



Gambar 2. Jalur Pipa Minyak dan Gas Eropa dari Rusia



Dzokhar Dudayev



Zelimkhan Yandarbiev



Aslan Maskhadov



Abdul-Halim Sadulayev

Gambar 3. Presiden Republik Chechnya-Ichkeria



Shamil Basayev



Khattab

Gambar 4. Para Panglima Perang Chechnya

Orang-orang di atas (selain Dudayev) merupakan tokoh kunci dan sasaran Vladimir Putin dalam kebijakan menumpas gerakan etnonasionalisme di Chechnya. Keberadaan mereka sangat berpengaruh pada kelangsungan pergerakan perlawanan.

Beginning of the Meeting with King of Jordan Abdullah II

September 2, 2004.

Moscow, Kremlin.

PRESIDENT VLADIMIR PUTIN:

Over the last ten days Russia has been hit by a series of terrorist attacks that have left dozens of innocent people killed and injured.

We realise that these attacks are directed not only at individual Russian citizens but against Russia as a whole. What is happening now in North Ossetia is terrible, terrible because children are among those taken hostage, and because this attack could tear apart the already fragile inter-religious and interethnic relations in the region. We will do everything in our power to prevent such a development of events.

Our primary objective in this situation, of course, is to save the lives and health of those who have been taken hostage. All action taken by our forces who are working on freeing the hostages will be dictated solely by this objective, by the need to resolve this task.

In connection with these events, I would like to express my gratitude to all the heads of state and government and to the UN Security Council, to all those who have expressed their solidarity with Russia.

I would also like to express my gratitude to you, Your Majesty, for accepting our invitation and coming to Moscow. I hope that your voice, the voice of the authoritative leader of a Muslim country, the voice of a man who we know is considered to be a direct descendent of the Prophet Mohammed, will be heard by those upon whom depend the lives and health of our citizens who have been taken hostage.

KING ABDULLAH II: Mr President, as your friend I would like to express my concern over this unfolding drama in which schoolchildren have been taken hostage. As the father of three children, I can imagine very well what the parents whose dearly loved children are in the hands of the hostage takers must be going through. As a Muslim, I pray for the safe return of these children to their parents.

At this time as this terrible tragedy unfolds and innocent children have been taken hostage and have become the victims of this terrible act of terrorism, we in the Muslim community, and indeed in the entire world community, stand firmly on your side and ask that these lives be saved.

Mr President, we are all praying for Russia at this moment, we are all praying for you, for these young schoolchildren held hostage to be safely reunited with their parents and for an end to this terrible crime and we hope that this will happen.

Lampiran 1. Pidato kenegaraan Vladimir Putin ketika penyerangan terhadap sekolah di Beslan terjadi.

Statement at Operations Headquarters for Freeing the Hostages

September 4, 2004.

Beslan

PRESIDENT VLADIMIR PUTIN:

This is not the first time North Ossetia has come under attack by terrorists. North Ossetia is Russia's southern outpost. But even the cruel attacks of the past pale beside this act of terrorism because this time, children were the target.

All of Russia is now with North Ossetia at this time, grieving together with you, thanking you and praying for you.

While still in Moscow I gave some instructions on our further action to identify and find everyone who had a part in this terrorist act. I gave the instruction to block exit from the town, close the North-Ossetia-Alania section of the state border, carry out targeted checks to find everyone involved in this terrorist act and close the republic's administrative borders.

One of the terrorists' aims was to foment interethnic hatred and send the North Caucasus into an explosion of violence. We will consider anyone who gives in to this kind of provocation as an accomplice in this terrorist act and a supporter of the terrorists.

I ask all of you present here, and the republic's interior minister, to act according to this line. Now let us take a more detailed look at the situation and map out our next decisions. A separate issue later, of course, will be providing assistance to the victims, to the families of those who were killed, and helping the republic and the town.

Emergency situations minister Sergei Shoigu will remain here to work on this. The health minister and the education minister will also arrive here tomorrow.

We need to draw up a list of everyone who needs help and support. Alexander Sergeevich [Dzasokhov], we will do all we can to help people, help them get treatment and restore their health. If you think it best to send them elsewhere for treatment and rehabilitation, we will organise this as soon as possible, as soon as their health permits, and will arrange for them, children and adults, to go to any treatment and health centres.

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ALEXANDER DZASOKHOV: I would like to say that the people have shown fortitude, courage and self-control. Here in your presence I would like to thank all our doctors and everyone whose job it is to work in such conditions – the doctors from the Emergency Situations Ministry and the Health Ministry. I would like to thank our teachers who really were all standing firm with this school and with their students. Now, of course, it is our

duty to tell the people here the truth, to show what really happened as the facts become clear in order to realise the full danger and scale of the terrorists' plans.

VLADIMIR PUTIN: I would like to thank, of course, everyone who worked here at the headquarters. As for the people in the Special Forces units, that is a separate conversation and we will meet with you. Unfortunately, we have suffered many casualties. We did examine all possible scenarios, of course, but we were not preparing to storm the building. Events developed quite fast and unexpectedly and followed their own logic. The people from our Special Forces units and the republic's Interior Ministry showed courage and self-sacrifice.

Lampiran 2. Pidato kenegaraan Vladimir Putin pasca tragedi di Beslan





RIWAYAT HIDUP

Donny Hermaswangi, lahir di Jakarta, 11 Juli 1986, adalah anak pertama dari pasangan Fran Juhro Wiedodo dan Endah Wahyuni. Ia memulai pendidikannya di Sekolah Dasar Bani Saleh 2 (lulus) tahun 1997, Sekolah Menengah Pertama Negeri 8 Bekasi tahun 2000, dan Sekolah Menengah Atas Negeri 6 Bekasi tahun 2003. Ia melanjutkan studi di Fakultas Ilmu Pengetahuan Budaya Universitas Indonesia, Program Studi Rusia, dari tahun 2003—2008, hingga memperoleh gelar Sarjana Humaniora dengan skripsi berjudul Kebijakan Vladimir Putin Terhadap Gerakan Etnonasionalisme Chechnya (2000—2005).

Sewaktu kuliah ia pernah menjabat Ketua Himpunan Mahasiswa Program Studi Rusia, IKASSLAV (Ikatan Kekerabatan Sastra Slavia) tahun 2006—2007; Kepala Divisi Olahraga IKASSLAV tahun 2005—2006; anggota Sastra Football Club; penerjemah di Forum Komunikasi Pusat Kegiatan Belajar Mengajar Indonesia di Kebayoran; dan pengasuh serta kontributor di media IKASSLAV, *Brutusky*.