

ABSTRAK

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Program Studi : Kajian Wanita
Judul : TUBUH PEREMPUAN DALAM PATRIARKI/BUDAYA
PATRIARKAL: Analisis Respons Atas KDRT
(Studi Kasus Pemulihan Korban KDRT di Kabupaten Bekasi)

Tesis ini menganalisa upaya Pemkab Bekasi dalam merespons dan menindaklanjuti kebijakan nasional tentang pemulihan korban KDRT (UU No. 23/2004, PP No. 4/2006 serta PERMEN PP No. 01/VI/2007). Topik ini dipilih karena tingginya kasus KTP termasuk KDRT di Kabupaten Bekasi, sementara perhatian Pemkab dalam menangani kasus ini sangat rendah, karena ada kecenderungan pembangunan prasarana fisik lebih diutamakan. Penelitian ini menggunakan metode kualitatif dengan perspektif perempuan dalam melihat kesungguhan Pemkab Bekasi terhadap upaya pemulihan korban KDRT. Subjek penelitian melibatkan staf instansi penyelenggara pemulihan dan korban KDRT dengan menggunakan metode observasi dan wawancara mendalam. Penelitian ini menganalisa tiga hal: *pertama*, kebijakan nasional pemulihan korban KDRT; *kedua*, realitas kekerasan terhadap perempuan, termasuk KDRT di Kabupaten Bekasi. Dan *ketiga*, upaya Pemkab Bekasi dalam mengimplementasikan kebijakan pemulihan korban KDRT yang dilihat dalam program kerja dan anggaran daerah. Kesimpulan dari penelitian ini: *pertama*, Pemkab Bekasi belum menindaklanjuti kebijakan nasional pemulihan korban KDRT, meskipun kasus KTP/KDRT tinggi jumlahnya; *Kedua*, kekerasan masih dianggap wajar sehingga upaya pemulihan bukan prioritas, tidak terlihat dalam program kerja dan anggaran daerah. Dan *Ketiga*, patriarki masih mendominasi sistem pemerintahan dan kemasyarakatan di Kabupaten Bekasi, hal ini terlihat dari ketidakpedulian masyarakat dan Pemkab dalam melakukan upaya pencegahan dan pemulihan korban KDRT.

53 referensi (1987- 2008)

Kata Kunci: respons, pemulihan, kekerasan

ABSTRACT

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Study Program: Women's Studies Graduate Program
Title : BODY OF WOMEN IN PATRIARCHY/PATRIARCAL
CULTURE: Response Analyses On Domestic Violence
(Case Study of Recovery for Domestic Violence Survivors in
Kabupaten Bekasi)

This thesis analyses the attempts of Kabupaten Bekasi' government in responding and implementation of Act No 23/2004, Government Regulation No. 4/2006 and Ministerial Decree No. 01/VI2007. This topic is selected because the high numbers of domestic violence survivors in Kabupaten Bekasi, while awareness and concern of the government and personnel on this issues are very low, its cause of the trend towards infrastructure development more priority. This research conducted by involving institutions related to recover program mentioned in the regulations such as Pemda Kabupaten, Dinas Kesehatan, Polres, and Dinas Social and so on. In order to get balance data, survivors were also interviewed. This study is using qualitative method by exploring women's perspective to get deep understanding in the way Kabupaten Bekasi's responses and implements national policy to recover domestic violence survivors. This study analyzed at least three main problems: *first*, the content, structure and operational guidelines of policies related to survivors recovery program for domestic violence (UU No. 23/2004, PP No. 4/2006 and Permen PP No. 01/Permen PP/VI/2007); *second*, type, motives, how, targets of violence against women in Kabupaten Bekasi includes domestic violence; and *third*, oversee the responses of Kabupaten towards national policy in providing recovery program for domestic violence survivors. This can be analyzed in how this government making priority for programs and budgets. This research concluded: *first*, Kabupaten Bekasi' government not follow up yet the Act No 23/2004, Government Regulation No. 4/2006 and Ministerial Decree No. 01/VI2007, even when the number of violence tends to increase; *second*, the domestic violence or violence towards women considered is natural that's way recovery program isn't priority; and *third*, Patriarchy is still dominated in government and social system in Kabupaten Bekasi, it's showed in paid attention from government and society toward prevention and recovery for domestic violence survivors.

53 References (1987 - 2008)

Key Words: response, recovery, violence