Lampiran 3
Hasil wawancara dengan Tenaga Gizi Puskesmas (TGP)

Pertanyaan	TGP Senen (Siti Rochmah)	TGP Tanjung Priuk (Jamila Albugis)	TGP Jaga Karsa (Irma Ayu)	TGP Cakung (Lenni Herawati)
Bagaimana penentuan sasaran PMT-P dan berapa lama PMT-P di berikan?	Sasaran ditentukan berdasarkan laporan terakhir dari laporan posyandu dari bidan yang ada laporan konfirmasi BGM. Lama pemberian 3 bulan	Hasil penimbangan di posyandu dan laporan kader dari laporan balita BGM yang dikonfirmasi.PMT-P di berikan selama 90 hari	Berdasarkan dari data PSG yang terbaru. PMT-P di berikan selama 3 bulan	Berdasarkan dari data PSG yang terbaru. PMT-P di berikan selama 3 bulan
Darimana sumber dana, apakah dana yangtersedia sudah sesuai dengan perencanaan yang di buat?	Sumber dana dari APBD , saya lupa berapa perencanaannya setiap anak, danannya turun 100%	Dananya dari APBD yang direncanakan Rp. 10.000.-/anak. Dana yang turun 100% sesuai perencanaan	Dananya dari APBD yang direncanakan Rp. 10.000.-/anak. Dana yang turun 100% sesuai perencanaan karena gizi merupakan program prioritas	Dananya dari APBD. Dana yang turun 100% sesuai perencanaan
Berdasarkan apa prioritas sasaran yang mendapat PMT-P?	Semua anak yang gizi buruk dan gizi kurang	Anak gizi buruk 1-3 tahun gakin dan non gakin kemudian anak gizi kurang 1-3 tahun gakin dan setelah itu non gakin. Yang diutamakan untuk yang gakin.	1. Kurus sekali BB/TB dari gakin 2. Kurus sekali BB/TB dari non gakin 3. Gizi buruk BB/U dari gakin 4. Gizi buruk BB/U dari non gakin 5. Gizi kurang BB/U dari gakin 6. Gizi kurang BB/U dari non gakin	Priporitas sasaran adalah balita gizi buruk usia 6-50 bulan terutama tang gakin

Bagaimana penentuan jenis PMT-P dan bagaimana mekanisme penyediaan bahan untuk PMT-P	Disesuaikan dengan jumlah kalori dan protein yang telah di tetapkan , tapi saya lupa berapa jumlahnnya, setelah itu harganya di perhitungkan agar sesuai dengan dana yang tersedia. Penyediaan bahan untuk PMT-P berdasarkan kesepakatan kita dengan pemasok barang	Harus sesuai dengan jumlah kalori dan protein, disesuaikan dengan anggaran .PMT-P di beli sendiri oleh petugas gizi puskesmas satu kali sebulan	Kebutuhan kalori dan protein, jenis susunya berdasarkan status gizinya sehingga yang gizi buruk di beri susu yang lebih tinggi kalori dan proteinnya dan cocol untuk pemulihan anaknya., pertimbangkan harganya, daya terima anak dengan uji coba di klinik gizi.	Harus sesuai dengan jumlah kalori dan protein, disesuaikan dengan anggaran .Penyediaan bahan dilakuakn dengan tender oleh bagian perencanaan puskesmas
Bagaimana penyimpanan PMT-P dan pendistribusiannya kesasaran ?	PMT-P dibeli sekaligus untuk 3 bulan dan disimpan di gudang puskesmas. Setelah out PMT-P di drop ke Puskesmas Kelurahan satu kali tiga bulan . dari puskesmas kelurahan PMT-P di distribusikan ke sasaran yang ada	PMT-P yang sudah di beli oleh TGP langsung didistribusikan ke puskesmas kelurahan. Kemudian ibu sasaran . Ibu mengambil PMT-P satu kali 2 minggu ke puskesmas kelurahan . sebagaian juga ada yang kader mengantar PMT-P ke rumah sasaran , TGP memberikan dana trasportasi untuk kader yang yang telah di anggarkan	Pembelian PMT-P dengan cara tender dan langsung di distribusikan ke puskesmas kelurahan dan mereka menyimpannya di gudang puskemas kelurahan.kemudian sasaran mengambil ke puskesmas kelurahan.kalau ibu tidakmengambil PMT –P ke puskesmas makan akan diantar oleh kader atau petugas ke rumah sasaran	Barang-barang PMT dikirim secara bertahap 3x pengiriman (jangka waktu 1 bulan) kemudian langsung di kirim ke puskesmas kelurahanoleh rekanan oleh TGP kelurahan di bagikan ke sasaran melalui beberapa cara sasaran langsung mengambil ke puskesmas, atau PMT-P di drop ke posyandu untukdi bagikan kerumah sasaran oleh kader.

Bagaimana monitoring, evaluasi, dan pengawasan dilakukan?	Monitoring dilakukan saat anak datang mengambil PMT-P ke puskesmas dengan melakukan penimbangan berat badan. Evaluasi dilakuakn dengan melihat kenaikan berat badan balita yang di buat dala laporan khusus satu kali sebulan. Pengawasan dilakukan dengan cara meninggalkan kotak atau kemasan PMT-P di petugas.	Monitoring dengan cara : menimbang BB sasaran satu kali sebulan dan di buat laporannya, selain itu juga di beri penyuluhan olrh petugas.Evaluasi dilakukan dengan penimbangan BB satu kali tiga bulan yang dilakukan langsung oleh TGP kecamatan. Pengawasan dilakukan dengan cara kemasan atau kotak di tinggaldi puskesmas. Supervisi kerumah sasaran oleh TGP dan Sudin	Monitoring dilakukan 1x2 minggu tapi kalau rumah sasaran jauh makan dilakukan 1 x sebulan.seelainitu juga dilakukan penibangan di posyandu 1xsebulan.Pengawasan dilakukan dengancara kotak PMT-P di tinggal di puskesmas.	Monitoring ecaluai dilakukan melalui formulir khusus dengan melihat perke4mbang berat badan anah stiap bulannya
Apa kendala dilapangan dan bagaimana kiat-kiat mengatasinya?	Masalah dilapangan adalah rumah sasaran yang jauh dari puskesmas sehingga ibu sasaran mengeluh tidak punya ongkos untuk mengambil PMT-P .Ada beberapa anak yang tidak suka dan tidak bisa menghabiskan PMT-P nya.Petugas tidak bisa memastikan makanan sampai ke mulut anak yang menjadi sasaran.Kiat untuk mengatasi adalah dengan memberikan penyuluhan pada ibu sasaran tentang besarnya mamfaat PMT-P.	Kendala PMT-P dijual oleh sasaran dan cara mengatasinya dengan menerima masukan dari petugas di puskesmas kelurahan bagaimanan mengatasi kendala nya.	Kendala dilapangan adalah PMT-P dikonsumsi oleh selain sasaran, anak tidak suka, tidak ada biaya trasportasi menjemput PMT-P, Evaluasi sulit karena banyak keluarga sasaran yang pendatang sehingga mereka sering pindah sehingga PMT-P Drop out. Untuk mengatasi masalah maka kiat-kiatnya adalah jika anak tidak suka PMT-P yang di berikan maka akan diganti dengan yang disukai dengan dana khusus yang disediakan oleh puskesmas tetapi sebelunmnya ibu di beri	Kendala dilapangan adalah terlambat waktu pengiriman PMT-Psehinggauntuk mengatasinnya harus dihubungan jauh-jauh hari sebelum pengiriman.Sasaran yang jauh ti dak dapat mengambil PMT-P karena tidak ada biaya sehingga dibuat perencanaan anggaran untuk distribusi PMT-P.Keluhan dari kader dan petugas kelurahan mengenai waktu, tenaga dan bioaya trasportasi

	Jika sasaran tidak punya uang untuk ke puskesmas untuk mengambik PMT-P maka Ibui akan datang bersama kader ke puskesmas dan kader yang membayar ongkosnya.		penyuluhan dulu.	untuk mengirim barang langsung ke sasaran sehingga di buat SPJ honor pendistribuasian untuk kader dan petugas kelurahan.

Pertanyaan	TGP Tanah Abang (Dian Novita)	TGP Tambora (Irma Nursyarifah)	TGP Mampang Prapatan (Nur'aeni)
Bagaimana penentuan sasaran PMT-P dan berapa lama PMT-P di berikan?	Pendataan ulang status giz BB/U oleh petugas gizi puskesmas kelurahan . Lama pemberian 3 bulan	Hasil penimbangan di posyandu .PMT-P di berikan selama 90 hari	Berdasarkan dari data PSG yang terbaru. PMT-P di berikan selama 3 bulan untuk gizi kurang dan 6 bulan untuk gizi buruk.
Darimana sumber dana, apakah dana yangtersedia sudah sesuai dengan perencanaan yang di buat?	Dananya dari APBD yang direncanakan Rp. 15.000.-/anak. Dana yang turun 100% sesuai perencanaan	Dananya dari APBD yang direncanakan Rp. 10.000.-/anak yang gizi buruk dapat susu, bubur, biskuit dan Rp. 6.000.-/hr untuk gizi kurang dapat susu dan biskuit. Dana yang turun tidak sesuai perencanaan	Dananya dari APBD yang direncanakan Rp. 10.000.-/anak. Dana yang turun tidak sesuai perencanaan
Berdasarkan apa prioritas sasaran yang mendapat PMT-P?	1. Gizi buruk dari gakin 2. Gizi buruk dari non gakin 3. Gizi kurang dari gakin 4. Gizi kurang dari non gakin	1. Gizi buruk dari gakin 2. Gizi buruk dari non gakin 3.Gizi kurang dari gakin 4. Gizi kurang dari non gakin	1. .Gizi buruk dari gakin 2. Gizi buruk dari non gakin 3. Gizi kurang dari gakin 4. Gizi kurang dari non gakin

Bagaimana penentuan jenis PMT-P dan bagaimana mekanisme penyediaan bahan untuk PMT-P	Disesuaikan dengan jumlah kalori sekitar 500-365Kkal/hari dan protein 7-10 gr/hr setelah itu harganya di perhitungkan agar sesuai dengan dana yang tersedia. Jenis yang disukai anak. Jenis susu yan di berikan Indomilk, Profimil, Proten, Biskuit milna, Z-nes dan sun. PMT-P di beli sendiri oleh petugas, pembelian 1x3bulan	Harus sesuai dengan jumlah kalori dan protein, disesuaikan dengan anggaran disukai oleh sasaran .PMT-P di beli dengan sistem tender	Kebutuhan kalori dan protein terpenuhi , pertimbangkan harganya, disukai anak Susu yang menjadi PMT-P adalah susu Proten dan biskuit. Kalau dana Untuk PMT-P diats 100 juta maka dilakukan tender tapi jika kurang di beli sendiri oleh TGP
Bagaimana penyimpanan PMT-P dan pendistribusiannya kesasaran ?	PMT-P dibeli sekaligus untuk 3 bulan dan disimpan di gudang puskesmas. Setelah PMT-P di drop out ke Puskesmas Kelurahan 1x1 bulan. dari puskesmas kelurahan PMT-P di distribusikan ke sasaran yang ada1x seminggu, 1x2 minggu	Pemenang tender langsung mengantar barang ke puskesmas kelurahan 1x sebulan. Kemudian ibu sasaran . mengambil PMT-P satu kali 2 minggu ke puskesmas kelurahan .	PMT-P langsung di distribusikan ke puskesmas kelurahan 1x sebulan kemudian sasaran mengambil ke puskesmas kelurahan 1x seminggu stsu 1x2minggu .kalau ibu tidakmengambil PMT –P ke puskesmas makan akan diantar oleh kader atau petugas ke rumah sasaran
Bagaimana monitoring, evaluasi, dan pengawasan dilakukan?	Monitoring dilakukan saat anak datang mengambil PMT-P ke puskesmas dengan melakukan penimbangan berat badan. Evaluasi dilakuakan dengan melihat kenaikan berat badan balita yang di buat dala laporan khusus satu kali sebulan. Pengawasan dilakukan dengan cara meninggalkan kotak atau kemasan PMT-P di petugas dan ada tanda terima PMT-P	Monitoring dengan cara : menimbang BB sasaran satu kali sebulan dan di buat laporannya.Evaluasi dilakukan dengan melihat kenaikan BB. Pengawasan dilakukan dengan cara kemasan atau kotak di tinggal di puskesmas. PMT-P di berikan sedikit-sedikit Supervisi kerumah sasaran oleh TGP dan bidan	Monitoring dilakukan 1 x sebulan. Monitoring diutamakan pada sasaran yang tidak mengambil sendiri PMT-pnyaatau PMT-P tidak habis dengan melakukan pengecekan langsung olehp petugas kerumah sasaran.Untuk evaluasi penibangan di posyandu 1xsebulan dan hasilnya dicantumkan dalam laporan khusus.Pengawasan dilakukan dengancara kotak PMT-P di tinggal di puskesmas.sedangkan biskuit tidak bisa dilakukan hal tersebut

Apa kendala dilapangan dan bagaimana kiat-kiat mengatasinya?	Kendala dilapangan adalah PMT-P dikonsumsi oleh selain sasaran, anak tidak suka, tidak ada biaya trasportasi menjemput PMT-P, Evaluasi sulit karena banyak keluarga sasaran yang pendatang sehingga mereka sering pindah sehingga PMT-P Drop out.Sasaran yang tidak rutinmengambil PMT-P sehingga harus diantar langsung oleh kader atau petugas dan tidak ada dana untuk kader untuk biaya trasportasinya..	Kendala dilapangan adalah PMT-P dikonsumsi oleh selain sasaran, anak tidak suka, cara mengatasinnya engan monitoring langsung kelapangan danmemberikan penyuluhan pada ibu sasaran	Kendala dilapangan adalah PMT-P dikonsumsi oleh selain sasaran, anak tidak suka, PMT-P dijual Untuk mengatasi masalah maka kiat-kiatnya memberikan penyuluhan pada ibu dan monitoring oleh kader dengan kunjungan rumah sasaran

No	Pertanyaan	Jawaban
1	Apa alasan pelaksanaan PMT-P , berapa besar masalah yang ada serta dimana saja lokasi sasaran berada	Pelaksanaan PMT-P merupakan program perbaikan gizi dari Depkes dengan tujuannya untuk menigkatkan status gizi balita KEP. Program ini dilaksanakan di seluruh wilayah Dki Jakarta
2	Apa tujuan Pelaksanaan PMT-P, dan berapa lama dampak program akan timbul?	PMT pemulihan bertujuan untuk memperbaiki status gizi dan edukasi, dampak kalau kenaikan berat badan dalam satu bulan sudah terlihat sesuai dengan penelitian yang dilakukan oleh Mercy Corp, tapi datannya saya lupa....
3	Apa alasan pemilihan model PMT-P *take home feeding* dan bagaimana rencana disusun disuatu daerah serta berapa biaya direncanakan ?	Pernah dicoba beberapa cara seperti dulu dicoba yang masak kader tapi orangtua malu mengambil PMT-P kerumah kader, kemudian di cobalagi PMT-P dimasak oleh orang yang punya warung maknan disekitar rumah sasaran tapi tetap ada kendalannya ibu balita malu mengambil PMT-P untuk anaknya. Akhirnya diambil kebijakan PMT dengan metode take home feeding dimana ibu engambil PMT-P utuk anaknnya satu kali dua minggu .kendalannya adalah ada sasaran yang menjual PMT-P yang diberikan. Pembiayaan untuk PMT-P merupakan program prioritas . perencaan dibuat di tingkat puskesmas kemudian diajukan ke Sudin dan di teruskan ke Dinkes Propinsi kemudian usulan dana diajukan ke BAPPEDA. Kemudian BAPPEDA berkonsultasi dengan DPRD untuk menyutujui anggaran yang sudah direncanakan..
4	Lembaga apa saja yang bertanggungjawab terhadap program intervensi dan dalam bentuk apa alokasi pembiayaan?	Yang bertanggung jawab sebenarnya banyak seperti Dinkes sendiri, Pemda, Dinas peternakan , Dinas perindustrian. Pada awalnya alokasi pendaan PMT-P di Dinkes tapi karena program ini untuk masyarakat maka dialihkan ke pihak kelurahan ternyata tidak berjalan lancar dan alokasi dana di kebalikan ke puskesmas , sebagai pelaksananya.
5	Kapan waktu untuk evaluasi, dan bagaimana cara pengumpulan, pengolahan dan analisis data untk evaluasi?	Kegiatan PMt-P dilakuakn selama 3 bualan dan evaluasi dilakkan di akhir kegiatan , data dikumpulkan untuk dianalisis sehingga kita bisa mengevaluasi program. Data dikumpulkan oleh petugas gizi dilapangan satu kali sebulan .

6	Sampai sejauhmana intervensi dapat berhasil dan apa penyebab kegagalan?	Keberhasilan progaram sangat sulit di capai karena banyak faktor yang mempengaruhinnya.beberapa kendala dilapangan di temukan yaitu ibu balita yang tidak memberikan PMT-P kepada anak nya malah ada yang dijual.atau di konsumsi oleh anggota keluarga yang lainnya.Di pihak petugas sendiri kita masih kekurangn SDM di mana pada umumya tenaga gizi metangkap lebih dari satu program sehingga tud\gas utamannya tidak dapat dilaksanakan dengan baik, rendahnnya SDM kaena sebagian tenga gizi puskesmas masih tamat an DI sehingga mereka tidak mendapat tujangan fungsional sehingga bagaimanapun akan mempengaruhi kinerja mereka.

Hasil wawancara dengan Mantan Kepala Seksi Gizi Komunita Dinkes DKI Jakarta

Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
sex * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmtsuka * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmthabis * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
kunjung * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
DIDKBU2 * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susubiskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
Biskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbalita * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%

sex * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
sex	laki-laki	Count	36	80	27	143
		% within sex	25.2%	55.9%	18.9%	100.0%
	perempuan	Count	68	76	34	178
		% within sex	38.2%	42.7%	19.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within sex	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.019[a]	2	.030
Likelihood Ratio	7.092	2	.029
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.614	1	.106
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 27.17.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for sex (laki-laki / perempuan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmtsuka * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmtsuka	suka pmt	Count	74	114	49	237
		% within pmtsuka	31.2%	48.1%	20.7%	100.0%
	tidak suka pmt	Count	30	42	12	84
		% within pmtsuka	35.7%	50.0%	14.3%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmtsuka	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.764[a]	2	.414
Likelihood Ratio	1.840	2	.399
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.475	1	.225
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.96.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmtsuka (suka pmt / tidak suka pmt)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmthabis * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmthabis	ya	Count	70	97	47	214
		% within pmthabis	32.7%	45.3%	22.0%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	34	59	14	107
		% within pmthabis	31.8%	55.1%	13.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmthabis	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	4.392[a]	2	.111
Likelihood Ratio	4.560	2	.102
Linear-by-Linear Association	.905	1	.342
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 20.33.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmthabis (ya / tidak)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

kunjung * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
kunjung	ada kunjungan	Count	44	70	25	139
		% within kunjung	31.7%	50.4%	18.0%	100.0%
	tidak ada kunjungan	Count	60	86	36	182
		% within kunjung	33.0%	47.3%	19.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within kunjung	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	.332[a]	2	.847
Likelihood Ratio	.332	2	.847
Linear-by-Linear Association	.004	1	.952
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 26.41.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for kunjung (ada kunjungan / tidak ada kunjungan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

DIDKBU2 * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
DIDKBU2	rendah	Count	82	104	49	235
		% within DIDKBU2	34.9%	44.3%	20.9%	100.0%
	tinggi	Count	22	52	12	86
		% within DIDKBU2	25.6%	60.5%	14.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within DIDKBU2	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	6.665[a]	2	.036
Likelihood Ratio	6.704	2	.035
Linear-by-Linear Association	.074	1	.786
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 16.34.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for DIDKBU2 (rendah / tinggi)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susubiskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susubiskuit	ya	Count	72	118	48	238
		% within susubiskuit	30.3%	49.6%	20.2%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	32	38	13	83
		% within susubiskuit	38.6%	45.8%	15.7%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susubiskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.149[a]	2	.341
Likelihood Ratio	2.131	2	.345
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.029	1	.154
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.77.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susubiskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susu * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susu	ya	Count	17	30	8	55
		% within susu	30.9%	54.5%	14.5%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	87	126	53	266
		% within susu	32.7%	47.4%	19.9%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susu	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.223[a]	2	.543
Likelihood Ratio	1.258	2	.533
Linear-by-Linear Association	.117	1	.732
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 10.45.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susu (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Biskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
Biskuit	ya	Count	10	3	3	16
		% within Biskuit	62.5%	18.8%	18.8%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	94	153	58	305
		% within Biskuit	30.8%	50.2%	19.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within Biskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.797[a]	2	.020
Likelihood Ratio	7.737	2	.021
Linear-by-Linear Association	3.118	1	.077
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 1 cells (16.7%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3.04.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for Biskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

umurbalita * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
umurbalita	6-24 bulan	Count	19	33	17	69
		% within umurbalita	27.5%	47.8%	24.6%	100.0%
	lebih 24 bulan	Count	85	123	44	252
		% within umurbalita	33.7%	48.8%	17.5%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within umurbalita	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.121[a]	2	.346
Likelihood Ratio	2.055	2	.358
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.946	1	.163
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 13.11.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for umurbalita (6-24 bulan / lebih 24 bulan)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
sex * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmtsuka * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmthabis * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
kunjung * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
DIDKBU2 * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susubiskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
Biskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbalita * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%

sex * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
sex	laki-laki	Count	36	80	27	143
		% within sex	25.2%	55.9%	18.9%	100.0%
	perempuan	Count	68	76	34	178
		% within sex	38.2%	42.7%	19.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within sex	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.019[a]	2	.030
Likelihood Ratio	7.092	2	.029
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.614	1	.106
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 27.17.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for sex (laki-laki / perempuan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmtsuka * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmtsuka	suka pmt	Count	74	114	49	237
		% within pmtsuka	31.2%	48.1%	20.7%	100.0%
	tidak suka pmt	Count	30	42	12	84
		% within pmtsuka	35.7%	50.0%	14.3%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmtsuka	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.764[a]	2	.414
Likelihood Ratio	1.840	2	.399
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.475	1	.225
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.96.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmtsuka (suka pmt / tidak suka pmt)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmthabis * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmthabis	ya	Count	70	97	47	214
		% within pmthabis	32.7%	45.3%	22.0%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	34	59	14	107
		% within pmthabis	31.8%	55.1%	13.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmthabis	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	4.392[a]	2	.111
Likelihood Ratio	4.560	2	.102
Linear-by-Linear Association	.905	1	.342
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 20.33.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmthabis (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

kunjung * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
kunjung	ada kunjungan	Count	44	70	25	139
		% within kunjung	31.7%	50.4%	18.0%	100.0%
	tidak ada kunjungan	Count	60	86	36	182
		% within kunjung	33.0%	47.3%	19.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within kunjung	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	.332[a]	2	.847
Likelihood Ratio	.332	2	.847
Linear-by-Linear Association	.004	1	.952
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 26.41.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for kunjung (ada kunjungan / tidak ada kunjungan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

DIDKBU2 * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
DIDKBU2	rendah	Count	82	104	49	235
		% within DIDKBU2	34.9%	44.3%	20.9%	100.0%
	tinggi	Count	22	52	12	86
		% within DIDKBU2	25.6%	60.5%	14.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within DIDKBU2	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	6.665[a]	2	.036
Likelihood Ratio	6.704	2	.035
Linear-by-Linear Association	.074	1	.786
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 16.34.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for DIDKBU2 (rendah / tinggi)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susubiskuit * statbbum

dapatsusubiskuit * statbbum Crosstabulation

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
dapatsusubiskuit	tidak	Count	27	33	11	71
		% within dapatsusubiskuit	38.0%	46.5%	15.5%	100.0%
	ya	Count	77	123	50	250
		% within dapatsusubiskuit	30.8%	49.2%	20.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within dapatsusubiskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.567[a]	2	.457
Likelihood Ratio	1.563	2	.458
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.530	1	.216
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 13.49.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susubiskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susu * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susu	ya	Count	17	30	8	55
		% within susu	30.9%	54.5%	14.5%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	87	126	53	266
		% within susu	32.7%	47.4%	19.9%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susu	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.223[a]	2	.543
Likelihood Ratio	1.258	2	.533
Linear-by-Linear Association	.117	1	.732
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 10.45.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susu (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Biskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
Biskuit	ya	Count	10	3	3	16
		% within Biskuit	62.5%	18.8%	18.8%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	94	153	58	305
		% within Biskuit	30.8%	50.2%	19.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within Biskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.797[a]	2	.020
Likelihood Ratio	7.737	2	.021
Linear-by-Linear Association	3.118	1	.077
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 1 cells (16.7%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3.04.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for Biskuit (ya / tidak)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

umurbalita * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
umurbalita	6-24 bulan	Count	19	33	17	69
		% within umurbalita	27.5%	47.8%	24.6%	100.0%
	lebih 24 bulan	Count	85	123	44	252
		% within umurbalita	33.7%	48.8%	17.5%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within umurbalita	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.121[a]	2	.346
Likelihood Ratio	2.055	2	.358
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.946	1	.163
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 13.11.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for umurbalita (6-24 bulan / lebih 24 bulan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

umurbu * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
umurbu	< 20 tahun dan > 30 tahun	Count	55	85	35	175
		% within umurbu	31.4%	48.6%	20.0%	100.0%
	20-30 tahun	Count	49	71	26	146
		% within umurbu	33.6%	48.6%	17.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within umurbu	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	.313[a]	2	.855
Likelihood Ratio	.314	2	.855
Linear-by-Linear Association	.299	1	.584
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 27.74.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for umurbu (< 20 tahun dan > 30 tahun / 20-30 tahun)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Frequencies

Statistics

		umur	umuribu	pendibu
N	Valid	321	321	321
	Missing	0	0	0
Mean		34.88	31.23	4.40
Std. Deviation		11.738	6.870	1.580
Minimum		12	14	1
Maximum		59	61	8

Frequency Table

dapatsusubiskuit

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	tidak	71	22.1	22.1	22.1
	ya	250	77.9	77.9	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

umur

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	12	2	.6	.6	.6
	13	2	.6	.6	1.2
	14	3	.9	.9	2.2
	15	9	2.8	2.8	5.0
	16	2	.6	.6	5.6
	17	2	.6	.6	6.2
	18	3	.9	.9	7.2
	19	7	2.2	2.2	9.3
	20	8	2.5	2.5	11.8
	21	4	1.2	1.2	13.1
	22	12	3.7	3.7	16.8
	23	9	2.8	2.8	19.6
	24	6	1.9	1.9	21.5
	25	14	4.4	4.4	25.9
	26	4	1.2	1.2	27.1
	27	6	1.9	1.9	29.0
	28	11	3.4	3.4	32.4
	29	10	3.1	3.1	35.5
	30	13	4.0	4.0	39.6
	31	12	3.7	3.7	43.3
	32	11	3.4	3.4	46.7
	33	6	1.9	1.9	48.6
	34	4	1.2	1.2	49.8
	35	11	3.4	3.4	53.3
	36	5	1.6	1.6	54.8
	37	9	2.8	2.8	57.6
	38	10	3.1	3.1	60.7
	39	13	4.0	4.0	64.8
	40	9	2.8	2.8	67.6
	41	5	1.6	1.6	69.2
	42	14	4.4	4.4	73.5
	43	9	2.8	2.8	76.3
	44	6	1.9	1.9	78.2
	45	4	1.2	1.2	79.4
	46	5	1.6	1.6	81.0
	47	4	1.2	1.2	82.2
	48	8	2.5	2.5	84.7
	49	6	1.9	1.9	86.6
	50	3	.9	.9	87.5
	51	8	2.5	2.5	90.0
	52	5	1.6	1.6	91.6
	53	2	.6	.6	92.2
	54	8	2.5	2.5	94.7
	55	3	.9	.9	95.6
	56	2	.6	.6	96.3
	57	2	.6	.6	96.9
	58	6	1.9	1.9	98.8
	59	4	1.2	1.2	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

umuribu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	14	1	.3	.3	.3
	19	4	1.2	1.2	1.6
	20	11	3.4	3.4	5.0
	21	8	2.5	2.5	7.5
	22	6	1.9	1.9	9.3
	23	12	3.7	3.7	13.1
	24	13	4.0	4.0	17.1
	25	19	5.9	5.9	23.1
	26	11	3.4	3.4	26.5
	27	16	5.0	5.0	31.5
	28	18	5.6	5.6	37.1
	29	15	4.7	4.7	41.7
	30	17	5.3	5.3	47.0
	31	15	4.7	4.7	51.7
	32	21	6.5	6.5	58.3
	33	20	6.2	6.2	64.5
	34	8	2.5	2.5	67.0
	35	32	10.0	10.0	76.9
	36	12	3.7	3.7	80.7
	37	10	3.1	3.1	83.8
	38	7	2.2	2.2	86.0
	39	7	2.2	2.2	88.2
	40	8	2.5	2.5	90.7
	41	6	1.9	1.9	92.5
	42	6	1.9	1.9	94.4
	43	4	1.2	1.2	95.6
	44	1	.3	.3	96.0
	45	7	2.2	2.2	98.1
	46	1	.3	.3	98.4
	47	2	.6	.6	99.1
	48	1	.3	.3	99.4
	56	1	.3	.3	99.7
	61	1	.3	.3	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

pendibu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	1	10	3.1	3.1	3.1
	2	5	1.6	1.6	4.7
	3	126	39.3	39.3	43.9
	4	7	2.2	2.2	46.1
	5	87	27.1	27.1	73.2
	6	52	16.2	16.2	89.4
	7	32	10.0	10.0	99.4
	8	2	.6	.6	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
sex * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmtsuka * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmthabis * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
kunjung * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
DIDKBU2 * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susubiskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
Biskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbalita * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%

sex * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
sex	laki-laki	Count	36	80	27	143
		% within sex	25.2%	55.9%	18.9%	100.0%
	perempuan	Count	68	76	34	178
		% within sex	38.2%	42.7%	19.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within sex	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.019[a]	2	.030
Likelihood Ratio	7.092	2	.029
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.614	1	.106
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 27.17.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for sex (laki-laki / perempuan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmtsuka * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmtsuka	suka pmt	Count	74	114	49	237
		% within pmtsuka	31.2%	48.1%	20.7%	100.0%
	tidak suka pmt	Count	30	42	12	84
		% within pmtsuka	35.7%	50.0%	14.3%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmtsuka	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.764[a]	2	.414
Likelihood Ratio	1.840	2	.399
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.475	1	.225
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.96.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmtsuka (suka pmt / tidak suka pmt)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmthabis * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmthabis	ya	Count	70	97	47	214
		% within pmthabis	32.7%	45.3%	22.0%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	34	59	14	107
		% within pmthabis	31.8%	55.1%	13.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmthabis	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	4.392[a]	2	.111
Likelihood Ratio	4.560	2	.102
Linear-by-Linear Association	.905	1	.342
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 20.33.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmthabis (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

kunjung * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
kunjung	ada kunjungan	Count	44	70	25	139
		% within kunjung	31.7%	50.4%	18.0%	100.0%
	tidak ada kunjungan	Count	60	86	36	182
		% within kunjung	33.0%	47.3%	19.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within kunjung	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	.332[a]	2	.847
Likelihood Ratio	.332	2	.847
Linear-by-Linear Association	.004	1	.952
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 26.41.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for kunjung (ada kunjungan / tidak ada kunjungan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

DIDKBU2 * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
DIDKBU2	rendah	Count	82	104	49	235
		% within DIDKBU2	34.9%	44.3%	20.9%	100.0%
	tinggi	Count	22	52	12	86
		% within DIDKBU2	25.6%	60.5%	14.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within DIDKBU2	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	6.665[a]	2	.036
Likelihood Ratio	6.704	2	.035
Linear-by-Linear Association	.074	1	.786
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 16.34.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for DIDKBU2 (rendah / tinggi)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susubiskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susubiskuit	ya	Count	72	118	48	238
		% within susubiskuit	30.3%	49.6%	20.2%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	32	38	13	83
		% within susubiskuit	38.6%	45.8%	15.7%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susubiskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.149[a]	2	.341
Likelihood Ratio	2.131	2	.345
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.029	1	.154
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.77.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susubiskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susu * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susu	ya	Count	17	30	8	55
		% within susu	30.9%	54.5%	14.5%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	87	126	53	266
		% within susu	32.7%	47.4%	19.9%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susu	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.223[a]	2	.543
Likelihood Ratio	1.258	2	.533
Linear-by-Linear Association	.117	1	.732
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 10.45.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susu (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Biskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
Biskuit	ya	Count	10	3	3	16
		% within Biskuit	62.5%	18.8%	18.8%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	94	153	58	305
		% within Biskuit	30.8%	50.2%	19.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within Biskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.797[a]	2	.020
Likelihood Ratio	7.737	2	.021
Linear-by-Linear Association	3.118	1	.077
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 1 cells (16.7%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3.04.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for Biskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

umurbalita * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
umurbalita	6-24 bulan	Count	19	33	17	69
		% within umurbalita	27.5%	47.8%	24.6%	100.0%
	lebih 24 bulan	Count	85	123	44	252
		% within umurbalita	33.7%	48.8%	17.5%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within umurbalita	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.121[a]	2	.346
Likelihood Ratio	2.055	2	.358
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.946	1	.163
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 13.11.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for umurbalita (6-24 bulan / lebih 24 bulan)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
sex * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmtsuka * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmthabis * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
kunjung * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
DIDKBU2 * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susubiskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
Biskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbalita * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%

sex * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
sex	laki-laki	Count	36	80	27	143
		% within sex	25.2%	55.9%	18.9%	100.0%
	perempuan	Count	68	76	34	178
		% within sex	38.2%	42.7%	19.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within sex	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.019[a]	2	.030
Likelihood Ratio	7.092	2	.029
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.614	1	.106
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 27.17.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for sex (laki-laki / perempuan)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmtsuka * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmtsuka	suka pmt	Count	74	114	49	237
		% within pmtsuka	31.2%	48.1%	20.7%	100.0%
	tidak suka pmt	Count	30	42	12	84
		% within pmtsuka	35.7%	50.0%	14.3%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmtsuka	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.764[a]	2	.414
Likelihood Ratio	1.840	2	.399
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.475	1	.225
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.96.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmtsuka (suka pmt / tidak suka pmt)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmthabis * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmthabis	ya	Count	70	97	47	214
		% within pmthabis	32.7%	45.3%	22.0%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	34	59	14	107
		% within pmthabis	31.8%	55.1%	13.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmthabis	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	4.392[a]	2	.111
Likelihood Ratio	4.560	2	.102
Linear-by-Linear Association	.905	1	.342
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 20.33.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmthabis (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

kunjung * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
kunjung	ada kunjungan	Count	44	70	25	139
		% within kunjung	31.7%	50.4%	18.0%	100.0%
	tidak ada kunjungan	Count	60	86	36	182
		% within kunjung	33.0%	47.3%	19.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within kunjung	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	.332[a]	2	.847
Likelihood Ratio	.332	2	.847
Linear-by-Linear Association	.004	1	.952
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 26.41.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for kunjung (ada kunjungan / tidak ada kunjungan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

DIDKBU2 * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
DIDKBU2	rendah	Count	82	104	49	235
		% within DIDKBU2	34.9%	44.3%	20.9%	100.0%
	tinggi	Count	22	52	12	86
		% within DIDKBU2	25.6%	60.5%	14.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within DIDKBU2	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	6.665[a]	2	.036
Likelihood Ratio	6.704	2	.035
Linear-by-Linear Association	.074	1	.786
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 16.34.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for DIDKBU2 (rendah / tinggi)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susubiskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susubiskuit	ya	Count	72	118	48	238
		% within susubiskuit	30.3%	49.6%	20.2%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	32	38	13	83
		% within susubiskuit	38.6%	45.8%	15.7%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susubiskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.149[a]	2	.341
Likelihood Ratio	2.131	2	.345
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.029	1	.154
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.77.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susubiskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susu * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susu	ya	Count	17	30	8	55
		% within susu	30.9%	54.5%	14.5%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	87	126	53	266
		% within susu	32.7%	47.4%	19.9%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susu	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.223[a]	2	.543
Likelihood Ratio	1.258	2	.533
Linear-by-Linear Association	.117	1	.732
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 10.45.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susu (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Biskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
Biskuit	ya	Count	10	3	3	16
		% within Biskuit	62.5%	18.8%	18.8%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	94	153	58	305
		% within Biskuit	30.8%	50.2%	19.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within Biskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.797[a]	2	.020
Likelihood Ratio	7.737	2	.021
Linear-by-Linear Association	3.118	1	.077
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 1 cells (16.7%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3.04.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for Biskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

umurbalita * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
umurbalita	6-24 bulan	Count	19	33	17	69
		% within umurbalita	27.5%	47.8%	24.6%	100.0%
	lebih 24 bulan	Count	85	123	44	252
		% within umurbalita	33.7%	48.8%	17.5%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within umurbalita	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.121[a]	2	.346
Likelihood Ratio	2.055	2	.358
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.946	1	.163
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 13.11.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for umurbalita (6-24 bulan / lebih 24 bulan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

umurbu * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
umurbu	< 20 tahun dan > 30 tahun	Count	55	85	35	175
		% within umurbu	31.4%	48.6%	20.0%	100.0%
	20-30 tahun	Count	49	71	26	146
		% within umurbu	33.6%	48.6%	17.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within umurbu	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	.313[a]	2	.855
Likelihood Ratio	.314	2	.855
Linear-by-Linear Association	.299	1	.584
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 27.74.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for umurbu (< 20 tahun dan > 30 tahun / 20-30 tahun)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Frequencies

Statistics

		umur	umuribu	pendibu
N	Valid	321	321	321
	Missing	0	0	0
Mean		34.88	31.23	4.40
Std. Deviation		11.738	6.870	1.580
Minimum		12	14	1
Maximum		59	61	8

Frequency Table

umur

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	12	2	.6	.6	.6
	13	2	.6	.6	1.2
	14	3	.9	.9	2.2
	15	9	2.8	2.8	5.0
	16	2	.6	.6	5.6
	17	2	.6	.6	6.2
	18	3	.9	.9	7.2
	19	7	2.2	2.2	9.3
	20	8	2.5	2.5	11.8
	21	4	1.2	1.2	13.1
	22	12	3.7	3.7	16.8
	23	9	2.8	2.8	19.6
	24	6	1.9	1.9	21.5
	25	14	4.4	4.4	25.9
	26	4	1.2	1.2	27.1
	27	6	1.9	1.9	29.0
	28	11	3.4	3.4	32.4
	29	10	3.1	3.1	35.5
	30	13	4.0	4.0	39.6
	31	12	3.7	3.7	43.3
	32	11	3.4	3.4	46.7
	33	6	1.9	1.9	48.6
	34	4	1.2	1.2	49.8
	35	11	3.4	3.4	53.3
	36	5	1.6	1.6	54.8
	37	9	2.8	2.8	57.6
	38	10	3.1	3.1	60.7
	39	13	4.0	4.0	64.8
	40	9	2.8	2.8	67.6
	41	5	1.6	1.6	69.2
	42	14	4.4	4.4	73.5
	43	9	2.8	2.8	76.3
	44	6	1.9	1.9	78.2
	45	4	1.2	1.2	79.4
	46	5	1.6	1.6	81.0
	47	4	1.2	1.2	82.2
	48	8	2.5	2.5	84.7
	49	6	1.9	1.9	86.6
	50	3	.9	.9	87.5
	51	8	2.5	2.5	90.0
	52	5	1.6	1.6	91.6
	53	2	.6	.6	92.2
	54	8	2.5	2.5	94.7
	55	3	.9	.9	95.6
	56	2	.6	.6	96.3
	57	2	.6	.6	96.9
	58	6	1.9	1.9	98.8
	59	4	1.2	1.2	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

umuribu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	14	1	.3	.3	.3
	19	4	1.2	1.2	1.6
	20	11	3.4	3.4	5.0
	21	8	2.5	2.5	7.5
	22	6	1.9	1.9	9.3
	23	12	3.7	3.7	13.1
	24	13	4.0	4.0	17.1
	25	19	5.9	5.9	23.1
	26	11	3.4	3.4	26.5
	27	16	5.0	5.0	31.5
	28	18	5.6	5.6	37.1
	29	15	4.7	4.7	41.7
	30	17	5.3	5.3	47.0
	31	15	4.7	4.7	51.7
	32	21	6.5	6.5	58.3
	33	20	6.2	6.2	64.5
	34	8	2.5	2.5	67.0
	35	32	10.0	10.0	76.9
	36	12	3.7	3.7	80.7
	37	10	3.1	3.1	83.8
	38	7	2.2	2.2	86.0
	39	7	2.2	2.2	88.2
	40	8	2.5	2.5	90.7
	41	6	1.9	1.9	92.5
	42	6	1.9	1.9	94.4
	43	4	1.2	1.2	95.6
	44	1	.3	.3	96.0
	45	7	2.2	2.2	98.1
	46	1	.3	.3	98.4
	47	2	.6	.6	99.1
	48	1	.3	.3	99.4
	56	1	.3	.3	99.7
	61	1	.3	.3	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

pendibu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	1	10	3.1	3.1	3.1
	2	5	1.6	1.6	4.7
	3	126	39.3	39.3	43.9
	4	7	2.2	2.2	46.1
	5	87	27.1	27.1	73.2
	6	52	16.2	16.2	89.4
	7	32	10.0	10.0	99.4
	8	2	.6	.6	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
sex * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmtsuka * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmthabis * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
kunjung * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
DIDKBU2 * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susubiskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
Biskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbalita * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%

sex * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
sex	laki-laki	Count	36	80	27	143
		% within sex	25.2%	55.9%	18.9%	100.0%
	perempuan	Count	68	76	34	178
		% within sex	38.2%	42.7%	19.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within sex	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.019[a]	2	.030
Likelihood Ratio	7.092	2	.029
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.614	1	.106
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 27.17.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for sex (laki-laki / perempuan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmtsuka * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmtsuka	suka pmt	Count	74	114	49	237
		% within pmtsuka	31.2%	48.1%	20.7%	100.0%
	tidak suka pmt	Count	30	42	12	84
		% within pmtsuka	35.7%	50.0%	14.3%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmtsuka	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.764[a]	2	.414
Likelihood Ratio	1.840	2	.399
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.475	1	.225
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.96.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmtsuka (suka pmt / tidak suka pmt)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmthabis * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmthabis	ya	Count	70	97	47	214
		% within pmthabis	32.7%	45.3%	22.0%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	34	59	14	107
		% within pmthabis	31.8%	55.1%	13.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmthabis	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	4.392[a]	2	.111
Likelihood Ratio	4.560	2	.102
Linear-by-Linear Association	.905	1	.342
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 20.33.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmthabis (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

kunjung * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
kunjung	ada kunjungan	Count	44	70	25	139
		% within kunjung	31.7%	50.4%	18.0%	100.0%
	tidak ada kunjungan	Count	60	86	36	182
		% within kunjung	33.0%	47.3%	19.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within kunjung	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	.332[a]	2	.847
Likelihood Ratio	.332	2	.847
Linear-by-Linear Association	.004	1	.952
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 26.41.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for kunjung (ada kunjungan / tidak ada kunjungan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

DIDKBU2 * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
DIDKBU2	rendah	Count	82	104	49	235
		% within DIDKBU2	34.9%	44.3%	20.9%	100.0%
	tinggi	Count	22	52	12	86
		% within DIDKBU2	25.6%	60.5%	14.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within DIDKBU2	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	6.665[a]	2	.036
Likelihood Ratio	6.704	2	.035
Linear-by-Linear Association	.074	1	.786
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 16.34.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for DIDKBU2 (rendah / tinggi)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susubiskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susubiskuit	ya	Count	72	118	48	238
		% within susubiskuit	30.3%	49.6%	20.2%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	32	38	13	83
		% within susubiskuit	38.6%	45.8%	15.7%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susubiskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.149[a]	2	.341
Likelihood Ratio	2.131	2	.345
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.029	1	.154
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.77.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susubiskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susu * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susu	ya	Count	17	30	8	55
		% within susu	30.9%	54.5%	14.5%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	87	126	53	266
		% within susu	32.7%	47.4%	19.9%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susu	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.223[a]	2	.543
Likelihood Ratio	1.258	2	.533
Linear-by-Linear Association	.117	1	.732
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 10.45.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susu (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Biskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
Biskuit	ya	Count	10	3	3	16
		% within Biskuit	62.5%	18.8%	18.8%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	94	153	58	305
		% within Biskuit	30.8%	50.2%	19.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within Biskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.797[a]	2	.020
Likelihood Ratio	7.737	2	.021
Linear-by-Linear Association	3.118	1	.077
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 1 cells (16.7%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3.04.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for Biskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

umurbalita * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
umurbalita	6-24 bulan	Count	19	33	17	69
		% within umurbalita	27.5%	47.8%	24.6%	100.0%
	lebih 24 bulan	Count	85	123	44	252
		% within umurbalita	33.7%	48.8%	17.5%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within umurbalita	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.121[a]	2	.346
Likelihood Ratio	2.055	2	.358
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.946	1	.163
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 13.11.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for umurbalita (6-24 bulan / lebih 24 bulan)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
sex * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmtsuka * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
pmthabis * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
kunjung * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
DIDKBU2 * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susubiskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
susu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
Biskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbalita * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%
umurbu * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%

sex * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
sex	laki-laki	Count	36	80	27	143
		% within sex	25.2%	55.9%	18.9%	100.0%
	perempuan	Count	68	76	34	178
		% within sex	38.2%	42.7%	19.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within sex	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.019[a]	2	.030
Likelihood Ratio	7.092	2	.029
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.614	1	.106
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 27.17.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for sex (laki-laki / perempuan)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmtsuka * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmtsuka	suka pmt	Count	74	114	49	237
		% within pmtsuka	31.2%	48.1%	20.7%	100.0%
	tidak suka pmt	Count	30	42	12	84
		% within pmtsuka	35.7%	50.0%	14.3%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmtsuka	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.764[a]	2	.414
Likelihood Ratio	1.840	2	.399
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.475	1	.225
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.96.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmtsuka (suka pmt / tidak suka pmt)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

pmthabis * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
pmthabis	ya	Count	70	97	47	214
		% within pmthabis	32.7%	45.3%	22.0%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	34	59	14	107
		% within pmthabis	31.8%	55.1%	13.1%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within pmthabis	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	4.392[a]	2	.111
Likelihood Ratio	4.560	2	.102
Linear-by-Linear Association	.905	1	.342
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 20.33.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for pmthabis (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

kunjung * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
kunjung	ada kunjungan	Count	44	70	25	139
		% within kunjung	31.7%	50.4%	18.0%	100.0%
	tidak ada kunjungan	Count	60	86	36	182
		% within kunjung	33.0%	47.3%	19.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within kunjung	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	.332[a]	2	.847
Likelihood Ratio	.332	2	.847
Linear-by-Linear Association	.004	1	.952
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 26.41.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for kunjung (ada kunjungan / tidak ada kunjungan)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

DIDKBU2 * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
DIDKBU2	rendah	Count	82	104	49	235
		% within DIDKBU2	34.9%	44.3%	20.9%	100.0%
	tinggi	Count	22	52	12	86
		% within DIDKBU2	25.6%	60.5%	14.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within DIDKBU2	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	6.665[a]	2	.036
Likelihood Ratio	6.704	2	.035
Linear-by-Linear Association	.074	1	.786
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 16.34.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for DIDKBU2 (rendah / tinggi)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susubiskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susubiskuit	ya	Count	72	118	48	238
		% within susubiskuit	30.3%	49.6%	20.2%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	32	38	13	83
		% within susubiskuit	38.6%	45.8%	15.7%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susubiskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.149[a]	2	.341
Likelihood Ratio	2.131	2	.345
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.029	1	.154
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.77.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susubiskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

susu * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susu	ya	Count	17	30	8	55
		% within susu	30.9%	54.5%	14.5%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	87	126	53	266
		% within susu	32.7%	47.4%	19.9%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susu	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	1.223[a]	2	.543
Likelihood Ratio	1.258	2	.533
Linear-by-Linear Association	.117	1	.732
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 10.45.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susu (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Biskuit * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
Biskuit	ya	Count	10	3	3	16
		% within Biskuit	62.5%	18.8%	18.8%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	94	153	58	305
		% within Biskuit	30.8%	50.2%	19.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within Biskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	7.797[a]	2	.020
Likelihood Ratio	7.737	2	.021
Linear-by-Linear Association	3.118	1	.077
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 1 cells (16.7%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3.04.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for Biskuit (ya / tidak)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

umurbalita * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
umurbalita	6-24 bulan	Count	19	33	17	69
		% within umurbalita	27.5%	47.8%	24.6%	100.0%
	lebih 24 bulan	Count	85	123	44	252
		% within umurbalita	33.7%	48.8%	17.5%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within umurbalita	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.121[a]	2	.346
Likelihood Ratio	2.055	2	.358
Linear-by-Linear Association	1.946	1	.163
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 13.11.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for umurbalita (6-24 bulan / lebih 24 bulan)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

umurbu * statbbum

Crosstab

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
umurbu	< 20 tahun dan > 30 tahun	Count	55	85	35	175
		% within umurbu	31.4%	48.6%	20.0%	100.0%
	20-30 tahun	Count	49	71	26	146
		% within umurbu	33.6%	48.6%	17.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within umurbu	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	.313[a]	2	.855
Likelihood Ratio	.314	2	.855
Linear-by-Linear Association	.299	1	.584
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 27.74.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for umurbu (< 20 tahun dan > 30 tahun / 20-30 tahun)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Frequencies

Statistics

		umur	umuribu	pendibu
N	Valid	321	321	321
	Missing	0	0	0
Mean		34.88	31.23	4.40
Std. Deviation		11.738	6.870	1.580
Minimum		12	14	1
Maximum		59	61	8

Frequency Table

umur

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	12	2	.6	.6	.6
	13	2	.6	.6	1.2
	14	3	.9	.9	2.2
	15	9	2.8	2.8	5.0
	16	2	.6	.6	5.6
	17	2	.6	.6	6.2
	18	3	.9	.9	7.2
	19	7	2.2	2.2	9.3
	20	8	2.5	2.5	11.8
	21	4	1.2	1.2	13.1
	22	12	3.7	3.7	16.8
	23	9	2.8	2.8	19.6
	24	6	1.9	1.9	21.5
	25	14	4.4	4.4	25.9
	26	4	1.2	1.2	27.1
	27	6	1.9	1.9	29.0
	28	11	3.4	3.4	32.4
	29	10	3.1	3.1	35.5
	30	13	4.0	4.0	39.6
	31	12	3.7	3.7	43.3
	32	11	3.4	3.4	46.7
	33	6	1.9	1.9	48.6
	34	4	1.2	1.2	49.8
	35	11	3.4	3.4	53.3
	36	5	1.6	1.6	54.8
	37	9	2.8	2.8	57.6
	38	10	3.1	3.1	60.7
	39	13	4.0	4.0	64.8
	40	9	2.8	2.8	67.6
	41	5	1.6	1.6	69.2
	42	14	4.4	4.4	73.5
	43	9	2.8	2.8	76.3
	44	6	1.9	1.9	78.2
	45	4	1.2	1.2	79.4
	46	5	1.6	1.6	81.0
	47	4	1.2	1.2	82.2
	48	8	2.5	2.5	84.7
	49	6	1.9	1.9	86.6
	50	3	.9	.9	87.5
	51	8	2.5	2.5	90.0
	52	5	1.6	1.6	91.6
	53	2	.6	.6	92.2
	54	8	2.5	2.5	94.7
	55	3	.9	.9	95.6
	56	2	.6	.6	96.3
	57	2	.6	.6	96.9
	58	6	1.9	1.9	98.8
	59	4	1.2	1.2	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

umuribu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	14	1	.3	.3	.3
	19	4	1.2	1.2	1.6
	20	11	3.4	3.4	5.0
	21	8	2.5	2.5	7.5
	22	6	1.9	1.9	9.3
	23	12	3.7	3.7	13.1
	24	13	4.0	4.0	17.1
	25	19	5.9	5.9	23.1
	26	11	3.4	3.4	26.5
	27	16	5.0	5.0	31.5
	28	18	5.6	5.6	37.1
	29	15	4.7	4.7	41.7
	30	17	5.3	5.3	47.0
	31	15	4.7	4.7	51.7
	32	21	6.5	6.5	58.3
	33	20	6.2	6.2	64.5
	34	8	2.5	2.5	67.0
	35	32	10.0	10.0	76.9
	36	12	3.7	3.7	80.7
	37	10	3.1	3.1	83.8
	38	7	2.2	2.2	86.0
	39	7	2.2	2.2	88.2
	40	8	2.5	2.5	90.7
	41	6	1.9	1.9	92.5
	42	6	1.9	1.9	94.4
	43	4	1.2	1.2	95.6
	44	1	.3	.3	96.0
	45	7	2.2	2.2	98.1
	46	1	.3	.3	98.4
	47	2	.6	.6	99.1
	48	1	.3	.3	99.4
	56	1	.3	.3	99.7
	61	1	.3	.3	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

pendibu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	1	10	3.1	3.1	3.1
	2	5	1.6	1.6	4.7
	3	126	39.3	39.3	43.9
	4	7	2.2	2.2	46.1
	5	87	27.1	27.1	73.2
	6	52	16.2	16.2	89.4
	7	32	10.0	10.0	99.4
	8	2	.6	.6	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

Frequencies

Statistics

		umur	umuribu	pendibu	sex	statbbum	pmtsuka	pmthabis	kunjung	s
N	Valid	321	321	321	321	321	321	321	321	
	Missing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Frequency Table

umur

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	12	2	.6	.6	.6
	13	2	.6	.6	1.2
	14	3	.9	.9	2.2
	15	9	2.8	2.8	5.0
	16	2	.6	.6	5.6
	17	2	.6	.6	6.2
	18	3	.9	.9	7.2
	19	7	2.2	2.2	9.3
	20	8	2.5	2.5	11.8
	21	4	1.2	1.2	13.1
	22	12	3.7	3.7	16.8
	23	9	2.8	2.8	19.6
	24	6	1.9	1.9	21.5
	25	14	4.4	4.4	25.9
	26	4	1.2	1.2	27.1
	27	6	1.9	1.9	29.0
	28	11	3.4	3.4	32.4
	29	10	3.1	3.1	35.5
	30	13	4.0	4.0	39.6
	31	12	3.7	3.7	43.3
	32	11	3.4	3.4	46.7
	33	6	1.9	1.9	48.6
	34	4	1.2	1.2	49.8
	35	11	3.4	3.4	53.3
	36	5	1.6	1.6	54.8
	37	9	2.8	2.8	57.6
	38	10	3.1	3.1	60.7
	39	13	4.0	4.0	64.8
	40	9	2.8	2.8	67.6
	41	5	1.6	1.6	69.2
	42	14	4.4	4.4	73.5
	43	9	2.8	2.8	76.3
	44	6	1.9	1.9	78.2
	45	4	1.2	1.2	79.4
	46	5	1.6	1.6	81.0
	47	4	1.2	1.2	82.2
	48	8	2.5	2.5	84.7
	49	6	1.9	1.9	86.6
	50	3	.9	.9	87.5
	51	8	2.5	2.5	90.0
	52	5	1.6	1.6	91.6
	53	2	.6	.6	92.2
	54	8	2.5	2.5	94.7
	55	3	.9	.9	95.6
	56	2	.6	.6	96.3
	57	2	.6	.6	96.9
	58	6	1.9	1.9	98.8
	59	4	1.2	1.2	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

umuribu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	14	1	.3	.3	.3
	19	4	1.2	1.2	1.6
	20	11	3.4	3.4	5.0
	21	8	2.5	2.5	7.5
	22	6	1.9	1.9	9.3
	23	12	3.7	3.7	13.1
	24	13	4.0	4.0	17.1
	25	19	5.9	5.9	23.1
	26	11	3.4	3.4	26.5
	27	16	5.0	5.0	31.5
	28	18	5.6	5.6	37.1
	29	15	4.7	4.7	41.7
	30	17	5.3	5.3	47.0
	31	15	4.7	4.7	51.7
	32	21	6.5	6.5	58.3
	33	20	6.2	6.2	64.5
	34	8	2.5	2.5	67.0
	35	32	10.0	10.0	76.9
	36	12	3.7	3.7	80.7
	37	10	3.1	3.1	83.8
	38	7	2.2	2.2	86.0
	39	7	2.2	2.2	88.2
	40	8	2.5	2.5	90.7
	41	6	1.9	1.9	92.5
	42	6	1.9	1.9	94.4
	43	4	1.2	1.2	95.6
	44	1	.3	.3	96.0
	45	7	2.2	2.2	98.1
	46	1	.3	.3	98.4
	47	2	.6	.6	99.1
	48	1	.3	.3	99.4
	56	1	.3	.3	99.7
	61	1	.3	.3	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

pendibu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	1	10	3.1	3.1	3.1
	2	5	1.6	1.6	4.7
	3	126	39.3	39.3	43.9
	4	7	2.2	2.2	46.1
	5	87	27.1	27.1	73.2
	6	52	16.2	16.2	89.4
	7	32	10.0	10.0	99.4
	8	2	.6	.6	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

sex

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	laki-laki	143	44.5	44.5	44.5
	perempuan	178	55.5	55.5	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

statbbum

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	gizi buruk	104	32.4	32.4	32.4
	gizi kurang	156	48.6	48.6	81.0
	gizi baik	61	19.0	19.0	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

pmtsuka

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	suka pmt	237	73.8	73.8	73.8
	tidak suka pmt	84	26.2	26.2	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

pmthabis

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	ya	214	66.7	66.7	66.7
	tidak	107	33.3	33.3	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

kunjung

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	ada kunjungan	139	43.3	43.3	43.3
	tidak ada kunjungan	182	56.7	56.7	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

siapaknj

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	0	182	56.7	56.7	56.7
	tg puskesmas	32	10.0	10.0	66.7
	kader	97	30.2	30.2	96.9
	tg puskesmas dan kader	6	1.9	1.9	98.8
	lainya	4	1.2	1.2	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

DIDKBU2

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	rendah	235	73.2	73.2	73.2
	tinggi	86	26.8	26.8	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

susubiskuit

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	ya	238	74.1	74.1	74.1
	tidak	83	25.9	25.9	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

susu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	ya	55	17.1	17.1	17.1
	tidak	266	82.9	82.9	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

Biskuit

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	ya	16	5.0	5.0	5.0
	tidak	305	95.0	95.0	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

umurbalita

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	6-24 bulan	69	21.5	21.5	21.5
	lebih 24 bulan	252	78.5	78.5	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

umurbu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	< 20 tahun dan > 30 tahun	175	54.5	54.5	54.5
	20-30 tahun	146	45.5	45.5	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

Frequencies

Statistics

susubiskuit

N	Valid	321
	Missing	0

susubiskuit

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	ya	238	74.1	74.1	74.1
	tidak	83	25.9	25.9	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
susubiskuit * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%

susubiskuit * statbbum Crosstabulation

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
susubiskuit	ya	Count	72	118	48	238
		% within susubiskuit	30.3%	49.6%	20.2%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	32	38	13	83
		% within susubiskuit	38.6%	45.8%	15.7%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within susubiskuit	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	2.149[a]	2	.341
Likelihood Ratio	2.131	2	.345
Linear-by-Linear Association	2.029	1	.154
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 15.77.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for susubiskuit (ya / tidak)	a

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
jenispmt * statbbum	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%

jenispmt * statbbum Crosstabulation

			statbbum			
			gizi buruk	gizi kurang	gizi baik	Total
jenispmt	susu	Count	17	30	8	55
		% within jenispmt	30.9%	54.5%	14.5%	100.0%
	biskuit	Count	10	3	3	16
		% within jenispmt	62.5%	18.8%	18.8%	100.0%
	susu+biskuit	Count	77	123	50	250
		% within jenispmt	30.8%	49.2%	20.0%	100.0%
Total		Count	104	156	61	321
		% within jenispmt	32.4%	48.6%	19.0%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	8.768[a]	4	.067
Likelihood Ratio	8.743	4	.068
Linear-by-Linear Association	.711	1	.399
N of Valid Cases	321		

a. 1 cells (11.1%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 3.04.

Risk Estimate

	Value
Odds Ratio for jenispmt (susu / biskuit)	[a]

a. Risk Estimate statistics cannot be computed. They are only computed for a 2*2 table without empty cells.

jenispmt

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	susu	55	17.1	17.1	17.1
	biskuit	16	5.0	5.0	22.1
	susu+biskuit	250	77.9	77.9	100.0
	Total	321	100.0	100.0	

Frequencies

Statistics

		umur	umuribu	pendibu
N	Valid	321	321	321
	Missing	0	0	0
Mean		34,88	31,23	4,40
Std. Deviation		11,738	6,870	1,580
Minimum		12	14	1
Maximum		59	61	8

Frequency Table

Statistics

zsc_bbum

N	Valid	321
	Missing	0
Mean		-2,644749
Std. Deviation		,7963861
Minimum		-4,6667
Maximum		2,0435

Statistics

umuribu

N	Valid	321
	Missing	0
Mean		31,20
Std. Deviation		6,756
Minimum		14
Maximum		56

umur

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	12	2	,6	,6	,6
	13	2	,6	,6	1,2
	14	3	,9	,9	2,2
	15	9	2,8	2,8	5,0
	16	2	,6	,6	5,6
	17	2	,6	,6	6,2
	18	3	,9	,9	7,2
	19	7	2,2	2,2	9,3
	20	8	2,5	2,5	11,8
	21	4	1,2	1,2	13,1
	22	12	3,7	3,7	16,8
	23	9	2,8	2,8	19,6
	24	6	1,9	1,9	21,5
	25	14	4,4	4,4	25,9
	26	4	1,2	1,2	27,1
	27	6	1,9	1,9	29,0
	28	11	3,4	3,4	32,4
	29	10	3,1	3,1	35,5
	30	13	4,0	4,0	39,6
	31	12	3,7	3,7	43,3
	32	11	3,4	3,4	46,7
	33	6	1,9	1,9	48,6
	34	4	1,2	1,2	49,8
	35	11	3,4	3,4	53,3
	36	5	1,6	1,6	54,8
	37	9	2,8	2,8	57,6
	38	10	3,1	3,1	60,7
	39	13	4,0	4,0	64,8
	40	9	2,8	2,8	67,6
	41	5	1,6	1,6	69,2
	42	14	4,4	4,4	73,5
	43	9	2,8	2,8	76,3
	44	6	1,9	1,9	78,2
	45	4	1,2	1,2	79,4
	46	5	1,6	1,6	81,0
	47	4	1,2	1,2	82,2
	48	8	2,5	2,5	84,7
	49	6	1,9	1,9	86,6
	50	3	,9	,9	87,5
	51	8	2,5	2,5	90,0
	52	5	1,6	1,6	91,6
	53	2	,6	,6	92,2
	54	8	2,5	2,5	94,7
	55	3	,9	,9	95,6
	56	2	,6	,6	96,3
	57	2	,6	,6	96,9
	58	6	1,9	1,9	98,8
	59	4	1,2	1,2	100,0
	Total	321	100,0	100,0	

umuribu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	14	1	,3	,3	,3
	19	4	1,2	1,2	1,6
	20	11	3,4	3,4	5,0
	21	8	2,5	2,5	7,5
	22	6	1,9	1,9	9,3
	23	12	3,7	3,7	13,1
	24	13	4,0	4,0	17,1
	25	19	5,9	5,9	23,1
	26	11	3,4	3,4	26,5
	27	16	5,0	5,0	31,5
	28	18	5,6	5,6	37,1
	29	15	4,7	4,7	41,7
	30	17	5,3	5,3	47,0
	31	15	4,7	4,7	51,7
	32	21	6,5	6,5	58,3
	33	20	6,2	6,2	64,5
	34	8	2,5	2,5	67,0
	35	32	10,0	10,0	76,9
	36	12	3,7	3,7	80,7
	37	10	3,1	3,1	83,8
	38	7	2,2	2,2	86,0
	39	7	2,2	2,2	88,2
	40	8	2,5	2,5	90,7
	41	6	1,9	1,9	92,5
	42	6	1,9	1,9	94,4
	43	4	1,2	1,2	95,6
	44	1	,3	,3	96,0
	45	7	2,2	2,2	98,1
	46	1	,3	,3	98,4
	47	2	,6	,6	99,1
	48	1	,3	,3	99,4
	56	1	,3	,3	99,7
	61	1	,3	,3	100,0
	Total	321	100,0	100,0	

pendibu

		Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	Cumulative Percent
Valid	1	10	3,1	3,1	3,1
	2	5	1,6	1,6	4,7
	3	126	39,3	39,3	43,9
	4	7	2,2	2,2	46,1
	5	87	27,1	27,1	73,2
	6	52	16,2	16,2	89,4
	7	32	10,0	10,0	99,4
	8	2	,6	,6	100,0
	Total	321	100,0	100,0	

Z-score anak yang masih dapat PMT -P

Crosstabs

Case Processing Summary

	Cases					
	Valid		Missing		Total	
	N	Percent	N	Percent	N	Percent
pmthabis * pmtsuka	321	100.0%	0	.0%	321	100.0%

pmthabis * pmtsuka Crosstabulation

			pmtsuka		
			suka pmt	tidak suka pmt	Total
pmthabis	ya	Count	209	5	214
		% within pmthabis	97.7%	2.3%	100.0%
	tidak	Count	28	79	107
		% within pmthabis	26.2%	73.8%	100.0%
Total		Count	237	84	321
		% within pmthabis	73.8%	26.2%	100.0%

Chi-Square Tests

	Value	df	Asymp. Sig. (2-sided)	Exact Sig. (2-sided)	Exact Sig. (1-sided)
Pearson Chi-Square	188.725[b]	1	.000		
Continuity Correction[a]	185.043	1	.000		
Likelihood Ratio	198.571	1	.000		
Fisher's Exact Test				.000	.000
Linear-by-Linear Association	188.137	1	.000		
N of Valid Cases	321				

a. Computed only for a 2x2 table

b. 0 cells (.0%) have expected count less than 5. The minimum expected count is 28.00.

Risk Estimate

	Value	95% Confidence Interval	
		Lower	Upper
Odds Ratio for pmthabis (ya / tidak)	117.936	43.991	316.173
For cohort pmtsuka = suka pmt	3.732	2.713	5.134
For cohort pmtsuka = tidak suka pmt	.032	.013	.076
N of Valid Cases	321		