di Puskesmas Kelurahan Kramat Jati = Intership at Puskesmas Kramat Jati period 03-14 April 2023, Rationality of Medication Prescribing For ISPA and Diarrhea Patients at The Kramat Jati Village Health Center

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Abstrak

Infeksi saluran pernapasan atas (ISPA) dan diare merupakan penyakit umum yang sering dijumpai di masyarakat. Pengobatan ISPA dan diare umumnya menggunakan obat, namun penggunaan obat yang tidak rasional dapat berakibat negatif. Puskesmas Kelurahan Kramat Jati merupakan salah satu puskesmas di Jakarta yang melayani pengobatan ISPA dan diare. Tugas khusus ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis rasionalitas peresepan obat terhadap pasien ISPA dan diare di Puskesmas Kelurahan Kramat Jati. Metode Penelitian Tujuan dari tugas khusus ini adalah mengetahui persentase peresepan antibiotik pada penderita ISPA non pneumonia untuk disesuaikan dengan indikator POR nasional dalam rangka mendukung Penggunaan Obat Rasional (POR) yang sesuai di pelayanan kefarmasian di puskesmas dan mengetahui persentase peresepan antibiotik pada penderita Diare non spesifik untuk disesuaikan dengan indikator POR nasional dalam rangka mendukung Penggunaan Obat Rasional (POR) yang sesuai di pelayanan kefarmasian di puskesmas. Hasil tugas khusus yaitu Persentase yang didapat untuk penggunaan antibiotik pada pasien ISPA di Puskesmas Kelurahan Kramat Jati 1 tidak melebihi persentase angka berdasarkan indikator POR nasional (<20%) yaitu sebesar 4,8% dan Diare juga tidak melebihi persentase angka berdasarkan indikator POR nasional (<8%) yaitu sebesar 20%. Kesimpulan tingkat rasionalitas peresepan obat terhadap pasien ISPA dan diare di Puskesmas.

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Upper respiratory tract infections (ARI) and diarrhea are common diseases that are often found in the community. Treatment for ARI and diarrhea generally uses medication, but irrational use of medication can have negative consequences. The Kramat Jati Village Health Center is one of the community health centers in Jakarta that provides treatment for ISPA and diarrhea. This special assignment aims to analyze the rationality of prescribing medication for ISPA and diarrhea patients at the Kramat Jati Village Health Center. Research methods The aim of this special task is to find out the percentage of antibiotic prescriptions in non-pneumonic ARI sufferers to be adjusted to the national POR indicators in order to support appropriate Rational Drug Use (POR) in pharmaceutical services at community health centers and to find out the percentage of antibiotic prescriptions in non-specific Diarrhea sufferers to be adjusted to national POR indicators in order to support appropriate Rational Drug Use (POR) in pharmaceutical services at community health centers. The results of the special assignment were that the percentage obtained for the use of antibiotics in ISPA patients at the Kramat Jati 1 Village Health Center did not exceed the percentage figure based on the national POR indicator (<20%) which was 4.8% and Diarrhea also did not exceed the percentage figure based on the national POR indicator (<20%) <8%) which is 20%. The conclusion is that the level of rationality in prescribing medicines for ISPA and diarrhea patients at the Kramat Jati Village Health Center is quite good.