

Luaran nilai fungsional pasien dengan tumor spinal primer intradura ekstrapedulla yang dioperasi di RSCM tahun 2014-2016 menggunakan sf-36 = Functional score outcome on patients with primary intradural extramedullary spinal tumors which are operated in Cipto Mangunkusumo Hospital during 2014 2016 using sf-36

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Abstrak

ABSTRAK

Latar Belakang : Pada studi di Jepang terdapat 678 kasus tumor intradura ekstrapedulla selama tahun 2000-2009, presentasi kasus tersering adalah Schwannoma 15-50 dan Meningioma 30 . Kualitas hidup adalah persepsi individu tentang kehidupan mereka, dapat diukur dengan MOS 36-item SF-36. Metodologi : Studi retrospektif deskriptif analitik menggunakan data rekam medis 55 pasien tumor intradural ekstrapedulla yang dioperasi di RS Cipto Mangunkusumo tahun 2014-2016. Subjek penelitian adalah seluruh populasi terjangkau, berdasarkan rujukan registrasi tumor intradura ekstrapedulla. Terdapat 30 pasien dengan hasil patologi Meningioma atau Schwannoma, sampel penelitian sebanyak 29 sampel, 1 pasien meninggal 1 bulan setelah operasi. Pasien diwawancara via telepon, dinilai dengan item SF-36, diolah menggunakan program SPSS 21. Hasil : Subjek terbanyak pada kategori 50 ndash; 60 tahun 9 subjek 30 , perempuan 20 subjek 69 , laki-laki 9 subjek 31 , lama keluhan sebelum operasi rata-rata 7,79 bulan. Didapatkan data Patologi Anatomi berupa Meningioma 10 subjek 34,5 dan Schwannoma 19 subjek 65,5 . Sebaran domisili diluar Jakarta 16 subjek 53,3 dan di Jakarta 13 subjek 46,7 . Hasil SF-36 pada penelitian ini Role Emotional, Role Physical dan Physical Function menunjukkan perubahan yang signifikan dibandingkan dengan kriteria lainnya, Simpulan : Ada perubahan signifikan kriteria Role Emotional, Role Physical dan Physical Function dibandingkan dengan kriteria lainnya.

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ABSTRACT

Background A study in Japan found 678 cases of intradural extramedullary tumors during 2000 2009, most common case is Schwannoma 15 50 and Meningioma 30 . Quality of life is the individual 39 s perception of their life can be measured using MOS 36 item SF 36. Methodology Descriptive analytics retrospective study using medical records of 55 intradural extramedullary tumors patients which are operated in Cipto Mangunkusmo Hospital during 2014 2016. There were 30 patients with Meningioma or Schwannoma pathology results. Sample were 29 samples, 1 patient died 1 month after surgery. Patients were interviewed by phone, assessed by SF 36 items, processed by using SPSS 21 program. Results The highest number of sample was in 50 60 years rsquo s category, 9 subjects 30 , female gender 20 subjects 69 , men 9 subjects 31 , long complaints until surgery averaged 7.79 months. Obtained results of Anatomical Pathology of Meningioma 10 subjects 34.5 and Schwannoma 19 subjects 65.5 . Distribution of domicile outside Jakart 16 subjects 53.3 and in Jakarta 13 subjects 46.7 . The results of SF 36 in this study Emotional Role, Physical Role and Physical Function showed significant changes compared to other criteria Conclusion Obtained improved outcomes Emotional Role, Physical Role and Physical Function that showed significant changes compared to other criteria.