

Lampiran 1. Keluarga Mikrokontroler Basic Stamp

Released Products	Rev.Dx / BS1-IC	BS2-IC	BS2e-IC	BS2sx-IC
Package	PCB w/Proto / 14-pin SIP	24-pin DIP	24-pin DIP	24-pin DIP
Package Size (L x W x H)	2.5" x 1.5" x .5" / 1.4" x .6" x .1"	1.2" x 0.6" x 0.4"	1.2" x 0.6" x 0.4"	1.2" x 0.6" x 0.4"
Environment *	0° - 70° C (32° - 158° F) **	0° - 70° C (32° - 158° F) **	0° - 70° C (32° - 158° F)	0° - 70° C (32° - 158° F)
Microcontroller	Microchip PIC16C56	Microchip PIC16x57	Parallax SX28	Parallax SX28
Processor Speed	4 MHz	20 MHz	20 MHz	50 MHz
Program Execution Speed	~2,000 instructions/sec.	~4,000 instructions/sec.	~4,000 instructions/sec.	~10,000 instructions/sec.
RAM Size	16 Bytes (2 I/O, 14 Variable)	32 Bytes (6 I/O, 26 Variable)	32 Bytes (6 I/O, 26 Variable)	32 Bytes (6 I/O, 26 Variable)
Scratch Pad RAM	N/A	N/A	64 Bytes	64 Bytes
EEPROM (Program) Size	256 Bytes, ~60 instructions	2K Bytes, ~500 instructions	8 x 2K Bytes, ~4,000 inst.	8 x 2K Bytes, ~4,000 inst.
Number of I/O pins	8	16 + 2 Dedicated Serial	16 + 2 Dedicated Serial	16 + 2 Dedicated Serial
Voltage Requirements	5 - 15 vdc	5 - 15 vdc	5 - 12 vdc	5 - 12 vdc
Current Draw @ 5V	1 mA Run / 25 µA Sleep	3 mA Run / 50 µA Sleep	25 mA Run / 200 µA Sleep	60 mA Run / 500 µA Sleep
Source / Sink Current per I/O	20 mA / 25 mA	20 mA / 25 mA	30 mA / 30 mA	30 mA / 30 mA
Source / Sink Current per unit	40 mA / 50 mA	40 mA / 50 mA per 8 I/O pins	60 mA / 60 mA per 8 I/O pins	60 mA / 60 mA per 8 I/O pins
PBASIC Commands***	32	42	45	45
PC Programming Interface	Serial (w/BS1-Serial Adapter)	Serial (9600 baud)	Serial (9600 baud)	Serial (9600 baud)
Windows Text Editor	Stampw.exe (v2.1 and up)	Stampw.exe (v1.04 and up)	Stampw.exe (v1.096 and up)	Stampw.exe (v1.091 and up)

Released Products	BS2p24-IC	BS2p40-IC	BS2pe-IC	BS2px-IC
Package	24-pin DIP	40-pin DIP	24-pin DIP	24-pin DIP
Package Size (L x W x H)	1.2" x 0.6" x 0.4"	2.1" x 0.8" x 0.4"	1.2" x 0.6" x 0.4"	1.2" x 0.6" x 0.4"
Environment *	0° - 70° C (32° - 158° F)	0° - 70° C (32° - 158° F)	0° - 70° C (32° - 158° F)	0° - 70° C (32° - 158° F)
Microcontroller	Parallax SX48	Parallax SX48	Parallax SX48	Parallax SX48
Processor Speed	20 MHz Turbo	20 MHz Turbo	8 MHz Turbo	32 MHz Turbo
Program Execution Speed	~12,000 instructions/sec.	~12,000 instructions/sec.	~6000/sec.	~19,000 instructions/sec.
RAM Size	38 Bytes (12 I/O, 26 Variable)	38 Bytes (12 I/O, 26 Variable)	38 Bytes (12 I/O, 26 Variable)	38 Bytes (12 I/O, 26 Variable)
Scratch Pad RAM	128 Bytes	128 Bytes	128 Bytes	128 Bytes
EEPROM (Program) Size	8 x 2K Bytes, ~4,000 inst.	8 x 2K Bytes, ~4,000 inst.	16 x 2K Bytes (16 K for source)	8 x 2K Bytes, ~4,000 inst.
Number of I/O pins	16 + 2 Dedicated Serial	32 + 2 Dedicated Serial	16 + 2 Dedicated Serial	16 + 2 Dedicated Serial
Voltage Requirements	5 - 12 vdc	5 - 12 vdc	5 - 12 vdc	5 - 12 vdc
Current Draw @ 5V	40 mA Run / 350 µA Sleep	40 mA Run / 350 µA Sleep	15 mA Run / 36 µA Sleep	55 mA Run / 450 µA Sleep
Source / Sink Current per I/O	30 mA / 30 mA	30 mA / 30 mA	30 mA / 30 mA	30 mA / 30 mA
Source / Sink Current per unit	60 mA / 60 mA per 8 I/O pins	60 mA / 60 mA per 8 I/O pins	60 mA / 60 mA per 8 I/O pins	60 mA / 60 mA per 8 I/O pins
PBASIC Commands***	61	61	61	63
PC Programming Interface	Serial (9600 baud)	Serial (9600 baud)	Serial (9600 baud)	Serial (19200 baud)
Windows Text Editor	Stampw.exe (v1.1 and up)	Stampw.exe (v1.1 and up)	Stampw.exe (v1.33 and up)	Stampw.exe (v2.2 and up)

* 70% Non-Condensing Humidity

** Industrial Models Available, -40° - 85° C (-40° - 185° F).

*** Using PBASIC 2.5 for BS2-type models.

Sumber : Parallax, Inc., USA

Lampiran 2. Foto-Foto Robot Pencari Jalur

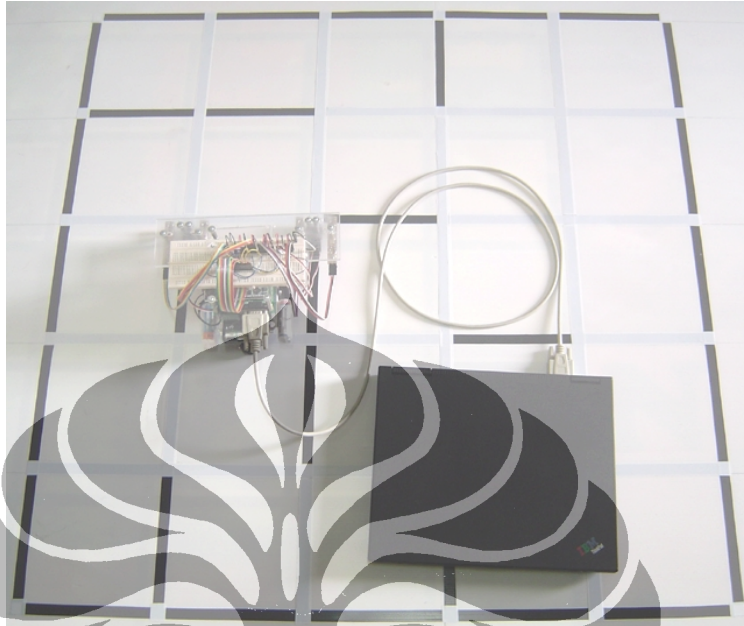


Foto 1 Development Environment:
Download Kecerdasan Buatan pada Robot Pencari Jalur Menggunakan Komunikasi Serial

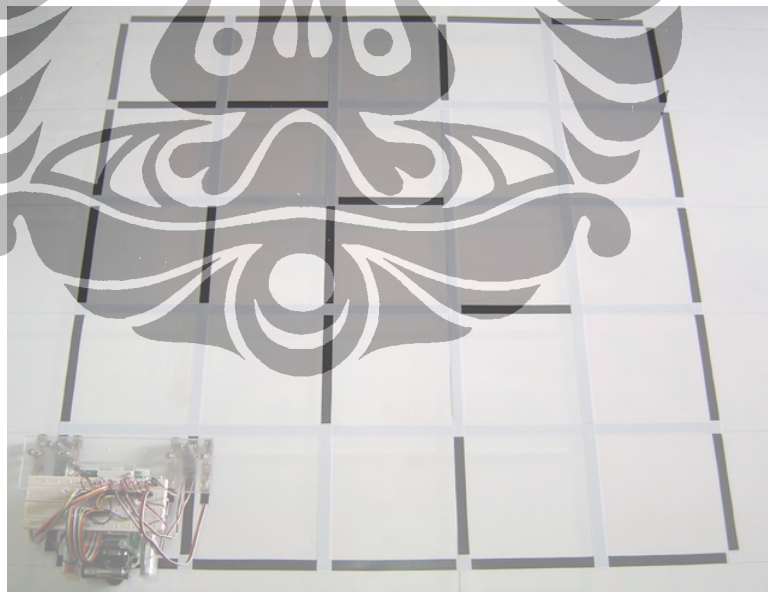


Foto 2. *Cell* Awal Robot Pencari Jalur di Lingkungan Labirin Dua Dimensi

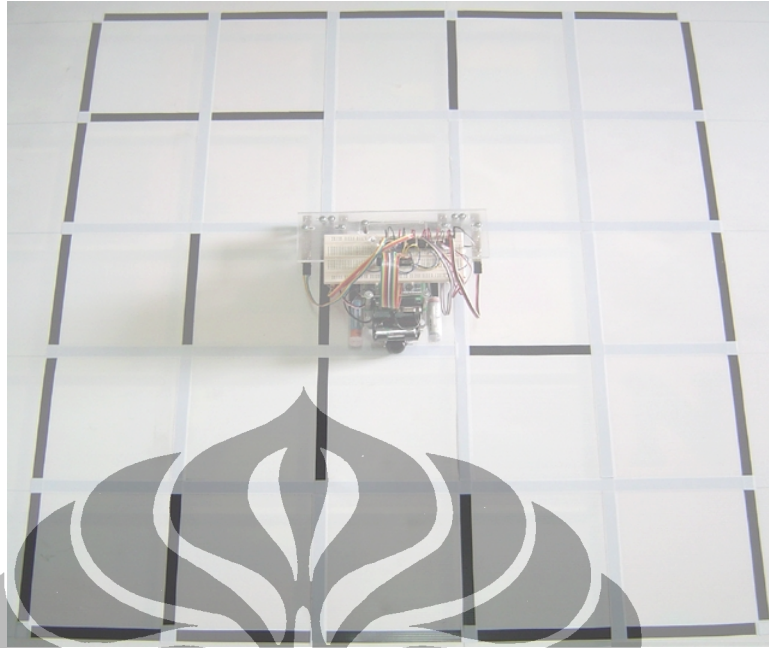
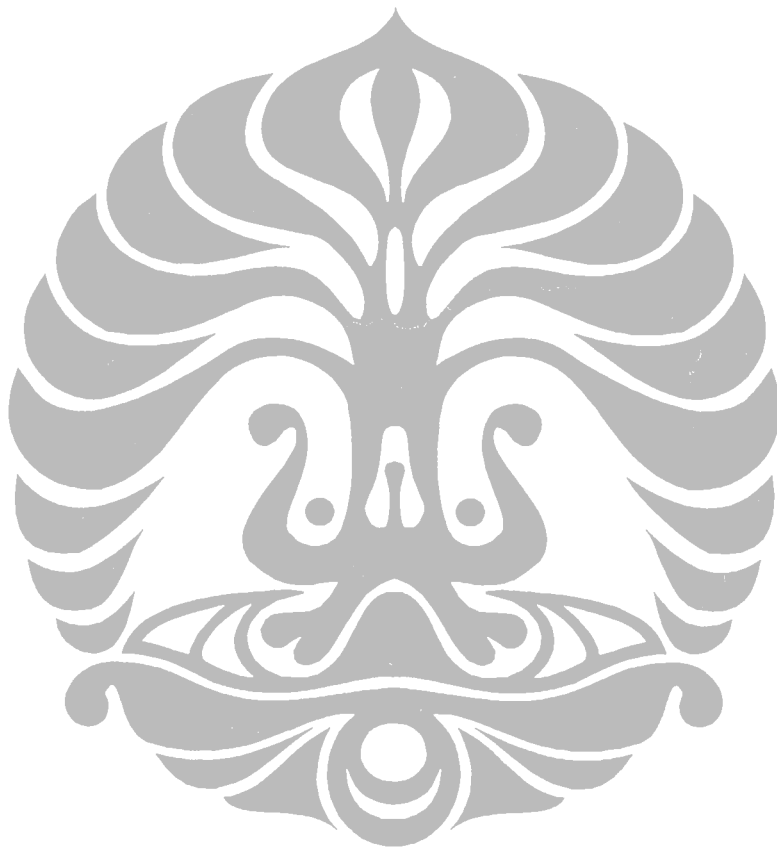


Foto 3. *Cell Tujuan* Robot Pencari Jalur di Lingkungan Labirin Dua Dimensi

Lampiran 2.
Paper pada “The 10th Quality In Research (QIR) International Conference”
University of Indonesia, December 4-6, 2007



Design and Implementation of Artificial Intelligence of Path Searching Robot Based on Microcontroller BASIC Stamp

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Abstract– Artificial intelligence in robotics, as a smart algorithm programmed into the robot, is needed by the robot to help human to do some work automatically and in autonomous way. In this research, the implanted artificial intelligence is designed for path searching, included in mapping activity, from starting point at corner to destination point at center, in controlled environment like maze. General speaking, this research want to contribute in knowledge development under robotics domain of autonomous position-sensing and navigation.

Robot design for this artificial intelligence consists of two aspects, i.e. robot prototype itself, and maze environment where path-searching robot will run. Implementation of robot involves three aspects, i.e. input (sensor to capture information from the environment), process (processor and its supporting system as robot brain for data processing), and output (as result of data processing, it can be signal for controlling the motor, etc).

The artificial intelligence in this research is implemented using PBASIC programming language, with BASIC Stamp BS2px from Parallax as targeted microcontroller. Multi bank programming style is used to utilize 16 KB internal EEPROM resource, comprise of eight memory bank with 2 KB capacity respectively, to save program code. This code supports robot function for path searching in maze, by using Flood-Fill algorithm and modified Flood-Fill algorithm as main algorithms. Flexibility and scalability are two concepts of this artificial intelligence to accommodate features addition and to anticipate more complex maze environment.

Keywords– Artificial Intelligence, robot, autonomous position-sensing and navigation, microcontroller, PBASIC, Basic Stamp, multi bank programming, Flood-Fill algorithm, modified Flood-Fill algorithm

I. INTRODUCTION

Robot, to associate behaviors with a place (localization) requires to know where it is and to be able to navigate point-to-point. Such navigation began with wire-guidance in the 1970s and progressed in the early 2000s to beacon-based triangulation.

For indoor application, current commercial robots autonomously navigate based on sensing natural features. The first commercial robots to achieve this were Pyxus' HelpMate hospital robot and the CyberMotion guard robot, both designed in the 1980s. These robots originally used manually created CAD floor plans, sonar sensing and wall-following variations to navigate buildings. The next generation, such as MobileRobots' PatrolBot and autonomous wheelchair both introduced in 2004, have the ability to create their own laser-based maps of a building and to navigate open areas as well as corridors. Their control system changes its path on-the-fly if something blocks the way [1].

At the other side, outdoor autonomy is most easily achieved in the air, since obstacles are rare. Cruise missiles are rather dangerous highly autonomous robots. Some of unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs) are capable of flying their entire mission without any human interaction at all except possibly for the landing where a person intervenes using radio remote control. But some drone aircraft are capable of a safe, automatic landing also.

Outdoor autonomy is the most difficult for ground vehicles, due to: a) 3-dimensional terrain, b) great disparities in surface density, c) weather exigencies, and d) instability of the sensed environment. The Mars rovers MER-A and MER-B can find the position of the sun and navigate their own routes to destinations on-the-fly by: a) mapping the surface with 3-D vision, b) computing safe and unsafe areas on the surface within that field of vision, c) computing optimal paths across the safe area towards the desired destination, d) driving along the calculated route, e) repeating this cycle until either the destination is reached, or there is no known path to the destination

II. BASIC THEORY

The objective of this research is to create artificial intelligence for path searching robot from starting cell at corner to destination cell at center of the maze without breaking 2-dimension walls, represented by black line that exist in different side on each cell (Fig.1a). Fig.1b illustrates how at starting cell, robot has no information about walls except at the current cell where robot is standing on and detect wall using its sensors.

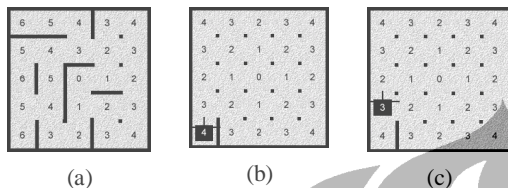


Fig.1. (a) Maze with wall (b) Maze view by robot at start (c) Robot move to other cell

To solve this path searching problem, Flood-Fill algorithm and modified Flood-Fill algorithm are used as main algorithms for this artificial intelligence.

The Flood-Fill algorithm involves assigning values to each of the cells in the maze where these values represent the distance from any cell on the maze to the destination cell without breaking the wall. The destination cell, therefore, is assigned a value of 0. If the path searching robot is standing in a cell with a value of 1, it is 1 cell away from the goal. If the robot is standing in a cell with a value of 3, it is 3 cells away from the goal. Fig.1b represents initial value for every cell known by robot at start with initial assumption there is no wall at all.

For the maze at Fig.1, we would have 5 rows by 5 columns = 25 cell values. Therefore we would need 25 bytes to store the distance values for a complete maze. Actually, for this research, we have designed other data needed by a cell, as shown by Table 1 below.

Table 1. Cell data design (put in Scratchpad RAM)

CoordinateValue (Address: 0 - 24)	
7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	x-axis = nibble1 (bit 7 ... 4) y-axis = nibble0 (bit 3 ... 0)
DistanceValue (Address: 25 - 49)	
7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	Minimum = 0 (00000000b) Maximum = 255 (11111111b)
WallValue (Address: 50 - 74)	
7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	Bit 6 = Active path to finish Bit 5 = Side wall check status Bit 4 = Checkpoint status Bit 3 = West (W) wall Bit 2 = South (S) wall Bit 1 = East (E) wall Bit 0 = North (N) wall
OrientationValue (Address: 75 - 99)	
7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0	nibble1 for second W, S, E, N nibble0 for first W, S, E, N

When it comes time to make a move, the robot must examine all adjacent cells which are not separated by walls and choose the one with the lowest distance value. In Fig.1c above, the robot would ignore any cell to the West (left side) because there is a wall, and it would look at the distance values of the cells to the North, East, and South since those are not separated by walls. The cell to the North has a value of 2, the cell to the East has a value of 2 and the cell to the South has a value of 4. The routine sorts the values to determine which cell has the lowest distance value. It turns out that both the North and East cells have a distance value of 2. That means that the robot can go North or East and traverse the same number of cells on its way to the destination cell. Since turning would take time, the robot will choose to go forward to the North cell. Fig.2a gives generic algorithm for that case.

Furthermore, every interior wall is shared by two cells so when robot update the wall value for one cell, robot can update the wall value for its neighbor as well (Fig.2b).

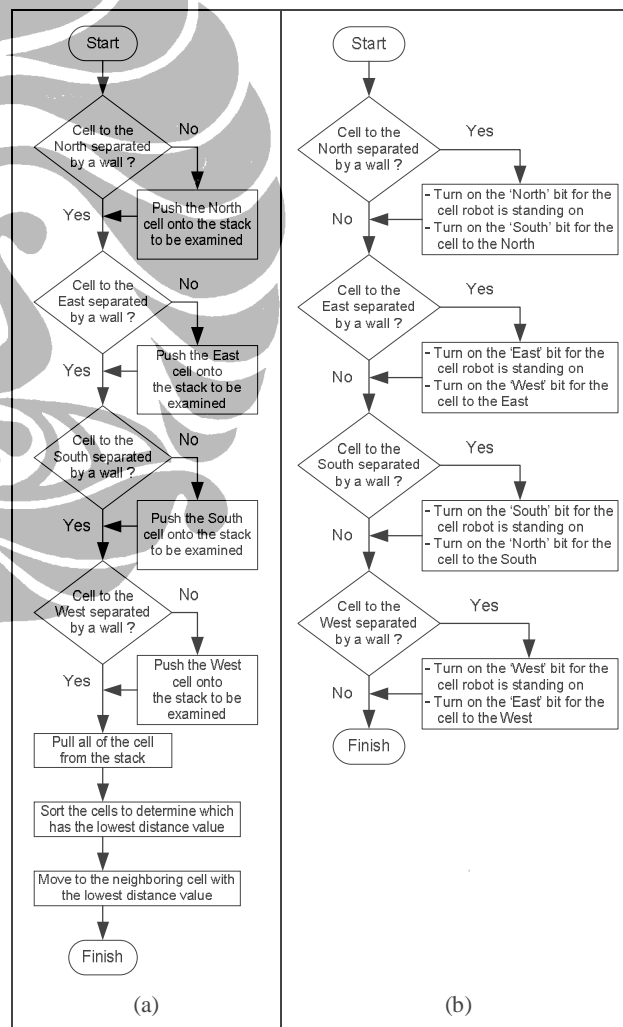


Fig.2. (a) Deciding lowest distance value (b) Updating wall map

The instructions for flooding the maze with distance values could be like algorithm at Fig.3 below.

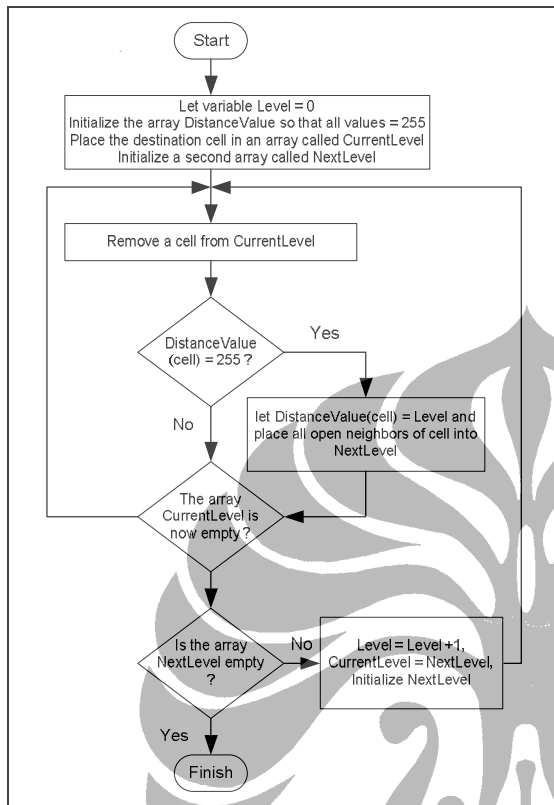


Fig.3. Flooding with distance values for Flood-Fill algorithm

The modified Flood-Fill algorithm at the other side is similar to the regular Flood-Fill algorithm in that the robot uses distance values to move about the maze. The distance values which represent how far the robot is from the destination cell, are followed in descending order until the robot reaches its goal. As the robot finds new walls during its exploration, the distance values need to be updated. Instead of flooding the entire maze with values, as is the case with the regular Flood-Fill, the modified Flood-Fill only changes those values which need to be changed.

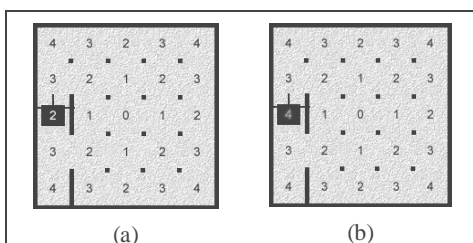


Fig.4. (a) Old distance value (b) New distance value

Fig.4 shows how our robot moves forward one cell and discovers a wall. The robot cannot go West and it cannot go

East, it can only travel North or South. But going North or South means going up in distance values. So the cell values need to be updated. When the robot encounters this, it follows this rule: "If a cell is not the destination cell, its value should be one plus the minimum value of its open neighbors". In the case above, the minimum value of its open neighbors is 3. Adding 1 to this value, results in $3 + 1 = 4$. The maze now looks like Fig.4b.

There are times when updating a cell's value will cause its neighbors to violate the "1 + minimum value" rule and so they must be checked as well. We can see in our example above that the cells to the North and to the South have neighbors whose minimum value is 2. Adding a 1 to this value results in $2 + 1 = 3$ therefore the cells to the North and to the South do not violate the rule and the updating routine is done. Now that the cell values have been updated, the robot can once again follow the distance values in descending order.

So our modified Flood-Fill procedure for updating the distance values is looked like Fig.5 below.

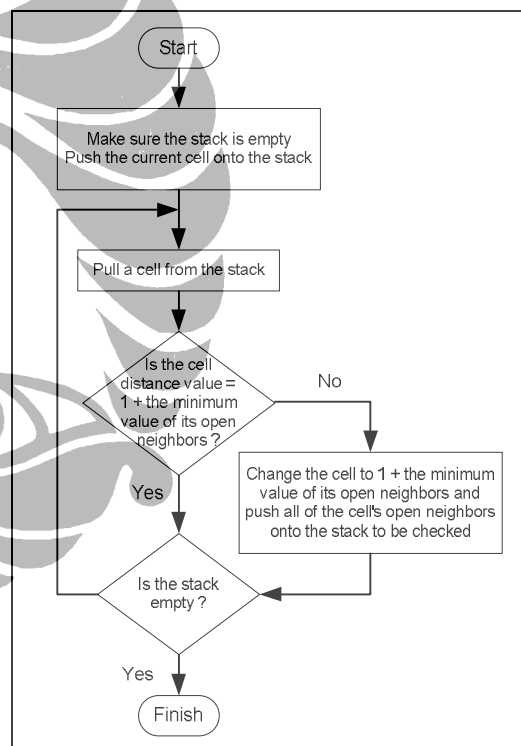


Fig.5. Flooding with distance values (if necessary) for modified Flood-Fill algorithm

As summary for both of algorithm, every time robot arrives in a cell, the Flood-Fill algorithm will perform the following steps [2], i.e.: 1) Update the wall map, 2) Flood the maze with new distance values (if necessary for modified Flood-Fill algorithm), 3) Decide which neighboring cell has the lowest distance value, 4) Move to the neighboring cell with the lowest distance value.

III. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

In this research, experiment is conducted to confirm the functionality of our artificial intelligence for path searching robot from starting cell to destination cell in the maze.

The artificial intelligence itself will control the system with simple diagram block (Fig.6a) that always consist of input, process, and output section.

Input section receives wall information from the maze using infra red reflective object sensor Fairchild Semiconductor QRD1114.

Output section for robot maneuver -- in order to avoid breaking the wall, is handled by continuous rotation servo that received signal from Process section to control motor speed and direction.

Process section is handled by microcontroller BASIC Stamp BS2px and its supporting system. Here, the artificial intelligence is implanted with two main algorithms, as shown by Fig.6a. Information of maze map size, with initial distance value for every cell, also initialized at this section. Of course, at initialization, robot does not know about wall map information.

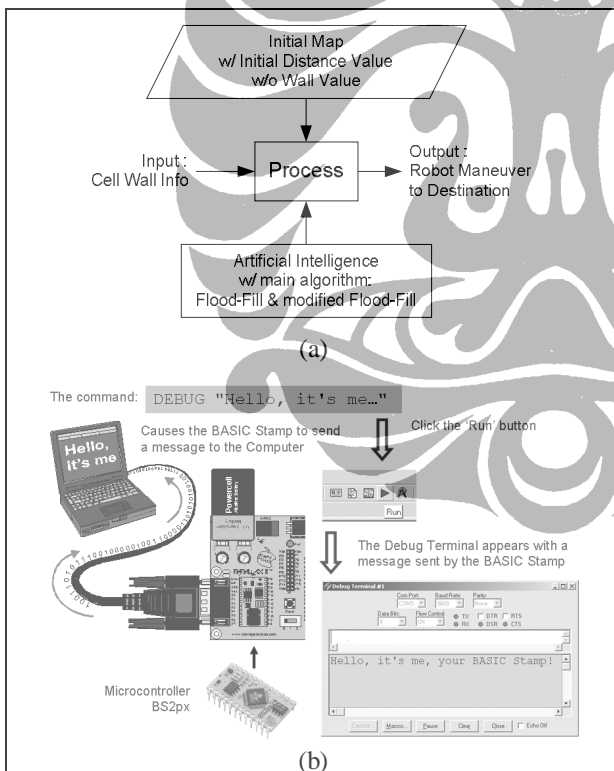


Fig.6. (a) System diagram block (b) Implementation of block process in BS2px development environment [3]

Fig.6b illustrates how the artificial intelligence was developed and implanted to the microcontroller BS2px with specification provided by Table 2.

Table 2. BS2px Specification [4]

Package	24-pin DIP
Package Size (L x W x H)	1.2" x 0.6" x 0.4"
Environment*	0° - 70° C (32° - 158° F)
Microcontroller	Parallax SX48
Processor Speed	32 MHz Turbo
Program Execution Speed	~19,000 instructions/sec.
RAM Size	38 Bytes (12 I/O, 26 Variable)
Scratch Pad RAM	128 Bytes
EEPROM (Program) Size	8 x 2K Bytes, ~4,000 inst.
Number of I/O pins	16 + 2 Dedicated Serial
Voltage Requirements	5 - 12 vdc
Current Draw @ 5V	55 mA Run / 450 µA Sleep
Source / Sink Current per I/O	30 mA / 30 mA
Source / Sink Current per unit	60 mA / 60 mA per 8 I/O pins
PBASIC Commands***	63
PC Programming Interface	Serial (19200 baud)
Windows Text Editor	Stampw.exe (v2.2 and up)

* 70% Non-Condensing Humidity

*** Using PBASIC 2.5 for BS2-type models

Experiment is conducted using some maneuvers as illustrated by Fig.7 and internal data processing is monitored via PC using serial communication, as shown by Fig.8a. Monitoring system itself involves debugging code that was embedded to the artificial intelligence, so it will make life easier to detect and repair any existing bug. Fig.10 shows the monitoring system in detail.

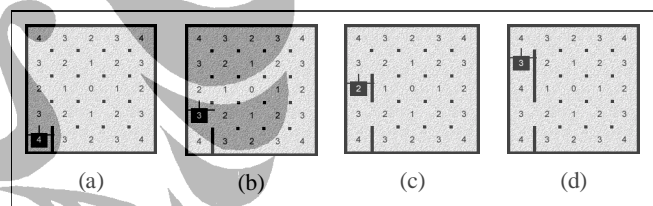


Fig.7. Prototype maneuver

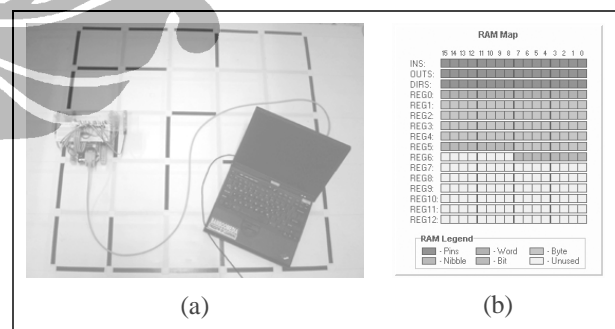


Fig.8. (a) Prototype testing (b) Usage of RAM

Microcontroller BS2px has three types of internal memory resource, i.e. 1) EEPROM for storing program code, 2) RAM for assigned and temporary variables, and 3) Scratchpad RAM for storing cell's data (see Table 1). Fig.8b shows internal RAM resource used by assigned variables that construct this artificial intelligence. RAM itself has total capacity of 13 Words (REG0 - REG12).

Using multi bank programming style, program code for artificial intelligence is stored from EEPROM bank 0 to bank 5 with its own usage percentage shown by Fig.9. Internal EEPROM itself comprised of eight memory banks (bank 0 to bank 7) with capacity 2 KB in each, together form total capacity of 16 KB.

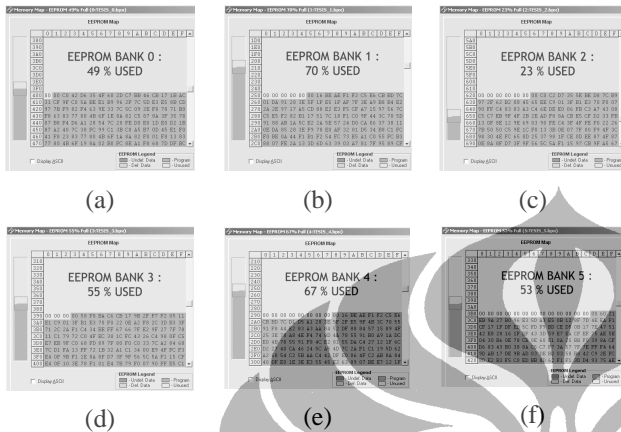


Fig.9. Usage of EEPROM Bank

Fig.10 shows the monitoring process for some maneuvers of path searching robot, as illustrated by Fig.7. At robot position like Fig.7c, monitoring result is shown by Fig.10a. At robot position like Fig.7d, monitoring result is shown by Fig.10b.

What monitoring process want to tell us is that modified Flood-Fill algorithm has already work. As summary for that algorithm, every time robot arrives in a cell, the Flood-Fill algorithm will perform the following steps:

1. Update the wall map

Fig.10a gives Wall value = 00011010b at cell with Coordinate value = (0, 2). From Table 1, it means that robot facing North because bit (7-6) = 00b. The cell has already been checked for side wall and front-rear wall (has reach checkpoint) because bit (4) = 1 and bit (5) = 1. Based on that, it is no need again for gathering wall info that has already got, i.e. there are walls at West and East side because bit (3) = 1 and bit (1) = 1.

2. Flood the maze with new distance values (if necessary)

The cell at (0, 2) need to update its distance value because its recent distance value = 2, violates rule: "If a cell is not the destination cell, its value should be one plus the minimum value of its open neighbors". Artificial intelligence updates this value. Fig.10b show updated distance value = 4.

3. Decide which neighboring cell has the lowest distance

Fig.10a shows there are two open neighboring cells with lowest distance = 3, i.e. cell at (0,1) and (0,3). The artificial

intelligence choose cell (0,3) to move on because robot just go forward rather than turning that take more time.

4. Move to the neighboring cell with the lowest distance

Fig.10b shows robot move from cell at (0,2) to cell at (0,3). It proves this step.



Fig.10. Monitoring for prototype maneuver

IV. CONCLUSIONS

Path searching from starting cell to destination cell has been accomplished by the artificial intelligence using Flood-Fill algorithm and modified Flood-Fill algorithm.

REFERENCES

[1] Wikipedia, "Autonomous robot", 2007, <http://id.wikipedia.org/wiki/Robot>
 [2] Steve Benkovic, "Hints, Ideas, Inspiration for Mice Builders", 2007, [http:// micromouseinfo.com/](http://micromouseinfo.com/).
 [3] Andy Lindsay, "Robotics with the Boe-Bot, Student Guide", Parallax, Inc. Press, California, 2004.
 [4] Parallax Inc., "Stamp Specifications", 2007, <http://parallax.com/Portals/0/Downloads/docs/prod/stamps/stampscomparison.pdf>.

Lampiran 4.

**Kode Program Kecerdasan-Buatan Robot Pencari Jalur
Header (Ada di setiap slot EEPROM yang digunakan)**

Kode Program Bank 0 EEPROM

Kode Program Bank 1 EEPROM

Kode Program Bank 2 EEPROM

Kode Program Bank 3 EEPROM

Kode Program Bank 4 EEPROM

Kode Program Bank 5 EEPROM

Kode Program Bank 6 EEPROM



Header (Ada di setiap slot EEPROM yang digunakan)

```
' -----[ Title ]-----
'
' File..... TESIS.BPX
' Purpose... Micromouse Style Path Searching Robot
' Author.... Gede Indrawan
' E-mail.... gede.indrawan@ui.edu

' {$STAMP BS2px, TESIS_1.bpx, TESIS_2.bpx, TESIS_3.bpx, TESIS_4.bpx, TESIS_5.bpx}
' {$PBASIC 2.5}

' -----[ Program Description ]-----
'
' This program is used to search the path at maze environment.

' -----[ Revision History ]-----
'
' DEC. 25TH, 2007 - Version 1.0

' -----[ Conditional Compilation Directive ]-----
'
'#DEFINE DebugLow    = 1 'ADD ", TESIS_6.bpx" AT $STAMP DIRECTIVE AT SLOT 0
'#DEFINE DebugNormal = 1
'#DEFINE DebugLow    = 0
'#DEFINE DebugNormal = 0

' -----[ I/O Definitions ]-----
'
' PROXIMITY SENSOR ARRAY
' ----- FRONT -----
' 07 06 05 04 03 02 01 00
' L7 L6 L5 L4 R3 R2 R1 R0
' ----- REAR! -----

OuterRightSensor  PIN 0 ' PIN 0-11: ON/OFF SENSOR
FarMiddleRightSensor  PIN 1
NearMiddleRightSensor  PIN 2
InnerRightSensor     PIN 3

InnerLeftSensor      PIN 4
NearMiddleLeftSensor  PIN 5
FarMiddleLeftSensor  PIN 6
OuterLeftSensor      PIN 7

OuterRearRightSensor  PIN 8
InnerRearRightSensor  PIN 9

InnerRearLeftSensor  PIN 10
OuterRearLeftSensor  PIN 11

RightMotor           PIN 12 ' Servo motor connections
LeftMotor            PIN 13

SensorInput          PIN 14 ' INPUT FOR ALL SENSORS

UnusedPin            PIN 15 ' Unused I/O pin

' -----[ Constants ]-----
'
Pause4BigLoop        CON 100

EqualTo15             CON 15 ' %1111
EqualTo255           CON 255 ' %11111111

IsLow                 CON 0
IsHigh                CON 1

MatrixSize            CON 5 ' Maximum for Matrix Size = 16
MatrixSizeSq          CON MatrixSize*MatrixSize
MatrixSizeMinSatu     CON MatrixSize-1
MatrixSizeSqMinSatu  CON MatrixSizeSq-1

' DATA DESIGN AT SCRATCHPAD RAM
' HIGHEST LOCATION AT 127 IS READ ONLY (CONTAIN NUMBER OF RUNNING SLOT)
CoordinateValue      CON MatrixSizeSq*0 ' SPRAM Address = 0 - 24
DistanceValue        CON MatrixSizeSq*1 ' SPRAM Address = 25 - 49
WallValue            CON MatrixSizeSq*2 ' SPRAM Address = 50 - 74
OrientValue          CON MatrixSizeSq*3 ' SPRAM Address = 75 - 99
StackValue           CON MatrixSizeSq*4 ' SPRAM Address = 100 - 115
StackMaxAddress      CON 115
SensorThres          CON 125 ' Stores black/white threshold = 125 - 126
```

```

GoStraight          CON 0
RotateRight90      CON 1
RotateLeft90       CON 2
RotateRight180     CON 3

GoStraightFactor   CON 30
Loop4GoStraight    CON 60
Pause4GoStraight   CON 20

RotateFactor       CON 30
Loop4Rotate90      CON 90 ' DEBUG: ON = 100, OFF = 90
Pause4Rotate90     CON 20
Loop4Rotate180     CON 180 ' DEBUG: ON = 200, OFF = 180
Pause4Rotate180    CON 20

Loop4PivotLeftScan CON 70
Loop4PivotRightScan CON 2*Loop4PivotLeftScan
Pause4Scan         CON 20

GoForwardFactor    CON 30
Loop4GoForward     CON 4
Pause4GoForward    CON 20

PivotFactor        CON 30
Loop4Pivot         CON 2
Pause4Pivot        CON 20
StopMotor          CON 1850 ' stop motor for BS2px (750 for BS2)

TskDoInput         CON 1 ' Program Task at Memory Bank 0

Bank_0             CON 0 ' Memory Bank 0
Bank_1             CON 1 ' Memory Bank 1
Bank_2             CON 2 ' Memory Bank 2
Bank_3             CON 3 ' Memory Bank 3
Bank_4             CON 4 ' Memory Bank 4
Bank_5             CON 5 ' Memory Bank 5
Bank_6             CON 6 ' Memory Bank 6
Bank_7             CON 7 ' Memory Bank 7

North              CON 0
East               CON 1
South              CON 2
West               CON 3

'CodeOverhead      CON 587 ' BS2 -> 220 * 2us = 440us
                   ' BS2px -> 440us / 0.75us = 587

OneOpenNeighbour   CON 1
TwoOpenNeighbours CON 2
ThreeOpenNeighbours CON 3

'-----[ Variables ]-----
wallSensors        VAR Word
sensor0            VAR wallSensors.BIT0
sensor1            VAR wallSensors.BIT1
sensor2            VAR wallSensors.BIT2
sensor3            VAR wallSensors.BIT3
sensor4            VAR wallSensors.BIT4
sensor5            VAR wallSensors.BIT5
sensor6            VAR wallSensors.BIT6
sensor7            VAR wallSensors.BIT7
sensor8            VAR wallSensors.BIT8
sensor9            VAR wallSensors.BIT9
sensor10           VAR wallSensors.BIT10
sensor11           VAR wallSensors.BIT11
index              VAR wallSensors.NIB3

'sensorThreshold   VAR Word ' Stores black/white threshold

bitparams          VAR Word
isBrokenRule       VAR bitparams.BIT0
isCheckpoint       VAR bitparams.BIT1
isFinish           VAR bitparams.BIT2
isNoWall           VAR bitparams.BIT3
isSideWall         VAR bitparams.BIT4
isSetPath          VAR bitparams.BIT5
isVisitedCell      VAR bitparams.BIT6
scanResult         VAR bitparams.BIT7
task               VAR bitparams.BIT8
moveType           VAR bitparams.NIB3

coordinate         VAR Word
tempCoord          VAR coordinate.BYTE1
nowCoord           VAR coordinate.BYTE0

```

```

tempX      VAR tempCoord.NIB1
tempY      VAR tempCoord.NIB0
nowX       VAR nowCoord.NIB1
nowY       VAR nowCoord.NIB0

adjCoordArr  VAR Byte(4)

openDistance  VAR Byte
numOfOpenDist  VAR openDistance.NIB1
openDist      VAR openDistance.NIB0

nowWall       VAR Byte

nowOrient     VAR Byte

faceIn        VAR Byte
tempFaceIn    VAR faceIn.NIB1
nowFaceIn     VAR faceIn.NIB0

adjDistArr    VAR Nib(4)

nowDist       VAR Nib

stackPointer  VAR Nib

```

```

' -----[ EEPROM Data ]-----
'
' WallValue
' Bit : 7 6 -> FACING TO
'   0 0 -> NORTH
'   0 1 -> EAST
'   1 0 -> SOUTH
'   1 1 -> WEST
' Bit : 5 4 -> WALL STATUS
'   0 0 -> NO WALL HAVE BEEN CHECKED
'   0 1 -> WEST & EAST WALLS HAVE BEEN CHECKED
'   1 0 -> NORTH & SOUTH WALLS HAVE BEEN CHECKED
'   1 1 -> WEST, EAST, NORTH, SOUTH WALLS HAVE BEEN CHECKED
' Bit : 3 2 1 0 -> WALL EXISTENCE FLAG
'   W S E N (W = WEST, S = SOUTH, E = EAST, N = NORTH)
'
' DistanceValue -> NUMBER OF CELL TO BE TRAVELLED FROM CURRENT TO TARGET CELL
'
' CoordinateValue -> COORDINATE OF CURRENT CELL
' Nibble1 : 7 6 5 4 -> X-AXIS
' Nibble0 : 3 2 1 0 -> Y-AXIS
'
' DATA @CoordinateValue, (MatrixSize*MatrixSize)
' DATA @DistanceValue, (MatrixSize*MatrixSize)
' DATA @WallValue, (MatrixSize*MatrixSize)
' ResetValue DATA $FF

```

Kode Program Bank 0 EEPROM

```
'-----[ Initialization ]-----
'
'Check_Run:
' READ ResetValue, B25          ' get reset value
' B25 = ~B25                    ' invert bits
' WRITE ResetValue, B25        ' write inverted bits back
' IF (B25) THEN Initialize      ' run if inverted > 0

'No_Run:
' END                          ' low power mode

'-----[ Main Code ]-----
'
'PAUSE Pause4BigLoop ' pause for big looping of system

BRANCH task, [Do_Init, Do_Input]

'-----
Do_Init:
  #IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "INIT:", CR
  #ENDIF

  GOSUB Init_Map
  GOSUB Init_Stack
  GOSUB Calibrate_Sensors
  GOSUB Init_Start

'-----
Do_Input:
  #IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "INPUT:", CR
  #ENDIF

  GOSUB Prepare_Cell_Parameters
  GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors

'-----
Do_Process_1:
  RUN Bank_1

'-----[ Subroutines ]-----
'-----
Init_Map:
  #IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "INIT_MAP:", CR
  #ENDIF

  B24 = MatrixSize
  B23 = 0 ' PLAY SAVE, MAKE IT 0 BEFORE

  ' GENERATE INITIAL MAP FOR MATRIX SIZE WITH ODD VALUE (5, 7, 9, ...)
  IF (B24.BIT0) THEN
    FOR nowX = 0 TO MatrixSizeMinSatu
      FOR nowY = 0 TO MatrixSizeMinSatu
        IF (nowX < (MatrixSizeMinSatu / 2)) THEN
          IF (nowY < (MatrixSizeMinSatu / 2)) THEN
            nowDist = (MatrixSizeMinSatu - nowX) - nowY
          ELSE
            nowDist = nowY - nowX
          ENDIF
        ELSE
          IF (nowY < (MatrixSizeMinSatu / 2)) THEN
            nowDist = nowX - nowY
          ELSE
            nowDist = nowY - (MatrixSizeMinSatu - nowX)
          ENDIF
        ENDIF
        B24 = CoordinateValue + B23
        B25 = nowCoord
        GOSUB Put_Byte
        B24 = DistanceValue + B23
        B25 = nowDist
        GOSUB Put_Byte
        B23 = B23 + 1
      NEXT
    NEXT
  NEXT
```

```

' GENERATE INITIAL MAP FOR MATRIX SIZE WITH EVEN VALUE (6, 8, 10, ...)
ELSE
FOR nowX = 0 TO (MatrixSize - 2)
FOR nowY = 0 TO (MatrixSize - 2)
IF (nowX < ((MatrixSize - 2) / 2)) THEN
IF (nowY < ((MatrixSize - 2) / 2)) THEN
nowDist = ((MatrixSize - 2) - nowX) - nowY
ELSE
IF (nowY >= (((MatrixSize - 2) / 2) + 1)) THEN
nowDist = (nowY - 1) - nowX
ELSE
nowDist = nowY - nowX
ENDIF
ENDIF
ELSE
IF (nowX >= (((MatrixSize - 2) / 2) + 1)) THEN
IF (nowY < ((MatrixSize - 2) / 2)) THEN
nowDist = (nowX - 1) - nowY
ELSE
IF (nowY >= (((MatrixSize - 2) / 2) + 1)) THEN
nowDist = (nowY - 1) - ((MatrixSize - 2) - (nowX - 1))
ELSE
nowDist = nowY - ((MatrixSize - 2) - (nowX - 1))
ENDIF
ENDIF
ELSE
IF (nowY < ((MatrixSize - 2) / 2)) THEN
nowDist = nowX - nowY
ELSE
IF (nowY >= (((MatrixSize - 2) / 2) + 1)) THEN
nowDist = (nowY - 1) - nowX
ELSE
nowDist = nowY - nowX
ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDIF
ENDIF
B24 = CoordinateValue + B23
B25 = nowCoord
GOSUB Put_Byte
B24 = DistanceValue + B23
B25 = nowDist
GOSUB Put_Byte
B23 = B23 + 1
NEXT
NEXT
ENDIF

' #IF DebugNormal #THEN
' GOSUB Maze_Reading
' #ENDIF

RETURN

-----
Init_Stack:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
DEBUG CR, "INIT_STACK:", CR
#ENDIF

FOR B24 = StackValue TO StackMaxAddress

B25 = EqualTo255
GOSUB Put_Byte

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
GOSUB Get_Byte
IF (B24 = 107 OR B24 = 115) THEN
DEBUG "[", DEC B24, "] = ", IHEX2 B25, CR
ELSE
DEBUG "[", DEC B24, "] = ", IHEX2 B25, "; "
ENDIF
#ENDIF

NEXT

RETURN

```

```

-----
Calibrate_Sensors:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "CALIBRATE_SENSORS:", CR
#ENDIF

HIGH FarMiddleLeftSensor      ' Turn SENSOR 6 on
HIGH SensorInput              ' Discharge capacitor
PAUSE 1
'RCTIME SensorInput, 1, sensorThreshold ' Measure charge time
RCTIME SensorInput, 1, W9 ' Measure charge time
LOW FarMiddleLeftSensor      ' Turn SENSOR 6 off

'sensorThreshold = sensorThreshold / 3 ' Take 1/4 average
W9 = W9 / 3 ' Take 1/4 average

'IF sensorThreshold > CodeOverhead THEN ' Account for code overhead
' sensorThreshold = sensorThreshold - CodeOverhead
'ELSE
' sensorThreshold = 0
'ENDIF

B20 = SensorThres
GOSUB Put_Word:
'GOSUB Get_Word:

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  'DEBUG ? sensorThreshold
  DEBUG "SensorThreshold = ", DEC W9, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN
-----
Init_Start:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "INIT_START", CR
#ENDIF

nowCoord = 0
tempCoord = nowCoord
nowFaceIn = 0
GOSUB Update_Orientation:

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "nowCoord = ", IHEX2 nowCoord, "; ", "tempCoord = ", IHEX2 tempCoord, CR
  DEBUG "nowFaceIn = ", IBIN4 nowFaceIn, "; ", "nowOrient = ", BIN4 nowOrient.NIB1, "-", BIN4 nowOrient.NIB0, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN
-----
' PREPARE PARAMETERS FROM PREVIOUS PROCESS BEFORE ENTERING BIG LOOPING PROCESS AGAIN
Prepare_Cell_Paramaters:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PREP_CELL_PARAMS:", CR
#ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG ? isCheckpoint
#ENDIF

IF (isCheckpoint) THEN

  isCheckpoint = isLow

  ' TAKE CARE OF NEW VALUE : COORDINATE VALUE -----
  nowCoord = tempCoord

  ' CHECK HAS REACHED START CELL AT GO BACK HOME
  GOSUB Get_Start_Status

  ' TAKE CARE OF NEW VALUE : DISTANCE VALUE -----
  ' CHECK HAS REACHED DESTINATION CELL
  GOSUB Get_Finish_Status

  ' TAKE CARE OF NEW VALUE : WALL VALUE -----
  ' CHECK VISIT STATUS
  GOSUB Get_Visit_Status

  ' SET PATH STATUS
  GOSUB Set_Path_Status

```



```

' TAKE CARE OF NEW VALUE : ORIENTATION VALUE -----
nowFaceIn = tempFaceIn
GOSUB Update_Orientation

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "nowCoord = ", IHEX2 nowCoord, "; ", "tempCoord = ", IHEX2 tempCoord, CR
  DEBUG ? nowDist
  DEBUG "nowWall = ", BIN4 nowWall.NIB1, "-", BIN4 nowWall.NIB0, CR
  DEBUG "nowOrient = ", BIN4 nowOrient.NIB1, "-", BIN4 nowOrient.NIB0, CR
  DEBUG "nowFaceIn = ", IBIN4 nowFaceIn, "; ", "tempFaceIn = ", IBIN4 tempFaceIn, CR
  DEBUG "isFinish = ", BIN isFinish, "; ", "isSetPath = ", BIN isSetPath, "; ", "isVisitedCell = ", BIN isVisitedCell, CR
#ENDIF

ENDIF

RETURN

' -----
Get_Start_Status:

IF (nowCoord = 0 AND isFinish = IsHigh) THEN
  isFinish = IsLow
ENDIF

RETURN

' -----
Get_Finish_Status:

B24 = DistanceValue + ((nowX * MatrixSize) + nowY)
GOSUB Get_Byte
nowDist = B25

IF (nowDist = 0) THEN
  isFinish = IsHigh
  isSetPath = IsHigh
ENDIF

RETURN

' -----
Get_Visit_Status:

isVisitedCell = IsLow

B24 = WallValue + ((nowX * MatrixSize) + nowY)
GOSUB Get_Byte
nowWall = B25

IF (nowWall.BIT5 = IsHigh) AND (nowWall.BIT4 = IsHigh) THEN
  isVisitedCell = IsHigh
ENDIF

RETURN

' -----
Set_Path_Status:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "SET_PATH:", CR
#ENDIF

IF (isSetPath) THEN

  #IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG "Yes", CR
  #ENDIF

  isSetPath = IsLow

  FOR B23 = 0 TO MatrixSizeSqMinSatu

    B24 = OrientValue + B23
    GOSUB Get_Byte
    B22 = B25

    IF (B22 <> 0) THEN

      B24 = WallValue + B23
      GOSUB Get_Byte
      B25.BIT6 = IsHigh
      GOSUB Put_Byte
    
```

```

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "[", DEC B24, "]" = ", BIN4 B22.NIB1, "- ", BIN4 B22.NIB0, "; ", "[", DEC B24, "]" = ", BIN4 B25.NIB1, "- ",
  BIN4 B25.NIB0, CR
#ENDIF

ENDIF

NEXT

ENDIF

RETURN
'-----
Update_Orientation:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "UPDATE_ORIENT:", CR
#ENDIF

IF (isFinish = IsLow) THEN

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG "Yes", CR
#ENDIF

B24 = OrientValue + ((nowX * MatrixSize) + nowY)
GOSUB Get_Byte
nowOrient = B25

SELECT tempFaceIn
CASE North

  IF (nowOrient.BIT0 = IsLow) THEN
    IF (nowOrient.BIT6) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT6 = IsLow
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT2) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT2 = IsLow
    ELSE
      nowOrient.BIT0 = IsHigh
    ENDIF
  ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
    IF (nowOrient.BIT6) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT6 = IsLow
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT2) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT2 = IsLow
    ELSE
      nowOrient.BIT4 = IsHigh
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
CASE East

  IF (nowOrient.BIT1 = IsLow) THEN
    IF (nowOrient.BIT7) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT7 = IsLow
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT3) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT3 = IsLow
    ELSE
      nowOrient.BIT1 = IsHigh
    ENDIF
  ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
    IF (nowOrient.BIT7) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT7 = IsLow
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT3) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT3 = IsLow
    ELSE
      nowOrient.BIT5 = IsHigh
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
CASE South

  IF (nowOrient.BIT2 = IsLow) THEN
    IF (nowOrient.BIT4) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT4 = IsLow
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT0) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT0 = IsLow
    ELSE
      nowOrient.BIT2 = IsHigh
    ENDIF
  ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT6 = IsLow) THEN
    IF (nowOrient.BIT4) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT4 = IsLow
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT0) THEN

```

```

    nowOrient.BIT0 = IsLow
  ELSE
    nowOrient.BIT6 = IsHigh
  ENDIF
ENDIF

CASE West

  IF (nowOrient.BIT3 = IsLow) THEN
    IF (nowOrient.BIT5) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT5 = IsLow
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT1) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT1 = IsLow
    ELSE
      nowOrient.BIT3 = IsHigh
    ENDIF
  ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT7 = IsLow) THEN
    IF (nowOrient.BIT5) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT5 = IsLow
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT1) THEN
      nowOrient.BIT1 = IsLow
    ELSE
      nowOrient.BIT7 = IsHigh
    ENDIF
  ENDIF

ENDSELECT

B25 = nowOrient
GOSUB Put_Byte

ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "isFinish = ", BIN isFinish, CR, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN
'-----
Read_Wall_Sensors:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "READ_WALL_SENSORS:", CR
#ENDIF

B20 = SensorThres
GOSUB Get_Word

'HIGH OuterRightSensor      ' Turn on sensor
'GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
'sensor0 = SensorInput      ' Snapshot of sensor signal states
'LOW OuterRightSensor       ' Turn off sensor

HIGH FarMiddleRightSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor1 = SensorInput
LOW FarMiddleRightSensor

HIGH NearMiddleRightSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor2 = SensorInput
LOW NearMiddleRightSensor

HIGH InnerRightSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor3 = SensorInput
LOW InnerRightSensor

HIGH InnerLeftSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor4 = SensorInput
LOW InnerLeftSensor

HIGH NearMiddleLeftSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor5 = SensorInput
LOW NearMiddleLeftSensor

HIGH FarMiddleLeftSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor6 = SensorInput
LOW FarMiddleLeftSensor

```

```

'HIGH OuterLeftSensor
'GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
'sensor7 = SensorInput
'LOW OuterLeftSensor

'HIGH OuterRearRightSensor
'GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
'sensor8 = SensorInput
'LOW OuterRearRightSensor

'HIGH InnerRearRightSensor
'GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
'sensor9 = SensorInput
'LOW InnerRearRightSensor

'HIGH InnerRearLefttSensor
'GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
'sensor10 = SensorInput
'LOW InnerRearLefttSensor

'HIGH OuterRearLeftSensor
'GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
'sensor11 = SensorInput
'LOW OuterRearLeftSensor

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "wallSensors = ", BIN4 wallSensors.NIB1, "-", BIN4 wallSensors.NIB0, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Change_IO_Direction:
HIGH SensorInput      ' Push signal voltages to 5 V
PAUSE 0                ' Wait 230 us for capacitors
INPUT SensorInput     ' Start the decays
'PULSOUT UnusedPin, sensorThreshold ' Wait for threshold time
PULSOUT UnusedPin, W9 ' Wait for threshold time

RETURN

'-----
Put_Byte:
PUT B24, B25
RETURN

'-----
Get_Byte:
GET B24, B25
RETURN

'-----
Put_Word:
PUT B20, Word W9
RETURN

'-----
Get_Word:
GET B20, Word W9
RETURN

```

Kode Program Bank 1 EEPROM

```
'-----[ Initialization ]-----
'
'-----[ Main Code ]-----
'
Do_Process_1:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PROCESS_1:", CR
#ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "nowCoord = ", IHEX2 nowCoord, "; ", "isVisitedCell = ", BIN isVisitedCell, "; ", "isCheckpoint = ", BIN
isCheckpoint, "; ", "isFinish = ", BIN isFinish, CR
#ENDIF

IF (isVisitedCell) THEN
  GOSUB Get_Checkpoint
ELSE
  GOSUB Get_Wall
ENDIF

IF (isCheckpoint) THEN
  IF (isFinish) THEN
    GOTO Do_Process_2
  ELSE
    GOTO Do_Process_3
  ENDIF
ELSE
  GOTO Do_Output_1
ENDIF

'-----
Do_Process_2: ' GO BACK HOME AFTER FINISH
  RUN Bank_2

'-----
Do_Process_3: ' PROCESS DISTANCE VALUE
  RUN Bank_3

'-----
Do_Output_1: ' MAKE MOVE
  RUN Bank_5

'-----[ Subroutines ]-----
'
Get_Checkpoint:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "GET_CHECKPOINT:", CR
#ENDIF

IF (sensor6 = IsLow AND sensor5 = IsLow) AND (sensor2 = IsLow AND sensor1 = IsLow) THEN
  isCheckpoint = IsHigh
ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG ? isCheckpoint
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Get_Wall:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "GET_WALL:", CR
#ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "nowFaceIn = ", IBIN4 nowFaceIn, "; ", "nowWall[54] = %", BIN nowWall.BIT5, BIN nowWall.BIT4, CR
#ENDIF

GOSUB Process_Side_Wall
GOSUB Process_Checkpoint
GOSUB Process_Wall

RETURN
```

```

'-----
Process_Side_Wall:

' #IF DebugLow #THEN
'  DEBUG CR, "PROC_SIDE_WALL", CR
' #ENDIF

IF (nowFaceIn = North OR nowFaceIn = South) THEN
  IF (nowWall.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
    GOSUB Get_Side_Wall
  ENDIF

ELSEIF (nowFaceIn = East OR nowFaceIn = West) THEN
  IF (nowWall.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
    GOSUB Get_Side_Wall
  ENDIF

ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Get_Side_Wall:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "GET_SIDE_WALL:", CR
#ENDIF

IF (sensor6 = IsHigh AND sensor5 = IsHigh) OR (sensor2 = IsHigh AND sensor1 = IsHigh) THEN
  isSideWall = IsHigh
ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG ? isSideWall
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Process_Checkpoint:

' #IF DebugLow #THEN
'  DEBUG CR, "PROC_CHECKPOINT", CR
' #ENDIF

IF (nowFaceIn = North OR nowFaceIn = South) THEN
  IF (nowWall.BIT4 = IsHigh AND nowWall.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
    GOSUB Get_Checkpoint
  ENDIF

ELSEIF (nowFaceIn = East OR nowFaceIn = West) THEN
  IF (nowWall.BIT5 = IsHigh AND nowWall.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
    GOSUB Get_Checkpoint
  ENDIF

ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Process_Wall:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PROC_WALL:", CR
#ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "isSideWall = ", BIN isSideWall, "; ", "isCheckpoint = ", BIN isCheckpoint, CR
#ENDIF

IF (isSideWall OR isCheckpoint) THEN

' ----- ROBOT FACING NORTH -----

IF (nowFaceIn = North) THEN

' ----- PROCESS SIDE WALL -----

  IF (nowWall.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN

'-----
' Set WEST WALL = %00001000
  IF (nowWall.BIT3 = IsLow) THEN

    IF (nowX = 0) THEN

```

```

nowWall.BIT3 = IsHigh
ELSEIF (sensor6 OR sensor5) THEN
nowWall.BIT3 = IsHigh
' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
tempX = nowX - 1
tempY = nowY
GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
IF (B25.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
B25.BIT1 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : EAST WALL = %00000010
GOSUB Put_Byte
ENDIF
ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----
' Set EAST WALL = %00000010
IF (nowWall.BIT1 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowX = MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
nowWall.BIT1 = IsHigh
ELSEIF (sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
nowWall.BIT1 = IsHigh
' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
tempX = nowX + 1
tempY = nowY
GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
IF (B25.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
B25.BIT3 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : WEST WALL = %00001000
GOSUB Put_Byte
ENDIF
ENDIF

ENDIF

nowWall.BIT4 = IsHigh ' VISITED CELL
isSideWall = IsLow

' ----- PROCESS FRONT-REAR WALL -----

ELSEIF (nowWall.BIT4 = IsHigh AND nowWall.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN

' -----
' Set SOUTH WALL = %00000100
IF (nowWall.BIT2 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowY = 0) THEN
nowWall.BIT2 = IsHigh
ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----
' Set NORTH WALL = %00000001
IF (nowWall.BIT0 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowY = MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
nowWall.BIT0 = IsHigh
ELSEIF (sensor4 OR sensor3) THEN
nowWall.BIT0 = IsHigh
' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
tempX = nowX
tempY = nowY + 1
GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
IF (B25.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
B25.BIT2 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : SOUTH WALL = %00000100
GOSUB Put_Byte
ENDIF
ENDIF

ENDIF

nowWall.BIT5 = IsHigh ' VISITED CELL
' isCheckpoint = IsHigh ' STAY HIGH BECAUSE WILL BE USED FOR CROSS 2 ANOTHER CELL !

ENDIF

' ----- ROBOT FACING EAST -----

ELSEIF (nowFaceIn = East) THEN

' ----- PROCESS SIDE WALL -----

```

```

IF (nowWall.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
'-----
' SET SOUTH WALL = %00000100
IF (nowWall.BIT2 = IsLow) THEN

  IF (nowY = 0) THEN
    nowWall.BIT2 = IsHigh
  ELSEIF (sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
    nowWall.BIT2 = IsHigh
    ' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
    tempX = nowX
    tempY = nowY - 1
    GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
    IF (B25.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
      B25.BIT0 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : NORTH WALL = %00000001
      GOSUB Put_Byte
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
ENDIF

'-----
' SET NORTH WALL = %00000001
IF (nowWall.BIT0 = IsLow) THEN

  IF (nowY = MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
    nowWall.BIT0 = IsHigh
  ELSEIF (sensor6 OR sensor5) THEN
    nowWall.BIT0 = IsHigh
    ' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
    tempX = nowX
    tempY = nowY + 1
    GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
    IF (B25.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
      B25.BIT2 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : SOUTH WALL = %00000100
      GOSUB Put_Byte
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
ENDIF

nowWall.BIT5 = IsHigh ' VISITED CELL
isSideWall = IsLow

'----- PROCESS FRONT-REAR WALL -----
ELSEIF (nowWall.BIT5 = IsHigh AND nowWall.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
'-----
' Set WEST WALL = %00001000
IF (nowWall.BIT3 = IsLow) THEN

  IF (nowX = 0) THEN
    nowWall.BIT3 = IsHigh
  ENDIF
ENDIF

'-----
' Set EAST WALL = %00000010
IF (nowWall.BIT1 = IsLow) THEN

  IF (nowX = MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
    nowWall.BIT1 = IsHigh
  ELSEIF (sensor4 OR sensor3) THEN
    nowWall.BIT1 = IsHigh
    ' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
    tempX = nowX + 1
    tempY = nowY
    GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
    IF (B25.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
      B25.BIT3 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : WEST WALL = %00001000
      GOSUB Put_Byte
    ENDIF
  ENDIF
ENDIF

nowWall.BIT4 = IsHigh ' VISITED CELL
' isCheckpoint = IsHigh ' STAY HIGH BECAUSE WILL BE USED FOR CROSS 2 ANOTHER CELL !
ENDIF

```



```

' ----- ROBOT FACING SOUTH -----
ELSEIF (nowFaceIn = South) THEN

' ----- PROCESS SIDE WALL -----

IF (nowWall.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN

' -----
' Set WEST WALL = %00001000
IF (nowWall.BIT3 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowX = 0) THEN
nowWall.BIT3 = IsHigh
ELSEIF (sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
nowWall.BIT3 = IsHigh
' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
tempX = nowX - 1
tempY = nowY
GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
IF (B25.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
B25.BIT1 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : EAST WALL = %00000010
GOSUB Put_Byte
ENDIF
ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----
' Set EAST WALL = %00000010
IF (nowWall.BIT1 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowX = MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
nowWall.BIT1 = IsHigh
ELSEIF (sensor6 OR sensor5) THEN
nowWall.BIT1 = IsHigh
' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
tempX = nowX + 1
tempY = nowY
GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
IF (B25.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
B25.BIT3 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : WEST WALL = %00001000
GOSUB Put_Byte
ENDIF
ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----
nowWall.BIT4 = IsHigh ' VISITED CELL
isSideWall = IsLow

' ----- PROCESS FRONT-REAR WALL -----

ELSEIF (nowWall.BIT4 = IsHigh AND nowWall.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN

' -----
' Set SOUTH WALL = %00000100
IF (nowWall.BIT2 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowY = 0) THEN
nowWall.BIT2 = IsHigh
ELSEIF (sensor4 OR sensor3) THEN
nowWall.BIT2 = IsHigh
' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
tempX = nowX
tempY = nowY - 1
GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
IF (B25.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
B25.BIT0 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : NORTH WALL = %00000001
GOSUB Put_Byte
ENDIF
ENDIF

ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----
' Set NORTH WALL = %00000001
IF (nowWall.BIT0 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowY = MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
nowWall.BIT0 = IsHigh
ENDIF

```

```

ENDIF

' -----
nowWall.BIT5 = IsHigh ' VISITED CELL
' isCheckpoint = IsHigh ' STAY HIGH BECAUSE WILL BE USED FOR CROSS 2 ANOTHER CELL !

ENDIF

' ----- ROBOT FACING WEST -----

ELSEIF (nowFaceIn = West) THEN

' ----- PROCESS SIDE WALL -----

IF (nowWall.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN

' -----
' SET SOUTH WALL = %00000100
IF (nowWall.BIT2 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowY = 0) THEN
nowWall.BIT2 = IsHigh
ELSEIF (sensor6 OR sensor5) THEN
nowWall.BIT2 = IsHigh
' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
tempX = nowX
tempY = nowY - 1
GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
IF (B25.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
B25.BIT0 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : NORTH WALL = %00000001
GOSUB Put_Byte
ENDIF
ENDIF

ENDIF

' SET NORTH WALL = %00000001
IF (nowWall.BIT0 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowY = MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
nowWall.BIT0 = IsHigh
ELSEIF (sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
nowWall.BIT0 = IsHigh
' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
tempX = nowX
tempY = nowY + 1
GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
IF (B25.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
B25.BIT2 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : SOUTH WALL = %00000100
GOSUB Put_Byte
ENDIF
ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----
nowWall.BIT5 = IsHigh ' VISITED CELL
isSideWall = IsLow

' ----- PROCESS FRONT-REAR WALL -----

ELSEIF (nowWall.BIT5 = IsHigh AND nowWall.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN

' -----
' Set WEST WALL = %00001000
IF (nowWall.BIT3 = IsLow) THEN

IF (nowX = 0) THEN
nowWall.BIT3 = IsHigh
ELSEIF (sensor4 OR sensor3) THEN
nowWall.BIT3 = IsHigh
' HERE TO SET ADJACENT CELL'S WALL !!!
tempX = nowX - 1
tempY = nowY
GOSUB Read_Adj_Wall
IF (B25.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
B25.BIT1 = IsHigh ' NEIGHBORHOOD CELL : EAST WALL = %00000010
GOSUB Put_Byte
ENDIF
ENDIF

ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----

```

```

' Set EAST WALL = %00000010
IF (nowWall.BIT1 = IsLow) THEN

    IF (nowX = MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
        nowWall.BIT1 = IsHigh
    ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----
nowWall.BIT4 = IsHigh ' VISITED CELL
' isCheckpoint = IsHigh ' STAY HIGH BECAUSE WILL BE USED FOR CROSS 2 ANOTHER CELL !

ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----
GOSUB Write_Wall

' -----
#IF DebugNormal #THEN
DEBUG "nowWall = ", BIN4 nowWall.NIB1, "-", BIN4 nowWall.NIB0, CR
#ENDIF

ENDIF

RETURN

' -----
Read_Adj_Wall:

B24 = WallValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
GOSUB Get_Byte

RETURN

' -----
Write_Wall:

B24 = WallValue + ((nowX * MatrixSize) + nowY)
B25 = nowWall
GOSUB Put_Byte

RETURN

' -----
Put_Byte:
PUT B24, B25
RETURN

' -----
Get_Byte:
GET B24, B25
RETURN

```

Kode Program Bank 2 EEPROM

```
'-----[ Initialization ]-----
'
'-----[ Main Code ]-----
'
Do_Process_2:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "PROCESS_2:", CR
#ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
    DEBUG IHEX2 ? nowCoord
#ENDIF

GOSUB Reset_Path_Status
GOSUB Get_Open_Distance
GOSUB Get_Visited_Open_Distance
GOSUB Get_Open_Marked_Path

'-----
Do_Process_4: ' PREPARE FOR NEXT MOVE
    RUN Bank_4

'-----[ Subroutines ]-----
'
Reset_Path_Status:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "RESET_PATH:", CR
#ENDIF

IF (nowCoord <> 0) THEN

    B24 = OrientValue + ((nowX * MatrixSize) + nowY)
    B25 = 0
    GOSUB Put_Byte

ENDIF

B24 = WallValue + ((nowX * MatrixSize) + nowY)
GOSUB Get_Byte
B25.BIT6 = IsLow
GOSUB Put_Byte

RETURN

'-----
Get_Open_Distance:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "GET_OPEN_DIST:", CR
#ENDIF

' INITIALIZING
FOR index = West TO North
    adjCoordArr(index) = EqualTo255
    adjDistArr(index) = EqualTo15
NEXT
numOfOpenDist = 0
openDist = 0

' PROCESS FOR OPEN NEIGHBOUR AT WEST
IF (nowX > 0) THEN
    IF (nowWall.BIT3 = IsLow) THEN
        index = West
        tempX = nowX - 1
        tempY = nowY
        GOSUB Save_Open_Distance
    ENDIF
ENDIF

' PROCESS FOR OPEN NEIGHBOUR AT SOUTH
IF (nowY > 0) THEN
    IF (nowWall.BIT2 = IsLow) THEN
        index = South
        tempX = nowX
        tempY = nowY - 1
        GOSUB Save_Open_Distance
    ENDIF
ENDIF
```

```

' PROCESS FOR OPEN NEIGHBOUR AT EAST
IF (nowX < MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
  IF (nowWall.BIT1 = IsLow) THEN
    index = East
    tempX = nowX + 1
    tempY = nowY
    GOSUB Save_Open_Distance
  ENDIF
ENDIF

' PROCESS FOR OPEN NEIGHBOUR AT NORTH
IF (nowY < MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
  IF (nowWall.BIT0 = IsLow) THEN
    index = North
    tempX = nowX
    tempY = nowY + 1
    GOSUB Save_Open_Distance
  ENDIF
ENDIF

' DEBUG CODE INCLUDED
GOSUB Get_Number_Of_Open_Distance

RETURN

'-----
Save_Open_Distance:

  adjCoordArr(index) = tempCoord

  B24 = DistanceValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
  GOSUB Get_Byte
  adjDistArr(index) = B25

  openDist.LOWBIT(index) = IsHigh

RETURN

'-----
Get_Number_Of_Open_Distance:

'INITIALIZING
numOfOpenDist = 0

FOR index = West TO North
  IF (openDist.LOWBIT(index)) THEN

    #IF DebugNormal #THEN
      DEBUG "adjCoordArr", "[", DEC index, "]" = ", IHEX2 adjCoordArr(index), "; ", "adjDistArr", "[", DEC index, "]" = ",
DEC adjDistArr(index), CR
    #ENDIF

    numOfOpenDist = numOfOpenDist + 1

  ENDIF
NEXT

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "numOfOpenDist = ", DEC numOfOpenDist, "; ", "openDist = ", IBIN4 openDist, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Get_Visited_Open_Distance:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "GET_VIS_OPEN_DIST:", CR
#ENDIF

FOR index = West TO North
  IF (openDist.LOWBIT(index)) THEN

    tempCoord = adjCoordArr(index)
    B24 = WallValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
    GOSUB Get_Byte

    IF (B25.BIT5 = IsLow) OR (B25.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
      openDist.LOWBIT(index) = IsLow
    ENDIF

  ENDIF
NEXT

```

```

' DEBUG CODE INCLUDED
GOSUB Get_Number_Of_Open_Distance

RETURN

' -----
Get_Open_Marked_Path:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "GET_OPEN_MARKED_PATH:", CR
#ENDIF

FOR index = West TO North
  IF (openDist.LOWBIT(index)) THEN

    tempCoord = adjCoordArr(index)

    B24 = WallValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
    GOSUB Get_Byte
    IF (B25.BIT6 = IsLow) THEN
      openDist.LOWBIT(index) = IsLow
    ENDIF

  ENDIF
NEXT

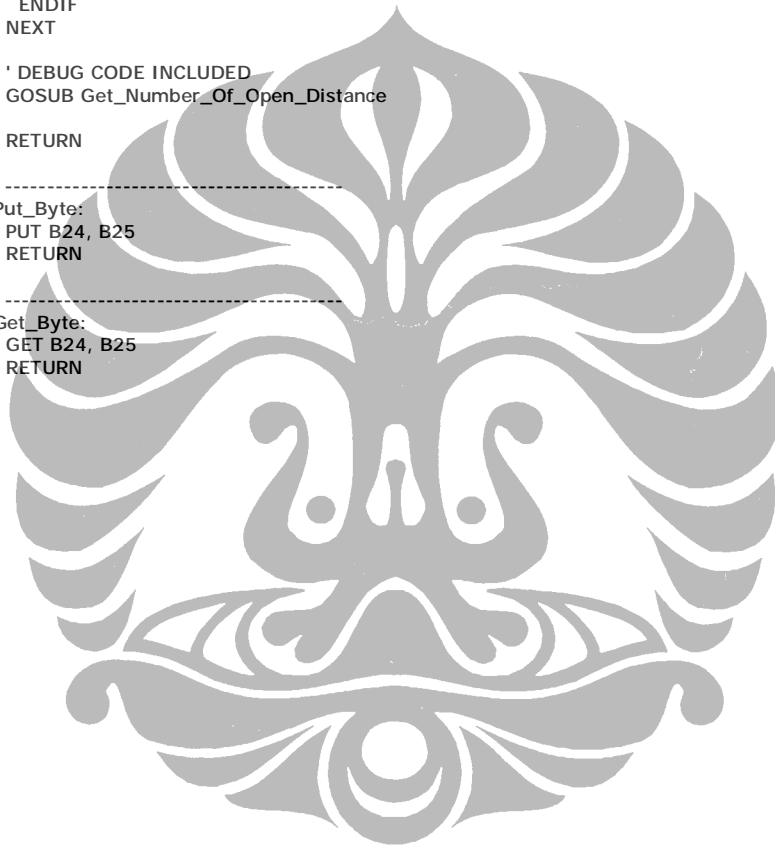
' DEBUG CODE INCLUDED
GOSUB Get_Number_Of_Open_Distance

RETURN

' -----
Put_Byte:
PUT B24, B25
RETURN

' -----
Get_Byte:
GET B24, B25
RETURN

```



Kode Program Bank 3 EEPROM

```
' -----[ Initialization ]-----
'
' -----[ Main Code ]-----
'
Do_Process_3:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "PROCESS_3:", CR
#ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
    DEBUG IHEX2 ? nowCoord
#ENDIF

stackPointer = 0
tempCoord = nowCoord
GOSUB Push_Coordinate

' -----
Process_Distance:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "PROC_DIST:", CR
#ENDIF

GOSUB Pull_Coordinate
GOSUB Read_Wall

IF (isNoWall) THEN
    GOTO Check_Stack_Pointer
ENDIF

GOSUB Get_Open_Distance
GOSUB Get_Lowest_Open_Distance
GOSUB Check_Current_Distance

IF (isBrokenRule) THEN
    GOSUB Push_Open_Distance

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
ELSE
    DEBUG "No push", CR
#ENDIF

ENDIF

' -----
Check_Stack_Pointer:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "CHECK_SP:", CR
#ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
    DEBUG ? stackPointer
#ENDIF

IF (stackPointer > 0) THEN
    GOTO Process_Distance
ENDIF

' -----
Current_Coordinate:
GOSUB Process_Current_Coordinate

' -----
Do_Process_4: ' PREPARE FOR NEXT MOVE
    RUN Bank_4

' -----[ Subroutines ]-----
'
' -----
Process_Current_Coordinate:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "PROC_CUR_COORD:", CR
#ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
    DEBUG IHEX2 ? nowCoord
#ENDIF
```

```

tempCoord = nowCoord
GOSUB Read_Wall
GOSUB Get_Open_Distance
GOSUB Get_Lowest_Open_Distance

RETURN

'-----
Push_Coordinate:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PUSH_COORD:", CR
#ENDIF

IF (stackPointer > 0) THEN
  FOR B23 = stackPointer-1 TO 0

    B24 = StackValue + B23
    GOSUB Get_Byte
    B24 = StackValue + (B23 + 1)
    GOSUB Put_Byte

  NEXT
ENDIF

B24 = StackValue
B25 = tempCoord
GOSUB Put_Byte

stackPointer = stackPointer + 1

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "Push = ", IHEX2 tempCoord, CR
  GOSUB Show_Stack
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Pull_Coordinate:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PULL_COORD:", CR
#ENDIF

B24 = StackValue
GOSUB Get_Byte
tempCoord = B25

IF (stackPointer > 0) THEN
  FOR B23 = 0 TO stackPointer-1

    B24 = StackValue + (B23 + 1)
    GOSUB Get_Byte
    B24 = StackValue + B23
    GOSUB Put_Byte

  NEXT
ENDIF

stackPointer = stackPointer - 1

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "Pull = ", IHEX2 tempCoord, CR
  GOSUB Show_Stack
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Show_Stack:

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG ? stackPointer
  IF (stackPointer > 0) THEN
    FOR B23 = 0 TO stackPointer-1
      B24 = StackValue + B23
      GOSUB Get_Byte
      DEBUG "[", DEC B23, "] = ", IHEX2 B25, CR
    NEXT
  ENDIF
#ENDIF

RETURN

```



```

'-----
Read_Wall:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "READ_WALL:", CR
#ENDIF

' INITIALIZING
isNoWall = 0

B24 = WallValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
GOSUB Get_Byte
B23 = B25

IF (B23.BIT5 = IsLow) OR (B23.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN
  isNoWall = 1
ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "Wall = ", BIN4 B23.NIB1, "-", BIN4 B23.NIB0, CR
  DEBUG ? isNoWall
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Get_Open_Distance:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "GET_OPEN_DIST:", CR
#ENDIF

' INITIALIZING
FOR index = West TO North
  adjCoordArr(index) = EqualTo255
  adjDistArr(index) = EqualTo15
NEXT
numOfOpenDist = 0
openDist = 0

' PROCESS FOR OPEN NEIGHBOUR AT WEST
IF (tempX > 0) THEN
  IF (B23.BIT3 = IsLow) THEN
    index = West
    B22.NIB1 = tempX - 1
    B22.NIB0 = tempY
    GOSUB Save_Open_Distance
  ENDIF
ENDIF

' PROCESS FOR OPEN NEIGHBOUR AT SOUTH
IF (tempY > 0) THEN
  IF (B23.BIT2 = IsLow) THEN
    index = South
    B22.NIB1 = tempX
    B22.NIB0 = tempY - 1
    GOSUB Save_Open_Distance
  ENDIF
ENDIF

' PROCESS FOR OPEN NEIGHBOUR AT EAST
IF (tempX < MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
  IF (B23.BIT1 = IsLow) THEN
    index = East
    B22.NIB1 = tempX + 1
    B22.NIB0 = tempY
    GOSUB Save_Open_Distance
  ENDIF
ENDIF

' PROCESS FOR OPEN NEIGHBOUR AT NORTH
IF (tempY < MatrixSizeMinSatu) THEN
  IF (B23.BIT0 = IsLow) THEN
    index = North
    B22.NIB1 = tempX
    B22.NIB0 = tempY + 1
    GOSUB Save_Open_Distance
  ENDIF
ENDIF

' DEBUG CODE INCLUDED
GOSUB Get_Number_Of_Open_Distance

RETURN

```

```

'-----
Save_Open_Distance:

    adjCoordArr(index) = B22

    B24 = DistanceValue + ((B22.NIB1 * MatrixSize) + B22.NIB0)
    GOSUB Get_Byte
    adjDistArr(index) = B25

    openDist.LOWBIT(index) = IsHigh

RETURN

'-----
Get_Number_Of_Open_Distance:

'INITIALIZING
numOfOpenDist = 0

FOR index = West TO North
    IF (openDist.LOWBIT(index)) THEN

        #IF DebugNormal #THEN
            DEBUG "adjCoord", "[", DEC index, "] = ", IHEX2 adjCoordArr(index), "; ", "adjDist", "[", DEC index, "] = ", DEC
            adjDistArr(index), CR
        #ENDIF

        numOfOpenDist = numOfOpenDist + 1

    ENDIF
NEXT

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
    DEBUG "numOfOpenDist = ", DEC numOfOpenDist, "; ", "openDist = ", IBIN4 openDist, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Get_Lowest_Open_Distance:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "GET_LOWEST:", CR
#ENDIF

IF (numOfOpenDist > OneOpenNeighbour) THEN
    IF (numOfOpenDist = TwoOpenNeighbours) THEN
        GOSUB Sort_2_Distances
    ELSEIF (numOfOpenDist = ThreeOpenNeighbours) THEN
        GOSUB Sort_3_Distances
    ENDIF

' DEBUG CODE INCLUDED
GOSUB Get_Number_Of_Open_Distance

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
ELSE
    DEBUG "Only 1", CR
#ENDIF

ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Sort_2_Distances:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
' DEBUG CR, "SORT_2:", CR
#ENDIF

SELECT openDist
CASE %0011
    B25 = East
    B24 = North
CASE %0101
    B25 = South
    B24 = North
CASE %1001
    B25 = West
    B24 = North
CASE %0110
    B25 = South
    B24 = East

```

```

CASE %1010
  B25 = West
  B24 = East
CASE %1100
  B25 = West
  B24 = South
ENDSELECT

```

```
GOSUB Set_Lowest_Of_2_Distances
```

```
RETURN
```

```
-----
Set_Lowest_Of_2_Distances:
```

```

IF adjDistArr(B25) < adjDistArr(B24) THEN
'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsHigh
openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsLow

```

```

ELSEIF adjDistArr(B25) > adjDistArr(B24) THEN
openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsLow
'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsHigh

```

```

'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'ELSE
' openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsHigh
' openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsHigh

```

```
ENDIF
```

```
RETURN
```

```
-----
Sort_3_Distances:
```

```

'## IF DebugLow ## THEN
' DEBUG CR, "SORT_3:", CR
'## ENDF

```

```

SELECT openDist
CASE %0111
  B25 = South
  B24 = East
  B23 = North
CASE %1011
  B25 = West
  B24 = East
  B23 = North
CASE %1101
  B25 = West
  B24 = South
  B23 = North
CASE %1110
  B25 = West
  B24 = South
  B23 = East
ENDSELECT

```

```
GOSUB Set_Lowest_Of_3_Distances
```

```
RETURN
```

```
-----
Set_Lowest_Of_3_Distances:
```

```
IF adjDistArr(B25) < adjDistArr(B24) THEN
```

```

  IF adjDistArr(B25) < adjDistArr(B23) THEN
    'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
    'openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsHigh
    openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsLow
    openDist.LOWBIT(B23) = IsLow

```

```

  ELSEIF adjDistArr(B25) > adjDistArr(B23) THEN
    openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsLow
    openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsLow
    'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
    'openDist.LOWBIT(B23) = IsHigh

```

```

  ELSE
    'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
    'openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsHigh
    openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsLow

```

```

'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'openDist.LOWBIT(B23) = IsHigh

ENDIF

ELSEIF adjDistArr(B25) > adjDistArr(B24) THEN

IF adjDistArr(B24) < adjDistArr(B23) THEN
openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsLow
'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsHigh
openDist.LOWBIT(B23) = IsLow

ELSEIF adjDistArr(B24) > adjDistArr(B23) THEN
openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsLow
openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsLow
'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'openDist.LOWBIT(B23) = IsHigh

ELSE
openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsLow
'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsHigh
'openDist.LOWBIT(B23) = IsHigh

ENDIF

ELSE

IF adjDistArr(B25) < adjDistArr(B23) THEN
'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsHigh
'openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsHigh
openDist.LOWBIT(B23) = IsLow

ELSEIF adjDistArr(B25) > adjDistArr(B23) THEN
openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsLow
openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsLow
'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'openDist.LOWBIT(B23) = IsHigh

'NO NEED BECAUSE ALREADY HIGH FROM PREVIOUS SETTING
'ELSE
'openDist.LOWBIT(B25) = IsHigh
'openDist.LOWBIT(B24) = IsHigh
'openDist.LOWBIT(B23) = IsHigh

ENDIF

ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Check_Current_Distance:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "CHECK_CUR_DIST:", CR
#ENDIF

' INITIALIZING
isBrokenRule = IsLow

B24 = DistanceValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
GOSUB Get_Byte

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "tempDist = ", DEC B25, CR
#ENDIF

FOR index = West TO North
  IF (openDist.LOWBIT(index)) THEN
    IF (B25 < adjDistArr(index)) THEN

      isBrokenRule = IsHigh
      B25 = adjDistArr(index) + 1
      'B24 = DistanceValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
      GOSUB Put_Byte

    ENDIF
  EXIT
  ENDIF
NEXT

#IF DebugNormal #THEN

```

```

DEBUG "isBrokenRule = ", BIN isBrokenRule, "; ", "tempDist = ", DEC B25, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Push_Open_Distance:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PUSH_OPEN_DIST:", CR
#ENDIF

'IF (isBrokenRule) THEN

FOR index = West TO North
  IF (adjCoordArr(index) < EqualTo255) THEN

    #IF DebugNormal #THEN
      DEBUG CR, "adjCoord", "[", DEC index, "] = ", IHEX2 adjCoordArr(index), CR
    #ENDIF

    tempCoord = adjCoordArr(index)
    ' THAT'S WHY Push_Coordinate DO NOT USE index (REPLACED BY B23)
    GOSUB Push_Coordinate

  ENDF
NEXT

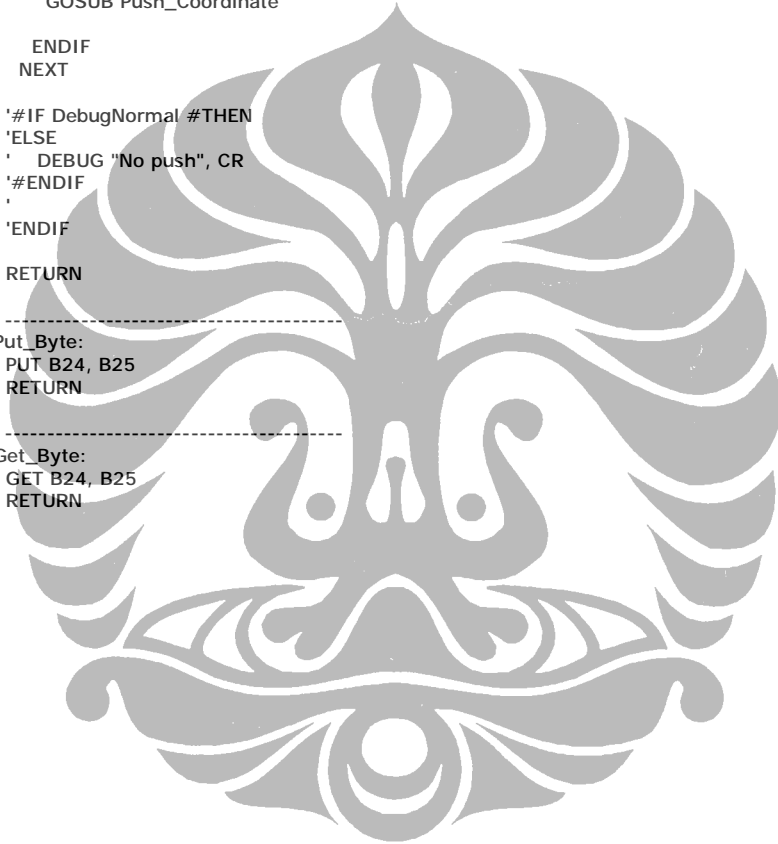
' #IF DebugNormal #THEN
' ELSE
'   DEBUG "No push", CR
' #ENDIF
' ENDF

RETURN

'-----
Put_Byte:
PUT B24, B25
RETURN

'-----
Get_Byte:
GET B24, B25
RETURN

```



Kode Program Bank 4 EEPROM

```
'-----[ Initialization ]-----
'
'-----[ Main Code ]-----
'
Do_Process_4:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PROCESS_4:", CR
#ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG IHEX2 ? nowCoord
#ENDIF

GOSUB Process_Destination

'-----
Do_Output_1:
  RUN Bank_5

'-----[ Subroutines ]-----
'
Process_Destination:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PROC_DEST:", CR
#ENDIF

IF (nowFaceIn = North) THEN

  SELECT openDist

  CASE %0001, %0011, %0101, %1001, %0111, %1011, %1101
    index = North
    GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
    GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
    moveType = GoStraight

  CASE %0010, %0110, %1010, %1110
    index = East
    GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
    GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
    moveType = RotateRight90

  CASE %0100
    index = South
    GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
    GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
    moveType = RotateRight180

  CASE %1000, %1100
    index = West
    GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
    GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
    moveType = RotateLeft90

  'CASE %0011 ' GO EAST OR NORTH
  'CASE %0101 ' GO SOUTH OR NORTH
  'CASE %1001 ' GO WEST OR NORTH
  'CASE %0110 ' GO SOUTH OR EAST
  'CASE %1010 ' GO WEST OR EAST *
  'CASE %1100 ' GO WEST OR SOUTH
  'CASE %0111 ' GO SOUTH, EAST, OR NORTH
  'CASE %1011 ' GO WEST, EAST, OR NORTH
  'CASE %1101 ' GO WEST, SOUTH, OR NORTH
  'CASE %1110 ' GO WEST, SOUTH, OR EAST * (ABSOLUTELY NOT EAST)

  ENDSELECT

ELSEIF (nowFaceIn = East) THEN

  SELECT openDist

  CASE %0001, %1001
    index = North
    GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
    GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
    moveType = RotateLeft90
```

```

CASE %0010, %0011, %0110, %1010, %0111, %1011, %1110
  index = East
  GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
  GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
  moveType = GoStraight

CASE %0100, %0101, %1100, %1101
  index = South
  GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
  GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
  moveType = RotateRight90

CASE %1000
  index = West
  GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
  GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
  moveType = RotateRight180

'CASE %0011 ' GO EAST OR NORTH
'CASE %0101 ' GO SOUTH OR NORTH *
'CASE %1001 ' GO WEST OR NORTH
'CASE %0110 ' GO SOUTH OR EAST
'CASE %1010 ' GO WEST OR EAST
'CASE %1100 ' GO WEST OR SOUTH
'CASE %0111 ' GO SOUTH, EAST, OR NORTH
'CASE %1011 ' GO WEST, EAST, OR NORTH
'CASE %1101 ' GO WEST, SOUTH, OR NORTH *
'CASE %1110 ' GO WEST, SOUTH, OR EAST

ENDSELECT

ELSEIF (nowFaceIn = South) THEN

SELECT openDist

CASE %0001
  index = North
  GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
  GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
  moveType = RotateRight180

CASE %0010, %0011
  index = East
  GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
  GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
  moveType = RotateLeft90

CASE %0100, %0101, %0110, %1100, %0111, %1101, %1110
  index = South
  GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
  GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
  moveType = GoStraight

CASE %1000, %1001, %1010, %1011
  index = West
  GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
  GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
  moveType = RotateRight90

'CASE %0011 ' GO EAST OR NORTH
'CASE %0101 ' GO SOUTH OR NORTH
'CASE %1001 ' GO WEST OR NORTH
'CASE %0110 ' GO SOUTH OR EAST
'CASE %1010 ' GO WEST OR EAST *
'CASE %1100 ' GO WEST OR SOUTH
'CASE %0111 ' GO SOUTH, EAST, OR NORTH
'CASE %1011 ' GO WEST, EAST, OR NORTH *
'CASE %1101 ' GO WEST, SOUTH, OR NORTH
'CASE %1110 ' GO WEST, SOUTH, OR EAST

ENDSELECT

ELSEIF (nowFaceIn = West) THEN

SELECT openDist

CASE %0001, %0011, %0101, %0111
  index = North
  GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
  GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
  moveType = RotateRight90

CASE %0010
  index = East
  GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate

```

```

GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
moveType = RotateRight180

CASE %0100, %0110
index = South
GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
moveType = RotateLeft90

CASE %1000, %1001, %1010, %1100, %1011, %1101, %1110
index = West
GOSUB Process_New_Coordinate
GOSUB Process_New_Orientation
moveType = GoStraight

'CASE %0011 ' GO EAST OR NORTH
'CASE %0101 ' GO SOUTH OR NORTH *
'CASE %1001 ' GO WEST OR NORTH
'CASE %0110 ' GO SOUTH OR EAST
'CASE %1010 ' GO WEST OR EAST
'CASE %1100 ' GO WEST OR SOUTH
'CASE %0111 ' GO SOUTH, EAST, OR NORTH *
'CASE %1011 ' GO WEST, EAST, OR NORTH
'CASE %1101 ' GO WEST, SOUTH, OR NORTH
'CASE %1110 ' GO WEST, SOUTH, OR EAST

ENDSELECT

ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "openDist = ", IBIN4 openDist, "; ", "index = ", IBIN4 index, "; ", "moveType = ", IBIN4 moveType, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN
'-----
Process_New_Coordinate:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PROC_NEW_COORD:", CR
#ENDIF

SELECT index
CASE North
  tempX = nowX
  tempY = nowY + 1
CASE East
  tempX = nowX + 1
  tempY = nowY
CASE South
  tempX = nowX
  tempY = nowY - 1
CASE West
  tempX = nowX - 1
  tempY = nowY
ENDSELECT

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "nowCoord = ", IHEX2 nowCoord, "; ", "tempCoord = ", IHEX2 tempCoord, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN
'-----
Process_New_Orientation:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PROC_NEW_ORIENT:", CR
#ENDIF

SELECT index
CASE North
  tempFaceIn = North
CASE East
  tempFaceIn = East
CASE South
  tempFaceIn = South
CASE West
  tempFaceIn = West
ENDSELECT

GOSUB Process_Destination_Orientation

GOSUB Update_Orientation

```



```

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "nowFaceIn = ", IBIN4 nowFaceIn, "; ", "tempFaceIn = ", IBIN4 tempFaceIn, CR
#ENDIF

```

```

RETURN

```

```

'-----
Process_Destination_Orientation:

```

```

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "PROC_DES_ORIENT:", CR
#ENDIF

```

```

IF (isFinish = IsLow) THEN

```

```

  B24 = DistanceValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
  GOSUB Get_Byte

```

```

  #IF DebugNormal #THEN
    DEBUG "tempDist = ", DEC B25, CR
  #ENDIF

```

```

  IF (B25 = 0) THEN

```

```

    #IF DebugLow #THEN
      DEBUG "Yes", CR
    #ENDIF

```

```

    ' CAN NOT USE ROUTINE BECAUSE OF STRANGE BEHAVIOUR
    'GOSUB Update_Destination_Orientation

```

```

    B23 = 0

```

```

    B24 = OrientValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
    GOSUB Get_Byte
    B23 = B25

```

```

    SELECT tempFaceIn
      CASE North, South
        B23.BIT0 = IsHigh
        B23.BIT2 = IsHigh
      CASE East, West
        B23.BIT1 = IsHigh
        B23.BIT3 = IsHigh
    ENDSELECT

```

```

    B25 = B23
    GOSUB Put_Byte

```

```

  ENDIF

```

```

ENDIF

```

```

RETURN

```

```

'-----
Update_Orientation:

```

```

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "UPDATE_ORIENT:", CR
#ENDIF

```

```

IF (isFinish = IsLow) THEN

```

```

  #IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG "Yes", CR
  #ENDIF

```

```

  B24 = OrientValue + ((nowX * MatrixSize) + nowY)
  GOSUB Get_Byte
  nowOrient = B25

```

```

  SELECT tempFaceIn
    CASE North

```

```

      IF (nowOrient.BIT0 = IsLow) THEN
        IF (nowOrient.BIT6) THEN
          nowOrient.BIT6 = IsLow
        ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT2) THEN
          nowOrient.BIT2 = IsLow
        ELSE
          nowOrient.BIT0 = IsHigh
        ENDIF

```

```

      ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT4 = IsLow) THEN

```

```

    IF (nowOrient.BIT6) THEN
        nowOrient.BIT6 = IsLow
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT2) THEN
        nowOrient.BIT2 = IsLow
    ELSE
        nowOrient.BIT4 = IsHigh
    ENDIF
ENDIF

CASE East

    IF (nowOrient.BIT1 = IsLow) THEN
        IF (nowOrient.BIT7) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT7 = IsLow
        ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT3) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT3 = IsLow
        ELSE
            nowOrient.BIT1 = IsHigh
        ENDIF
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT5 = IsLow) THEN
        IF (nowOrient.BIT7) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT7 = IsLow
        ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT3) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT3 = IsLow
        ELSE
            nowOrient.BIT5 = IsHigh
        ENDIF
    ENDIF

CASE South

    IF (nowOrient.BIT2 = IsLow) THEN
        IF (nowOrient.BIT4) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT4 = IsLow
        ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT0) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT0 = IsLow
        ELSE
            nowOrient.BIT2 = IsHigh
        ENDIF
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT6 = IsLow) THEN
        IF (nowOrient.BIT4) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT4 = IsLow
        ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT0) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT0 = IsLow
        ELSE
            nowOrient.BIT6 = IsHigh
        ENDIF
    ENDIF

CASE West

    IF (nowOrient.BIT3 = IsLow) THEN
        IF (nowOrient.BIT5) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT5 = IsLow
        ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT1) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT1 = IsLow
        ELSE
            nowOrient.BIT3 = IsHigh
        ENDIF
    ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT7 = IsLow) THEN
        IF (nowOrient.BIT5) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT5 = IsLow
        ELSEIF (nowOrient.BIT1) THEN
            nowOrient.BIT1 = IsLow
        ELSE
            nowOrient.BIT7 = IsHigh
        ENDIF
    ENDIF

ENDSELECT

B25 = nowOrient
GOSUB Put_Byte

ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
    DEBUG "isFinish = ", BIN isFinish, CR, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Put_Byte:
    PUT B24, B25

```

```

RETURN

'-----
Get_Byte:
GET B24, B25
RETURN

''-----
'Put_Word:
' PUT B20, Word W9
' RETURN

'''-----
'Get_Word:
' GET B20, Word W9
' RETURN

''-----
'Update_Destination_Orientation:
'
'   ' INITIALIZING
'   B23 = 0
'
'   B24 = OrientValue + ((tempX * MatrixSize) + tempY)
'   GOSUB Get_Byte
'   B23 = B25
'
'   SELECT tempFaceIn
'   CASE North, South
'     B23.BIT0 = IsHigh
'     B23.BIT2 = IsHigh
'   CASE East, West
'     B23.BIT1 = IsHigh
'     B23.BIT3 = IsHigh
'   ENDSELECT
'
'   B25 = B23
'   GOSUB Put_Byte
'
RETURN

```



Kode Program Bank 5 EEPROM

```
' -----[ Initialization ]-----
:
' -----[ Main Code ]-----
:
:
Do_Output_1:

  #IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "OUTPUT_1:", CR
  #ENDIF

  #IF DebugNormal #THEN
    DEBUG IHEX2 ? nowCoord
  #ENDIF

  GOSUB Drive_Motor

:
:
#IF DebugNormal #THEN
Do_Output_2:
  RUN Bank_6
#ENDIF

:
:
Do_Input:
  task = TskDoInput ' TskDoInput = 1
  RUN Bank_0

' -----[ Subroutines ]-----
:
:
Drive_Motor:

  #IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "DRIVE_MOTOR:", CR
  #ENDIF

  #IF DebugNormal #THEN
    DEBUG "isCheckpoint = ", BIN isCheckpoint, "; "
  #ENDIF

  IF (isCheckpoint) THEN

    #IF DebugNormal #THEN
      DEBUG IBIN4 ? moveType
    #ENDIF

    SELECT moveType
      CASE GoStraight
        GOSUB Go_Straight
      CASE RotateRight90
        GOSUB Go_Rotate_Right_90
      CASE Go_Straight
        GOSUB Go_Straight
      CASE RotateLeft90
        GOSUB Go_Rotate_Left_90
      CASE Go_Straight
        GOSUB Go_Straight
      CASE RotateRight180
        GOSUB Go_Rotate_Right_180
      CASE Go_Straight
        GOSUB Go_Straight
    ENDSELECT

    GOSUB Scan_Side_Wall

  ELSE

    #IF DebugNormal #THEN
      DEBUG "wallSensors[65-21] = ", BIN sensor6, BIN sensor5, "-", BIN sensor2, BIN sensor1, CR
    #ENDIF

    IF (sensor6 = isHigh AND sensor5 = isHigh) OR (sensor2 = isHigh AND sensor1 = isHigh) THEN
      GOSUB Go_Forward
    ELSEIF (sensor6 = isLow AND sensor5 = isHigh) OR (sensor2 = isLow AND sensor1 = isHigh) THEN
      GOSUB Pivot_Right
    ELSEIF (sensor6 = isHigh AND sensor5 = isLow) OR (sensor2 = isHigh AND sensor1 = isLow) THEN
      GOSUB Pivot_Left
    ELSE
      GOSUB Stop_Motor
    ENDIF

  ENDIF

RETURN
```

```

'-----
Go_Straight:
GOSUB Set_Go_Straight_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4GoStraight
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4GoStraight
NEXT
RETURN

'-----
Set_Go_Straight_Duration:
W12 = StopMotor + GoStraightFactor
W11 = StopMotor - GoStraightFactor
RETURN

'-----
Go_Rotate_Right_90:
GOSUB Set_Go_Rotate_Right_90_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4Rotate90
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4Rotate90
NEXT
RETURN

'-----
Set_Go_Rotate_Right_90_Duration:
W12 = StopMotor + RotateFactor
W11 = StopMotor + RotateFactor
RETURN

'-----
Go_Rotate_Left_90:
GOSUB Set_Go_Rotate_Left_90_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4Rotate90
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4Rotate90
NEXT
RETURN

'-----
Set_Go_Rotate_Left_90_Duration:
W12 = StopMotor - RotateFactor
W11 = StopMotor - RotateFactor
RETURN

'-----
Go_Rotate_Right_180:
GOSUB Set_Go_Rotate_Right_90_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4Rotate180
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4Rotate180
NEXT
RETURN

'-----
Scan_Side_Wall:

#IF DebugLow #THEN
  DEBUG CR, "SCAN_SIDE_WALL:", CR
#ENDIF

' INITIALIZING
scanResult = IsLow

GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors

IF NOT (sensor6 OR sensor5 OR sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN

  IF NOT (sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN

    #IF DebugNormal #THEN
      DEBUG "Right wing", CR
      DEBUG ? sensor2
      DEBUG ? sensor1
    #ENDIF

    IF (sensor0 OR sensor8) THEN

      #IF DebugNormal #THEN
        DEBUG "Scan right", CR
        DEBUG ? sensor8
        DEBUG ? sensor0
      #ENDIF

    ' CAN NOT USE ROUTINE BECAUSE OF STRANGE BEHAVIOUR

```

```

'GOSUB Pivot_Right_Scanning

GOSUB Set_Pivot_Right_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4PivotRightScan
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4Scan
  GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors
  IF (sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
    scanResult = IsHigh
    EXIT
  ENDIF
NEXT

ELSEIF (sensor9) THEN

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "Scan left", CR
  DEBUG ? sensor9
#ENDIF

' CAN NOT USE ROUTINE BECAUSE OF STRANGE BEHAVIOUR
'GOSUB Pivot_Left_Scanning

GOSUB Set_Pivot_Left_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4PivotLeftScan
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4Scan
  GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors
  IF (sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
    scanResult = IsHigh
    EXIT
  ENDIF
NEXT

ENDIF
ENDIF
IF (scanResult = IsLow) AND (NOT (sensor6 OR sensor5)) THEN

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "Left wing", CR
  DEBUG ? scanResult
  DEBUG ? sensor6
  DEBUG ? sensor5
#ENDIF

IF (sensor7 OR sensor11) THEN

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "Scan left", CR
  DEBUG ? sensor7
  DEBUG ? sensor11
#ENDIF

' CAN NOT USE ROUTINE BECAUSE OF STRANGE BEHAVIOUR
'GOSUB Pivot_Left_Scanning

GOSUB Set_Pivot_Left_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4PivotLeftScan
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4Scan
  GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors
  IF (sensor6 OR sensor5 OR sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
    scanResult = IsHigh
    EXIT
  ENDIF
NEXT

ELSEIF (sensor10) THEN

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "Scan right", CR
  DEBUG ? sensor10
#ENDIF

' CAN NOT USE ROUTINE BECAUSE OF STRANGE BEHAVIOUR
'GOSUB Pivot_Right_Scanning

GOSUB Set_Pivot_Right_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4PivotRightScan
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4Scan
  GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors
  IF (sensor6 OR sensor5) THEN

```

```

        scanResult = IsHigh
        EXIT
    ENDIF
NEXT

ENDIF

ENDIF

IF (scanResult = IsLow) THEN

    ' CAN NOT USE ROUTINE BECAUSE OF STRANGE BEHAVIOUR
    'GOSUB Pivot_Left_Scanning

    GOSUB Set_Pivot_Left_Duration
    FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4PivotLeftScan
        GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
        PAUSE Pause4Scan
        GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors
        IF (sensor6 OR sensor5 OR sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
            scanResult = IsHigh
            EXIT
        ENDIF
    NEXT

    IF (scanResult = IsLow) THEN

        ' CAN NOT USE ROUTINE BECAUSE OF STRANGE BEHAVIOUR
        'GOSUB Pivot_Right_Scanning

        GOSUB Set_Pivot_Right_Duration
        FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4PivotRightScan
            GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
            PAUSE Pause4Scan
            GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors
            IF (sensor6 OR sensor5 OR sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
                scanResult = IsHigh
                EXIT
            ENDIF
        NEXT

    ENDIF

ENDIF

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
ELSE
    DEBUG "No need", CR
#ENDIF

ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Read_Wall_Sensors:

    #IF DebugLow #THEN
        DEBUG CR, "READ_WALL_SENSORS:", CR
    #ENDIF

    B20 = SensorThres
    GOSUB Get_Word

    HIGH OuterRightSensor    ' Turn on sensor
    GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
    sensor0 = SensorInput    ' Snapshot of sensor signal states
    LOW OuterRightSensor    ' Turn off sensor

    HIGH FarMiddleRightSensor
    GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
    sensor1 = SensorInput
    LOW FarMiddleRightSensor

    HIGH NearMiddleRightSensor
    GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
    sensor2 = SensorInput
    LOW NearMiddleRightSensor

    'HIGH InnerRightSensor
    'GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
    'sensor3 = SensorInput
    'LOW InnerRightSensor

```

```

'HIGH InnerLeftSensor
'GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
'sensor4 = SensorInput
'LOW InnerLeftSensor

HIGH NearMiddleLeftSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor5 = SensorInput
LOW NearMiddleLeftSensor

HIGH FarMiddleLeftSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor6 = SensorInput
LOW FarMiddleLeftSensor

HIGH OuterLeftSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor7 = SensorInput
LOW OuterLeftSensor

HIGH OuterRearRightSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor8 = SensorInput
LOW OuterRearRightSensor

HIGH InnerRearRightSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor9 = SensorInput
LOW InnerRearRightSensor

HIGH InnerRearLeftSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor10 = SensorInput
LOW InnerRearLeftSensor

HIGH OuterRearLeftSensor
GOSUB Change_IO_Direction
sensor11 = SensorInput
LOW OuterRearLeftSensor

#IF DebugNormal #THEN
  DEBUG "wallSensors = ", BIN4 wallSensors.NIB2, "-", BIN sensor7, BIN sensor6, BIN sensor5, "x", "-", "x", BIN
  sensor2, BIN sensor1, BIN sensor0, CR
#ENDIF

RETURN
-----
Change_IO_Direction:
HIGH SensorInput      ' Push signal voltages to 5 V
PAUSE 0                ' Wait 230 us for capacitors
INPUT SensorInput     ' Start the decays
'PULSOUT UnusedPin, sensorThreshold ' Wait for threshold time
PULSOUT UnusedPin, W9 ' Wait for threshold time
RETURN
-----
Go_Forward:
GOSUB Set_Go_Forward_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4GoForward
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4GoForward
NEXT
RETURN
-----
Set_Go_Forward_Duration:
W12 = StopMotor + GoForwardFactor
W11 = StopMotor - GoForwardFactor
RETURN
-----
Pivot_Right:
GOSUB Set_Pivot_Right_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4Pivot
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4Pivot
NEXT
RETURN
-----
Set_Pivot_Right_Duration:
W12 = StopMotor + PivotFactor
W11 = StopMotor
RETURN

```



```

'-----
Pivot_Left:
GOSUB Set_Pivot_Left_Duration
FOR B21 = 1 TO Loop4Pivot
  GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
  PAUSE Pause4Pivot
NEXT
RETURN

'-----
Set_Pivot_Left_Duration:
W12 = StopMotor
W11 = StopMotor - PivotFactor
RETURN

'-----
Stop_Motor:
GOSUB Set_Stop_Motor_Duration
GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
RETURN

'-----
Set_Stop_Motor_Duration:
W12 = StopMotor
W11 = StopMotor
RETURN

'-----
Pulsout_Motor:
PULSOUT LeftMotor, W12
PULSOUT RightMotor, W11
RETURN

'-----
Get_Word:
GET B20, Word W9
RETURN

"-----
'Pivot_Left_Scanning:
' GOSUB Set_Pivot_Left_Duration
'
' FOR B20 = 1 TO Loop4PivotLeftScan
'   GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
'   PAUSE Pause4Scan
'   GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors
'   IF (sensor6 OR sensor5 OR sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
'     scanResult = IsHigh
'     EXIT
'   ENDIF
' NEXT
' RETURN

"-----
'Pivot_Right_Scanning:
' GOSUB Set_Pivot_Right_Duration
'
' FOR B20 = 1 TO Loop4PivotRightScan
'   GOSUB Pulsout_Motor
'   PAUSE Pause4Scan
'   GOSUB Read_Wall_Sensors
'   IF (sensor6 OR sensor5 OR sensor2 OR sensor1) THEN
'     scanResult = IsHigh
'     EXIT
'   ENDIF
' NEXT
' RETURN

```

Kode Program Bank 6 EEPROM

```
'-----[ Initialization ]-----
'
'-----[ Main Code ]-----
'
Do_Output_2:

  #IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "OUTPUT_2:", CR
  #ENDIF

  #IF DebugNormal #THEN
    GOSUB Display_Data
  #ENDIF

'-----
Do_Input:
  task = TskDoInput ' TskDoInput = 1
  RUN Bank_0

'-----[ Subroutines ]-----
'
Display_Data:
  #IF DebugLow #THEN
    DEBUG CR, "DISPLAY_DATA:", CR
  #ENDIF

  #IF DebugNormal #THEN
    'DEBUG CLS
    GOSUB Parameter_Reading
    GOSUB Maze_Reading
  #ENDIF

  RETURN

'-----
Parameter_Reading:

  #IF DebugNormal #THEN

    DEBUG "[x,y] = [", DEC nowX, ",", DEC nowY, "]", "; ", "nowDist = ", DEC nowDist, "; ", "nowWall = ", BIN4
    nowWall.NIB1, "-", BIN4 nowWall.NIB0, "; ", "nowOrient = ", BIN4 nowOrient.NIB1, "-", BIN4 nowOrient.NIB0, CR
    DEBUG "isVisitedCell = ", BIN isVisitedCell, "; ", "isCheckpoint = ", BIN isCheckpoint, "; ", "isFinish = ", BIN isFinish,
    "; ", "isBrokenRule = ", BIN isBrokenRule, "; ", CR
    'DEBUG "sensorThreshold = ", DEC sensorThreshold, "; ", "numOfOpenDist = ", DEC numOfOpenDist, "; ", "openDist
    = ", IBIN4 openDist, "; ", "moveType = ", IBIN4 moveType, "; ", "scanResult = ", BIN scanResult, CR
    DEBUG "numOfOpenDist = ", DEC numOfOpenDist, "; ", "openDist = ", IBIN4 openDist, "; ", "moveType = ", IBIN4
    moveType, "; ", "scanResult = ", BIN scanResult, CR

  #ENDIF

  RETURN

'-----
Maze_Reading:

  #IF DebugNormal #THEN

    DEBUG CR, "MAZE: COORDINATE + DISTANCE + VISITED-WALL", CR

    FOR B23 = MatrixSizeMinSatu TO 0
      FOR B22 = 0 TO MatrixSizeMinSatu

        B21 = (B22 * MatrixSize) + B23
        B24 = B21 + CoordinateValue
        GOSUB Get_Byte
        DEBUG HEX2 B25, " + "
        B24 = B21 + DistanceValue
        GOSUB Get_Byte
        DEBUG DEC B25, " + "
        B24 = B21 + WallValue
        GOSUB Get_Byte
        DEBUG BIN4 B25.NIB1, "-", BIN4 B25.NIB0, " | "

      NEXT
      DEBUG CR
    NEXT

    DEBUG CR, "MAZE: COORDINATE + DISTANCE + ORIENTATION", CR
```

```

FOR B23 = MatrixSizeMinSatu TO 0
FOR B22 = 0 TO MatrixSizeMinSatu

    B21 = (B22 * MatrixSize) + B23
    B24 = B21 + CoordinateValue
    GOSUB Get_Byte
    DEBUG HEX2 B25, " + "
    B24 = B21 + DistanceValue
    GOSUB Get_Byte
    DEBUG DEC B25, " + "
    B24 = B21 + OrientValue
    GOSUB Get_Byte
    DEBUG BIN4 B25.NIB1, "-", BIN4 B25.NIB0, " | "

NEXT
DEBUG CR
NEXT

#ENDIF

RETURN

'-----
Get_Byte:
GET B24, B25
RETURN

```

