

ABSTRAK

Nama : Maria Elisabeth
Program Studi : Sarjana
Judul : Prevalensi dan Distribusi Fissure Tongue, Geographic Tongue, Median Rhomboid Glossitis dan Hairy Tongue pada Pasien Rumah Sakit Gigi dan Mulut Pendidikan Fakultas Kedokteran Gigi Universitas Indonesia berdasarkan Usia dan Jenis Kelamin

Penelitian ini fokus pada fissure tongue, geographic tongue, median rhomboid glossitis dan hairy tongue. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk menentukan prevalensi dan distribusi dari lesi tersebut berdasarkan usia dan jenis kelamin pada 312 pasien yang datang ke Rumah Sakit Gigi dan Mulut Pendidikan Fakultas Kedokteran Gigi Universitas Indonesia. Studi ini merupakan survei epidemiologi deskriptif dengan pendekatan potong lintang (cross-sectional). Data diperoleh melalui pemeriksaan klinis dan wawancara. Fissure tongue merupakan lesi yang paling sering ditemukan (46,5%) diikuti geographic tongue (3,2%), median rhomboid glossitis (1,3%) dan hairy tongue (1,3%). Semua lesi tersebut ditemukan lebih sering pada pasien pria. Fissure tongue, geographic tongue, median rhomboid glossitis dan hairy tongue memiliki prevalensi paling tinggi pada kelompok usia 61-68 tahun, 5-12 tahun, 53-60 tahun dan 13-20 tahun, secara berurutan.

Kata kunci:
prevalensi, distribusi, fissure tongue, geographic tongue, median rhomboid glossitis, hairy tongue, usia, jenis kelamin

ABSTRACT

Name : Maria Elisabeth
Study Program : Bachelor Degree
Title : Prevalence and Distribution of Fissure Tongue,
Geographic Tongue, Median Rhomboid Glossitis and
Hairy Tongue in Patients Visiting University of Indonesia
Dental Hospital according to Age and Gender

This study is focused on fissure tongue, geographic tongue, median rhomboid glossitis and hairy tongue. The purpose of this study is to determine the prevalence and distribution of these lesions according to age and gender in 312 patients who visited University of Indonesia dental hospital. This study has been done by cross sectional descriptive epidemiological survey. The data were collected by clinical examination and interview. Fissure tongue was observed most frequently (46.5%) followed by geographic tongue (3.2%), median rhomboid glossitis (1.3%) and hairy tongue (1.3%). All of these lesions are more common in male patients. Fissure tongue, geographic tongue, median rhomboid glossitis, and hairy tongue had the highest prevalence in 61-68 years old, 5-12 years old, 53-60 years old, 13-20 years old, respectively.

Key words:

prevalence, distribution, fissure tongue, geographic tongue, median rhomboid glossitis, hairy tongue, age, gender.